

PARTNER DATA PROCESSING ADDENDUM

(August 2026)

This Data Processing Addendum (“DPA”) and applicable Attachments apply to Personal Data by HP and/or Partner (the “Parties”) that is processed in connection with the Services provided under the HP Partner Agreement, HP Business Partner Terms or any similar agreement or terms between HP and a partner (collectively known as “Partner Agreement”). This DPA does not apply where HP acts as a Data Processor directly to the Customer and is instructed by the Customer to share Personal Data with Partner. Capitalized terms not specifically defined herein shall have the meaning set out in the applicable Partner Agreement. In the event of a conflict between the terms of the Partner Agreement as it relates to the processing of Personal Data and this DPA, the DPA shall prevail.

1 DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 **“Binding Corporate Rules”** means binding corporate rules approved by certain Privacy Authorities in the EU;
- 1.2 **“CCPA”** means California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018, Cal. Civ. Code 1798.100, et seq., and any related regulations, each as amended and supplemented from time to time;
- 1.3 **“Customer”** means the customer of HP Services;
- 1.4 **“Data Controller”** means the natural or legal person, public authority, agency or any other body which alone or jointly with others determines the purposes and means of the processing of Personal Data and includes a “business” as defined under the CCPA; where the purposes and means of processing are determined by applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws, the Data Controller or the criteria for the Data Controller’s nomination will be as designated by applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws;
- 1.5 **“Data Processor”** means any natural or legal person, public authority, agency or any other body which processes Personal Data on behalf of a Data Controller or on the instruction of another Data Processor acting on behalf of a Data Controller;
- 1.6 **“Data Protection and Privacy Laws”** means all current and future applicable laws and regulations relating to the processing, security, protection, and retention of Personal Data and privacy that may exist in the relevant jurisdictions, including, but not limited to the CCPA, GDPR, PIPL and any applicable regulations and national standards protecting individuals’ personal information in the People’s Republic of China, UK General Data Protection Regulation, UK Data Protection Act 2018, Directive 2002/58/EC concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector, any national laws or regulations implementing or supplementing the GDPR or Directive 2002/58/EC, any data protection laws of Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein or Switzerland and any amendments to or replacements for such laws and regulations;

- 1.7 **“Data Subject”** shall have the meaning assigned to the term “data subject” under applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws and shall include, at the minimum, any and all identified or identifiable natural person to whom the Personal Data relates;
- 1.8 **“De-Identify”** a process that transforms Personal data into data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information about, identify, locate, contact, relate to, describe, be capable of being associated with, or otherwise be linked, directly or indirectly to, a particular Individual or Household, or a device linked to an Individual or Household;
- 1.9 **“EU”** means the European Union and the countries which are members of that union collectively;
- 1.10 **“European Country”** means a member state of the EU, Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Switzerland;
- 1.11 **“European-U.S. Approved Adequacy Mechanism”** means any adequacy mechanism approved under applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws for the transfer of Personal Data from a European Country to the U.S.
- 1.12 **“EU Standard Contractual Clauses (controllers)”** means the EU standard contractual clauses for the transfer of Personal Data from Data Controllers to Data Controllers foreseen in the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/914 of 4 June 2021 or its successor;
- 1.13 **“EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processors)”** means the EU standard contractual clauses for the transfer of Personal Data from Data Controllers to Data Processors foreseen in the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/914 of 4 June 2021 or its successor;
- 1.14 **“EU Standard Contractual Clauses (sub-processors)”** means the EU standard contractual clauses for the transfer of Personal Data from Data Processors to Data Processors foreseen in the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/914 of 4 June 2021 or its successor;
- 1.15 **“EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processor-to-controller)”** means the EU standard contractual clauses for the transfer of Personal Data from Data Processors to Data Controllers foreseen in the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/914 of 4 June 2021 or its successor;
- 1.16 **“GDPR”** means the General Data Protection Regulation (EU) 2016/679 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data;
- 1.17 **“HIPAA”** means the U.S. federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1320d – 1320d-8;
- 1.18 **“Personal Data”** means any information relating to an identified or identifiable living individual or as otherwise defined by applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws. An identifiable person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to his physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity. For purposes of this DPA, Personal Data may include data in which (i) either Party is the Data Controller and which is processed by the other Party in the course of providing the Services under the Partner Agreement and/or; 2) a Customer is the Data Controller and which is processed by either Party as a sub-processor to the other Party in the course of

providing the Services under the Partner Agreement. Personal Data also includes Protected Health Information, which is specifically addressed in Section 3 of this DPA;

- 1.19 **“Personal Data Incident”** shall have the meaning assigned by applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws to the terms “security incident”, “security breach” or “personal data breach” but shall include any situation in which HP and/or Partner becomes aware that Personal Data has been or is likely to have been accessed, disclosed, altered, lost, destroyed or used by unauthorized persons, in an unauthorized manner;
- 1.20 **“PIPL”** means the Personal Information Protection Law of the People’s Republic of China;
- 1.21 **“Privacy Authority”** means the relevant public authority with jurisdiction over privacy or data protection matters;
- 1.22 **“process”, “processes”, “processing” or “processed”** means any operation or set of operations which is performed upon Personal Data whether or not by automatic means, including, without limitation, accessing, collecting, recording, organizing, structuring, retaining, storing, adapting or altering, retrieving, consulting, using, disclosing by transmission, disseminating or otherwise making available, aligning, combining, blocking, restricting, erasing and destroying Personal Data and any equivalent definitions in applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws to the extent that such definitions should exceed this definition;
- 1.23 **“Protected Health Information” or “PHI”** shall have the same meaning as the term “Protected Health Information” in HIPAA (45 CFR 160.103) and shall refer to PHI held or transmitted by a covered entity or its business associate, in any form or media, whether electronic, paper, or oral;
- 1.24 **“Relevant Country”** means all countries other than those European Countries and other countries in respect of which there is an adequacy finding under Article 25(6) of the European Data Protection Directive or Article 45 of the GDPR or the equivalent under applicable laws;
- 1.25 **“Sell” and “Sale”** shall have the meaning set out in CCPA;
- 1.26 **“Services”** means services, including products and support, provided by HP and/or Partner under the Partner Agreement;
- 1.27 **“Sub-processor”** means any natural or legal person, public authority, agency or any other body which processes Personal Data on behalf of a Data Processor acting on behalf of a Data Controller.

2 PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

2.1 Scope & Compliance with Law

- 2.1.1 The categories of Data Subjects, types of Personal Data and purposes of processing are set out in Attachment 1 of this DPA. Personal Data shall be processed for the duration of the Partner Agreement (or longer to the extent required by applicable law).
- 2.1.2 Each Party shall:

- 2.1.2.1 be responsible for compliance with all applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws regarding the accuracy, quality and legality of Personal Data that is to be transferred to and processed by the other Party in connection with the Services provided under the Partner Agreement;
 - 2.1.2.2 ensure that the instructions it provides to the other Party in relation to the processing of Personal Data shall comply with all applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws and shall not put the other Party in breach of its obligations under applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws; and
 - 2.1.2.3 act at its own risk and assume responsibility of any compliance deficits related to the processing of Personal Data not expressly covered by the scope of this DPA or the Partner Agreement.
- 2.1.3 Where the Parties disclose any Personal Data of their employees or where such Personal Data is provided directly by the employee to the Parties, the Parties shall process that Personal Data in accordance with their privacy policies and applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws. Such disclosures shall be made by the Parties only where lawful for the purposes of contract management, service management or for the purposes of reasonable background screening verification or security.
- 2.1.4 In the event that certain aspects of the Services require activities that are deemed a Sale under CCPA each Party will be individually responsible for its own compliance with the CCPA to the extent applicable and will provide reasonable assistance to the other Party as necessary for the other Party to fulfil its obligations under the CCPA.

2.2 Data Processor Obligations

- 2.2.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Partner Agreement, each Party, to the extent that it is acting as a Data Processor to the other Party, shall:
- 2.2.1.1 only process Personal Data in accordance with documented instructions (which may be specific or general in nature as set out in the Partner Agreement or as otherwise agreed between the Parties). Without limitation to the generality of the foregoing, to the extent the CCPA applies, the Parties shall not Sell Customer Personal Data for any purpose other than the specific purpose of performing the Services. The Parties shall not retain or use the Personal Data or De-Identified Personal Data for any other purpose, including, but not limited to, its own purposes, re-identification or uses independent of the Parties' obligations. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties may process Personal Data as required under applicable law. In this situation, each Party shall take reasonable steps to inform the other Party of such a requirement before it processes the data, unless the law prohibits this;
 - 2.2.1.2 ensure only authorized personnel who have undergone the appropriate training in the protection and handling of Personal Data and are bound to respect the confidentiality of Personal Data shall have access to the same;

- 2.2.1.3 implement appropriate technical and organizational measures to protect against unauthorized or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorized disclosure of, or access to Personal Data. These measures shall be appropriate to the harm which might result from any unauthorized or unlawful processing, accidental loss, destruction, damage or theft of Personal Data and having regard to the nature of the Personal Data;
- 2.2.1.4 without undue delay and to the extent permitted by law, notify the other Party of any requests from Data Subjects seeking to exercise their rights under applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws and, at the other Party's written request and cost, taking into account the nature of the processing, assist the other Party by implementing appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as this is possible, to assist with the other Party's obligation to respond to such requests. To the extent that Personal Data is not accessible to the other Party through the Services provided under the Partner Agreement, each Party shall, where legally permitted and upon request by the other, provide commercially reasonable efforts to assist the other Party in responding to such requests if responses to such requests are required by the applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws;
- 2.2.1.5 upon written request by the other Party and taking into account the nature of processing and the information available, provide reasonable assistance to the other Party in connection with obligations under Articles 32 to 36 of the GDPR or equivalent provisions under applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws and in connection with Customer's obligations under PIPL; and
- 2.2.1.6 upon written request, delete or return any such Personal Data after the end of the provision of the Services, unless applicable law requires storage of the Personal Data.

2.3 Sub-Processing

- 2.3.1 Each Party, to the extent that it is acting as a Data Processor to the other Party, is authorized to appoint affiliated and third-party Sub-processors (and permit each Sub-processor to appoint in accordance with Clause 2.3.1) for the provision of Services under the Partner Agreement. The Parties shall remain responsible for its Sub-processor's compliance with the obligations of this DPA. The Parties shall ensure that any Sub-processors to whom Personal Data is transferred enter into written agreements requiring that the Sub-processors abide by terms no less protective than those set forth in this DPA.
- 2.3.2 The Parties may continue to use those Sub-processors already engaged as of the date of this DPA.
- 2.3.3 Each Party, to the extent that it is acting as a Data Processor to the other Party can at any time and without justification appoint a new Sub-processor provided that the other Party is given ten (10) days' prior notice and the other Party does not legitimately object to such changes within that timeframe. Legitimate objections must contain reasonable and documented grounds relating to a Sub-processor's non-compliance with applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws. If, in the notifying Party's reasonable opinion, such objections are legitimate, the notifying Party shall refrain from using such Sub-processor in the context of the processing of Personal Data. In such cases, the notifying Party shall use reasonable efforts to (i) make available a change in the Services or (ii)

recommend a change to the configuration or use of the Services to avoid the processing of Personal Data by the objected-to Sub-processor. If the notifying Party is unable to make available such change within a reasonable period of time, which shall not exceed ninety (90) days, the objecting Party may, by providing written notice, terminate the Service which cannot be provided by the notifying Party without the use of the objected-to Sub-processor by providing written notice. Where PIPL applies, each Party, to the extent that it is acting as a Data Processor to the other Party, shall request the other Party's prior authorization to appoint a new Sub-processor. The other Party must respond to the notifying Party's request within ten (10) days. If the other Party objects to the change, the notifying Party shall refrain from using such Sub-processor in the context of the processing of Personal Data. In such cases, the notifying Party shall use reasonable efforts to (i) make available a change in HP's Services or (ii) recommend a change to the configuration or use of the Services to avoid the processing of Personal Data by the objected-to Sub-processor. If the notifying Party is unable to make available such change within a reasonable period of time, which shall not exceed ninety (90) days, the objecting Party may, by providing written notice, terminate the Service which cannot be provided by the notifying Party without the use of the objected-to Sub-processor by providing written notice.

2.4 Personal Data Incidents

- 2.4.1 Each Party, without undue delay, shall notify the other if it becomes aware of any Personal Data Incident and take such steps as reasonably required to remedy the Personal Data Incident, to assist in any investigation and to provide sufficient information to meet any obligations to report the Personal Data Incident to the appropriate Privacy Authority and/or Data Subjects.

2.5 International Transfers of Partner Personal Data

- 2.5.1 The Parties may transfer Personal Data outside the country from which it was originally collected provided that such transfer is required in connection with the provision of Services under the Partner Agreement and such transfers take place in accordance with applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws, including, without limitation, completing any prior assessments required by Data Protection and Privacy Laws.

2.5.2 European Union Specific Provisions

- 2.5.2.1 Where the Parties are acting as Data Controller and Data Processor respectively or as Data Processor and data sub-processor, to the extent that Personal Data is transferred to a Relevant Country, at least one of the transfer mechanisms listed below shall apply, in order of precedence as set forth in Clause 2.6.2.1.4 to any transfers of Personal Data from a European Country to a Relevant Country in accordance with applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws.

- 2.5.2.1.1 Binding Corporate Rules: To the extent a Party has adopted Binding Corporate Rules, it shall maintain such Binding Corporate Rules and promptly notify the other Party in the event that the Binding Corporate Rules are no longer a valid transfer mechanism between the Parties. HP Binding Corporate Rules are available on this link: https://www.hp.com/uk-en/bcr-pages.html?jumpid=in_R11928_us/en/corp/privacy-central/binding-corporate-rules.

- 2.5.2.1.2 European-U.S. Approved Adequacy Mechanism: any transfer under a European-U.S. Approved Adequacy Mechanism must be made in accordance with the rules of the mechanism including, where required, the registration or certification of affiliates located in the United States of America, which will process Personal Data for purposes of the Services.
 - 2.5.2.1.3 EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processors, sub-processors or processor to controller, as appropriate): The EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processors), the EU Standard Contractual Clauses (sub-processors) or, where appropriate, the EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processor to controller) are hereby incorporated in their entirety into his DPA in attachments 2, 3 and 4, respectively. To the extent there is any conflict between this DPA and the EU Standard Contractual Clauses, the terms of the EU Standard Contractual Clauses shall prevail.
 - 2.5.2.1.4 In the event that the Services provided in connection with the Partner Agreement are covered by more than one transfer mechanism, the transfer of Personal Data will be subject to a single transfer mechanism in accordance with the following order of precedence: 1) Binding Corporate Rules; 2) European U.S. Approved Adequacy Mechanism; 3) EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processors or sub-processors).
- 2.5.2.2 To the extent that the Parties act as Data Controllers in their own right, any transfers of Personal Data from a European Country to a Relevant Country, must take place in accordance with at least one of the transfer mechanisms listed below, in order of precedence as set forth in Clause 2.6.2.2.4 to any transfers of Personal Data from a European Country to a Relevant Country in accordance with applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws.
- 2.5.2.2.1 Binding Corporate Rules: To the extend a Party has adopted Binding Corporate Rules, it shall maintain such Binding Corporate Rules and promptly notify the other Party in the event that the Binding Corporate Rules are no longer a valid transfer mechanism between the Parties. HP Binding Corporate Rules are available on this link: https://www.hp.com/uk-en/bcr-pages.html?jumpid=in_R11928/us/en/corp/privacy-central/binding-corporate-rules.
 - 2.5.2.2.2 European-U.S. Approved Adequacy Mechanism: any transfer under a European-U.S. Approved Adequacy Mechanism must be made in accordance with the rules of the mechanism including, where required, the registration or certification of affiliates located in the United States of America, which will process Personal Data for purposes of the Services.
 - 2.5.2.2.3 EU Standard Contractual Clauses (controllers). The EU Standard Contractual clauses are hereby incorporated in their entirety into this DPA in attachment 5.

2.5.2.2.4 In the event that the transfer of Personal Data is covered by more than one transfer mechanism, the transfer of Personal Data will be subject to a single mechanism in accordance with the following order of precedence: 1) Binding Corporate Rules; 2) European-U.S. Approved Adequacy Mechanism; 3) EU Standard Contractual Clauses (controllers).

2.5.3 Argentina Specific Provisions

2.5.3.1 To the extent that Personal Data is transferred from Argentina to a Relevant Country, the transfer mechanism in Attachment 6 shall apply.

2.5.4 UK Specific Provisions

2.5.4.1 To the extent that Personal Data is transferred from the UK to a Relevant Country, the transfer mechanism in Attachment 7 shall apply.

2.5.5 China Specific Provisions

2.5.5.1 To the extent that any Personal Data that is collected or generated within China is transferred from the People's Republic of China by a Party to a country or region outside of China, that Party makes available the transfer mechanism listed below:

2.5.5.1.1 Standard Contract (Attachment 8): where the security assessment does not apply, the Party who transfers the Personal Data must enter into a standard contract published by the CAC, with the recipient of the Customer Personal Data.

2.5.6 Brazil Specific Provisions

2.5.6.1 To the extent that Customer Personal Data is transferred from Brazil to a Relevant Country, such transfers shall only take place in accordance with one of the mechanisms listed below in order of precedence:

2.5.6.1.1 If applicable, HP Processor Binding Corporate Rules: HP has adopted Processor Binding Corporate Rules that cover the Customer Personal Data it processes. HP shall maintain such HP Processor Binding Corporate Rules and promptly notify Customer in the event that the HP Processor Binding Corporate Rules are no longer a valid transfer mechanism.

2.5.6.1.2 Brazil Standard Contractual Clauses (Attachment 9).

2.5.7 Saudi Arabia Specific Provisions

2.5.7.1 To the extent that Customer Personal Data is transferred from Saudi Arabia to a Relevant Country, the transfer mechanisms referred to in Attachment 10 (Data Controller to Data Processor) or Attachment 11 (Data Processor to Data Processor) shall apply.

2.6 Audits

- 2.6.1 Upon written request, each Party shall make available to the other all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations set forth under applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws, provided that the Parties shall have no obligation to provide commercially confidential information. On no more than an annual basis and at the requesting Party's expense, the Parties shall further allow for and contribute to audits and inspections by the other or its authorized third-party auditor that shall not be a competitor of the audited Party. The scope of any such audits, including conditions of confidentiality, shall be mutually agreed upon by the Parties prior to initiation.

2.7 Liability

- 2.7.1 Liability arising out of or related to processing of Personal Data in accordance with this DPA (whether in contract, tort or under any other theory of liability) is subject to any limitations of liability provision(s) as set forth in the Partner Agreement.

3 HANDLING OF U.S. PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION BY PARTNER

3.1 Scope & Compliance with Law

- 3.1.1 This section of the DPA shall only apply to Partners doing business in the U.S. and those outside of the U.S. that are acting as a Business Associate, as defined by HIPAA.
- 3.1.2 HIPAA applies to the following two categories of individuals, organizations and agencies:
- 3.1.2.1 Covered Entity – shall have the same meaning as the term “Covered Entity” in 45 CFR 160.103 and refers to health care providers (*e.g.*, doctors, hospitals, medical facilities, dentists, pharmacies), health plans (*e.g.*, health insurance companies, company health plans, and government programs that pay for healthcare) and healthcare clearinghouses, as those entities are defined in 45 CFR 160.103; and
- 3.1.2.2 Business Associate – shall have the same meaning as the term “Business Associate” in 45 CFR 160.103 and, as used in this DPA, refers to an entity that creates, maintains, receives, or transmits PHI while providing Services to a Covered Entity and/or a Business Associate.
- 3.1.3 Partner, when acting as a Business Associate, shall safeguard PHI that Partner creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of a Covered Entity or Business Associate in accordance with the requirements of HIPAA, as amended from time to time.
- 3.1.4 HIPAA requires that relationships between a Covered Entity and Business Associate must be governed by a Business Associate Agreement (“BAA”). In addition, where a Business Associate uses sub-contractors or partners in providing those Services, the obligations of the BAA must flow down to the sub-contractors or partners. At HP, this flow-down BAA is called an Agent/Subcontractor Agreement (“ASA”).

3.2 Obligations of HP Partner

- 3.2.1 Partners must understand the legal requirements when HP and Partners are providing Services to Customers who are either Covered Entities or Business Associates, as well as HP's implementation of HIPAA as applied to its channel partner program.
- 3.2.2 Where HP or Partners sell Services to either Covered Entities or Business Associates and there is access or potential access to PHI during delivery of the Services, the Partner shall, where applicable:
 - 3.2.2.1 ensure that HP's pass-through BAA is executed with the Customer as part of the overall HP terms that attach to the affected Services;
 - 3.2.2.2 execute with HP an ASA that flows down the requirements included in HP's pass-through BAA with the Customer (either Covered Entity or Business Associate); and
 - 3.2.2.3 ensure that the appropriate ASAs have been executed with Partner's sub-contractors.

4 ATTACHMENTS

The following Attachments are integral part of this PARTNER DATA PROCESSING ADDENDUM and applicable as detailed:

Attachment 1: Details of Processing *[Apply in all cases]*

Attachment 2: EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processors) *[Apply (i) when HP is the Controller and Partner is the Processor and the Parties do not agree to use the BCRs or BCRs are not applicable, (ii) when Partner is the Controller and HP is the Processor and the Parties do not agree to the use of the BCRs or BCRs are not applicable. Applicable only when Personal Data is transferred from the European Union to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 3: EU Standard Contractual Clauses (sub-processors). *[Apply (i) when HP is the Processor and Partner is the Sub-Processor and the Parties do not agree to use the BCRs or BCRs are not applicable, (ii) when Partner is the Processor and HP is the Sub-Processor and the Parties do not agree to the use of the BCRs or BCRs are not applicable. Applicable only when Personal Data is transferred from a European Country to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 4: EU Standard Contractual Clauses (processor to controller) *[Apply (i) when HP is the Processor and Partner is the Controller and the Parties do not agree to use the BCRs or BCRs are not applicable, (ii) when Partner is the Processor and HP is the Controller and the Parties do not agree to use the BCRs or BCRs are not applicable. Applicable only when Personal Data is transferred from a European Country to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 5: EU Standard Contractual Clauses (controller) *[Apply only in cases where both Parties act as Controllers in their own right regarding any transfers of Personal Data from a European Country to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 6: Standard Contractual Clauses (Argentina) *[Apply only when Personal Data is transferred from Argentina to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 7: International Data Transfer Agreement (UK) *[Apply only Personal Data is transferred from the UK to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 8: Standard Contract for Personal Information Cross-Border Transfer (China) *[Apply only Personal Data is transferred from China to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 9: Brazil Standard Contractual Clauses *[Apply only Personal Data is transferred from Brazil to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 10: Saudi Arabia Standard Contractual Clauses (Data Controller to Data Processor) *[Apply only Personal Data is transferred from Saudi Arabia to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 11: Saudi Arabia Standard Contractual Clauses (Data Processor to Data Processor) *[Apply only Personal Data is transferred from Saudi Arabia to a Relevant Country.]*

Attachment 1 – DETAILS OF PROCESSING

Details of Processing

HP may periodically update this Attachment 1 to reflect changes in processing activities.

Categories of Data Subjects

Personal Data that may be processed by HP and/or Partner in connection with the provision of the Services under the Partner Agreement may include relates to the following data subjects:

- Customers
- Customers' employees, agents and subcontractors
- HP & Partner employees

Types of Personal Data

The types of Personal Data that may be processed by HP and/or Partner in connection with the provision of the Services under the Partner Agreement may include:

- Contact data - such as name, phone number, email address and office address;
- Security credentials data - such as passcodes, employee identification or badge number;
- Product usage data – such as pages printed, print mode, media used, ink or toner brand, file type printed (.pdf, .jpg, etc.), application used for printing (Word, Excel, Adobe Photoshop, etc.), file size, time stamp, and usage and status of other printer supplies;
- Performance Data – Printing events, features, and alerts used such as “Low on Ink” warnings, use of photo cards, fax, scan, embedded web server, and additional technical information that varies by product;
- Device Data –information about the computer, printer and/or device such as operating system, amount of memory, region, language, time zone, model number, first start date, age of device, device manufacture date, browser version, computer manufacturer, connection port, warranty status, unique device identifiers, advertising identifiers and additional technical information that varies by product;
- Application Data – information related to HP applications such as location, language, software versions, data sharing choices and update details;
- Personal certification and performance data; and
- Other Personal Data provided by Data Subject when she/he interacts in-person, online or by phone by the person, or mail with services centers, help desks or other customer support channels to facilitate delivery of HP Services and to respond to Customer and/or Data Subject inquiries.

Processing activities, nature of the processing, purpose of the transfer and further processing

Personal Data processed in connection with the Partner Agreement shall be used by HP and/or Partner to manage the relationship with and provide Services to the Customer. HP and/or Partner may process Customer Personal Data to:

- support sales activity including lead generation, tender pursuits, marketing and training;
- deliver fleet management services such as Managed Print Services and Device as a Service;
- maintain accurate contact and registration data to deliver comprehensive support and maintenance services, including care-pack and extended warranty support and facilitating repairs and returns;
- facilitate access to portals for ordering and completing orders for products or services, for the purposes of administering accounts and arranging shipments and deliveries;
- improve the performance and operation of products, solutions, services and support, including warranty support and timely firmware and software updates and alerts to ensure the continued operation of the device or service;
- provide administrative communications about the Services. Examples of administrative communications may include responses to inquiries or requests, service completion or warranty-related communications, safety recall notifications, or applicable corporate updates related to mergers, acquisitions or divestitures;
- maintain the integrity and security of HP's websites, products, features and services and preventing and detecting security threats, fraud or other criminal or malicious activity that might compromise personal data;
- verify identities, including requesting the caller's name and employee identification or badge number for the delivery of HP's remote maintenance services;
- comply with applicable laws, regulations, court orders, government and law enforcement requests and to protect employees and other customers and to resolve disputes; and
- deliver a tailored experience, personalize the Services and communications and create recommendations.

The data importer can carry out, at least, the following processing activities: collection, communication, conservation, consultation, destruction, modification and structuring.

Frequency of the transfer

The transfer will take place on a daily basis unless otherwise stated in the Partner Agreement and for the duration of the Partner Agreement.

Period for which personal data will be retained or criteria used to determine that period

The data importer will only keep the personal data for the duration of the Partner Agreement in accordance with it.

For each sub-processor, if any, subject matter, nature and duration of processing

Subject matter: Contact data - such as name, phone number, email address and office address.

Nature: Personal Data processed in connection with the Partner Agreement shall be used by HP and/or Partner to manage the relationship with and provide Services to the Customer.

The data importer will only keep the personal data for the duration of the Partner Agreement in accordance with it.

Competent supervisory authority:

Commission Nationale de l'informatique et des Libertés (CNIL)

ATTACHMENT 2 – EU STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES (PROCESSORS)

SECTION I

Clause 1

Purpose and scope

- (a) The purpose of these standard contractual clauses is to ensure compliance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) for the transfer of personal data to a third country.
- (b) The Parties:
- (i) the natural or legal person(s), public authority/ies, agency/ies or other body/ies (hereinafter 'entity/ies') transferring the personal data, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data exporter'), and
 - (ii) the entity/ies in a third country receiving the personal data from the data exporter, directly or indirectly via another entity also Party to these Clauses, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data importer')
- have agreed to these standard contractual clauses (hereinafter: 'Clauses').
- (c) These Clauses apply with respect to the transfer of personal data as specified in Annex I.B.
- (d) The Appendix to these Clauses containing the Annexes referred to therein forms an integral part of these Clauses.

Clause 2

Effect and invariability of the Clauses

- (a) These Clauses set out appropriate safeguards, including enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies, pursuant to Article 46(1) and Article 46(2)(c) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, with respect to data transfers from controllers to processors and/or processors to processors, standard contractual clauses pursuant to Article 28(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provided they are not modified, except to select the appropriate Module(s) or to add or update information in the Appendix. This does not prevent the Parties from including the standard contractual clauses laid down in these Clauses in a wider contract and/or to add other clauses or additional safeguards, provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, these Clauses or prejudice the fundamental rights or freedoms of data subjects.

(b) These Clauses are without prejudice to obligations to which the data exporter is subject by virtue of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 3

Third-party beneficiaries

(a) Data subjects may invoke and enforce these Clauses, as third-party beneficiaries, against the data exporter and/or data importer, with the following exceptions:

- (i) Clause 1, Clause 2, Clause 3, Clause 6, Clause 7;
- (ii) Clause 8 – Clause 8.1(b), 8.9(a), (c), (d) and (e);
- (iii) Clause 9 – Clause 9(a), (c), (d) and (e);
- (iv) Clause 12 – Clause 12(a), (d) and (f);
- (v) Clause 13;
- (vi) Clause 15.1(c), (d) and (e);
- (vii) Clause 16(e);
- (viii) Clause 18 – Clause 18(a) and (b).

(b) Paragraph (a) is without prejudice to rights of data subjects under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 4

Interpretation

(a) Where these Clauses use terms that are defined in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those terms shall have the same meaning as in that Regulation.

(b) These Clauses shall be read and interpreted in the light of the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

(c) These Clauses shall not be interpreted in a way that conflicts with rights and obligations provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 5

Hierarchy

In the event of a contradiction between these Clauses and the provisions of related agreements between the Parties, existing at the time these Clauses are agreed or entered into thereafter, these Clauses shall prevail.

Clause 6

Description of the transfer(s)

The details of the transfer(s), and in particular the categories of personal data that are transferred and the purpose(s) for which they are transferred, are specified in Annex I.B.

SECTION II – OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

Clause 8

Data protection safeguards

The data exporter warrants that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the data importer is able, through the implementation of appropriate technical and organisational measures, to satisfy its obligations under these Clauses.

8.1 Instructions

(a) The data importer shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the data exporter. The data exporter may give such instructions throughout the duration of the contract.

(b) The data importer shall immediately inform the data exporter if it is unable to follow those instructions.

8.2 Purpose limitation

The data importer shall process the personal data only for the specific purpose(s) of the transfer, as set out in Annex I.B, unless on further instructions from the data exporter.

8.3 Transparency

On request, the data exporter shall make a copy of these Clauses, including the Appendix as completed by the Parties, available to the data subject free of charge. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including the measures described in Annex II and personal data, the data exporter may redact part of the text of the Appendix to these Clauses prior to sharing a copy, but shall provide a meaningful summary where the data subject would otherwise not be able to understand the its content or exercise his/her rights. On request, the Parties shall provide the data subject with the reasons for the redactions, to the extent possible without revealing the redacted information. This Clause is without prejudice to the obligations of the data exporter under Articles 13 and 14 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

8.4 Accuracy

If the data importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the data exporter without undue delay. In this case, the data importer shall cooperate with the data exporter to erase or rectify the data.

8.5 Duration of processing and erasure or return of data

Processing by the data importer shall only take place for the duration specified in Annex I.B. After the end of the provision of the processing services, the data importer shall, at the choice of the data exporter, delete all personal data processed on behalf of the data exporter and certify to the data exporter that it has done so, or return to the data exporter all personal data processed on its behalf and delete existing copies. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit return or deletion of the personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process it to the extent and for as long as required under that local law. This is without prejudice to Clause 14, in particular the requirement for the data importer under Clause 14(e) to notify the data exporter throughout the duration of the contract if it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under Clause 14(a).

8.6 Security of processing

- (a) The data importer and, during transmission, also the data exporter shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the data, including protection against a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access to that data (hereinafter 'personal data breach'). In assessing the appropriate level of security, the Parties shall take due account of the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature, scope, context and purpose(s) of processing and the risks involved in the processing for the data subjects. The Parties shall in particular consider having recourse to encryption or pseudonymisation, including during transmission, where the purpose of processing can be fulfilled in that manner. In case of pseudonymisation, the additional information for attributing the personal data to a specific data subject shall, where possible, remain under the exclusive control of the data exporter. In complying with its obligations under this paragraph, the data importer shall at least implement the technical and organisational measures specified in Annex II. The data importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to provide an appropriate level of security.
- (b) The data importer shall grant access to the personal data to members of its personnel only to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the contract. It shall ensure that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.
- (c) In the event of a personal data breach concerning personal data processed by the data importer under these Clauses, the data importer shall take appropriate measures to address the breach, including measures to mitigate its adverse effects. The data importer shall also notify the data exporter without undue delay after having become aware of the breach. Such notification shall contain the details of a contact point where more information can be obtained, a description of the nature of the breach (including, where possible, categories and approximate number of data subjects and personal data records concerned), its likely consequences and the measures taken or proposed

to address the breach including, where appropriate, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects. Where, and in so far as, it is not possible to provide all information at the same time, the initial notification shall contain the information then available and further information shall, as it becomes available, subsequently be provided without undue delay.

- (d) The data importer shall cooperate with and assist the data exporter to enable the data exporter to comply with its obligations under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular to notify the competent supervisory authority and the affected data subjects, taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the data importer.

8.7 Sensitive data

Where the transfer involves personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, genetic data, or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or a person's sex life or sexual orientation, or data relating to criminal convictions and offences (hereinafter 'sensitive data'), the data importer shall apply the specific restrictions and/or additional safeguards described in Annex I.B.

8.8 Onward transfers

The data importer shall only disclose the personal data to a third party on documented instructions from the data exporter. In addition, the data may only be disclosed to a third party located outside the European Union (in the same country as the data importer or in another third country, hereinafter 'onward transfer') if the third party is or agrees to be bound by these Clauses, under the appropriate Module, or if:

- (i) the onward transfer is to a country benefitting from an adequacy decision pursuant to Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the onward transfer;
- (ii) the third party otherwise ensures appropriate safeguards pursuant to Articles 46 or 47 Regulation of (EU) 2016/679 with respect to the processing in question;
- (iii) the onward transfer is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings; or
- (iv) the onward transfer is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.

Any onward transfer is subject to compliance by the data importer with all the other safeguards under these Clauses, in particular purpose limitation.

8.9 Documentation and compliance

- (a) The data importer shall promptly and adequately deal with enquiries from the data exporter that relate to the processing under these Clauses.

- (b) The Parties shall be able to demonstrate compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer shall keep appropriate documentation on the processing activities carried out on behalf of the data exporter.
- (c) The data importer shall make available to the data exporter all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations set out in these Clauses and at the data exporter's request, allow for and contribute to audits of the processing activities covered by these Clauses, at reasonable intervals or if there are indications of non-compliance. In deciding on a review or audit, the data exporter may take into account relevant certifications held by the data importer.
- (d) The data exporter may choose to conduct the audit by itself or mandate an independent auditor. Audits may include inspections at the premises or physical facilities of the data importer and shall, where appropriate, be carried out with reasonable notice.
- (e) The Parties shall make the information referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c), including the results of any audits, available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

Clause 9

Use of sub-processors

- (a) **GENERAL WRITTEN AUTHORISATION** The data importer has the data exporter's general authorisation for the engagement of sub-processor(s) from an agreed list. The data importer shall specifically inform the data exporter in writing of any intended changes to that list through the addition or replacement of sub-processors at least 90 days in advance, thereby giving the data exporter sufficient time to be able to object to such changes prior to the engagement of the sub-processor(s). The data importer shall provide the data exporter with the information necessary to enable the data exporter to exercise its right to object.
- (b) Where the data importer engages a sub-processor to carry out specific processing activities (on behalf of the data exporter), it shall do so by way of a written contract that provides for, in substance, the same data protection obligations as those binding the data importer under these Clauses, including in terms of third-party beneficiary rights for data subjects. The Parties agree that, by complying with this Clause, the data importer fulfils its obligations under Clause 8.8. The data importer shall ensure that the sub-processor complies with the obligations to which the data importer is subject pursuant to these Clauses.
- (c) The data importer shall provide, at the data exporter's request, a copy of such a sub-processor agreement and any subsequent amendments to the data exporter. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the data importer may redact the text of the agreement prior to sharing a copy.

- (d) The data importer shall remain fully responsible to the data exporter for the performance of the sub-processor's obligations under its contract with the data importer. The data importer shall notify the data exporter of any failure by the sub-processor to fulfil its obligations under that contract.
- (e) The data importer shall agree a third-party beneficiary clause with the sub-processor whereby – in the event the data importer has factually disappeared, ceased to exist in law or has become insolvent – the data exporter shall have the right to terminate the sub-processor contract and to instruct the sub-processor to erase or return the personal data.

Clause 10

Data subject rights

- (a) The data importer shall promptly notify the data exporter of any request it has received from a data subject. It shall not respond to that request itself unless it has been authorised to do so by the data exporter.
- (b) The data importer shall assist the data exporter in fulfilling its obligations to respond to data subjects' requests for the exercise of their rights under Regulation (EU) 2016/679. In this regard, the Parties shall set out in Annex II the appropriate technical and organisational measures, taking into account the nature of the processing, by which the assistance shall be provided, as well as the scope and the extent of the assistance required.
- (c) In fulfilling its obligations under paragraphs (a) and (b), the data importer shall comply with the instructions from the data exporter.

Clause 11

Redress

- (a) The data importer shall inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website, of a contact point authorised to handle complaints. It shall deal promptly with any complaints it receives from a data subject.
- (b) In case of a dispute between a data subject and one of the Parties as regards compliance with these Clauses, that Party shall use its best efforts to resolve the issue amicably in a timely fashion. The Parties shall keep each other informed about such disputes and, where appropriate, cooperate in resolving them.
- (c) Where the data subject invokes a third-party beneficiary right pursuant to Clause 3, the data importer shall accept the decision of the data subject to:
 - (i) lodge a complaint with the supervisory authority in the Member State of his/her habitual residence or place of work, or the competent supervisory authority pursuant to Clause 13;

- (ii)refer the dispute to the competent courts within the meaning of Clause 18.
- (d)The Parties accept that the data subject may be represented by a not-for-profit body, organisation or association under the conditions set out in Article 80(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (e)The data importer shall abide by a decision that is binding under the applicable EU or Member State law.
- (f) The data importer agrees that the choice made by the data subject will not prejudice his/her substantive and procedural rights to seek remedies in accordance with applicable laws.

Clause 12

Liability

- (a)Each Party shall be liable to the other Party/ies for any damages it causes the other Party/ies by any breach of these Clauses.
- (b)The data importer shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data importer or its sub-processor causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses.
- (c)Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the data exporter shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data exporter or the data importer (or its sub-processor) causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses. This is without prejudice to the liability of the data exporter and, where the data exporter is a processor acting on behalf of a controller, to the liability of the controller under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, as applicable.
- (d)The Parties agree that if the data exporter is held liable under paragraph (c) for damages caused by the data importer (or its sub-processor), it shall be entitled to claim back from the data importer that part of the compensation corresponding to the data importer's responsibility for the damage.
- (e)Where more than one Party is responsible for any damage caused to the data subject as a result of a breach of these Clauses, all responsible Parties shall be jointly and severally liable and the data subject is entitled to bring an action in court against any of these Parties.
- (f) The Parties agree that if one Party is held liable under paragraph (e), it shall be entitled to claim back from the other Party/ies that part of the compensation corresponding to its/their responsibility for the damage.
- (g)The data importer may not invoke the conduct of a sub-processor to avoid its own liability.

Clause 13

Supervision

(a)[Where the data exporter is established in an EU Member State:] The supervisory authority with responsibility for ensuring compliance by the data exporter with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as regards the data transfer, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

[Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) and has appointed a representative pursuant to Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679:] The supervisory authority of the Member State in which the representative within the meaning of Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is established, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

[Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) without however having to appoint a representative pursuant to Article 27(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679:] The supervisory authority of one of the Member States in which the data subjects whose personal data is transferred under these Clauses in relation to the offering of goods or services to them, or whose behaviour is monitored, are located, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

(b)The data importer agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction of and cooperate with the competent supervisory authority in any procedures aimed at ensuring compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer agrees to respond to enquiries, submit to audits and comply with the measures adopted by the supervisory authority, including remedial and compensatory measures. It shall provide the supervisory authority with written confirmation that the necessary actions have been taken.

SECTION III – LOCAL LAWS AND OBLIGATIONS IN CASE OF ACCESS BY PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

Clause 14

Local laws and practices affecting compliance with the Clauses

(a) The Parties warrant that they have no reason to believe that the laws and practices in the third country of destination applicable to the processing of the personal data by the data importer, including any requirements to disclose personal data or measures authorising access by public authorities, prevent the data importer from fulfilling its obligations under these Clauses. This is based on the understanding that laws and practices that respect the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and do not exceed what is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society

to safeguard one of the objectives listed in Article 23(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, are not in contradiction with these Clauses.

- (b) The Parties declare that in providing the warranty in paragraph (a), they have taken due account in particular of the following elements:
 - (i) the specific circumstances of the transfer, including the length of the processing chain, the number of actors involved and the transmission channels used; intended onward transfers; the type of recipient; the purpose of processing; the categories and format of the transferred personal data; the economic sector in which the transfer occurs; the storage location of the data transferred;
 - (ii) the laws and practices of the third country of destination – including those requiring the disclosure of data to public authorities or authorising access by such authorities – relevant in light of the specific circumstances of the transfer, and the applicable limitations and safeguards;
 - (iii) any relevant contractual, technical or organisational safeguards put in place to supplement the safeguards under these Clauses, including measures applied during transmission and to the processing of the personal data in the country of destination.
- (c) The data importer warrants that, in carrying out the assessment under paragraph (b), it has made its best efforts to provide the data exporter with relevant information and agrees that it will continue to cooperate with the data exporter in ensuring compliance with these Clauses.
- (d) The Parties agree to document the assessment under paragraph (b) and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter promptly if, after having agreed to these Clauses and for the duration of the contract, it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under paragraph (a), including following a change in the laws of the third country or a measure (such as a disclosure request) indicating an application of such laws in practice that is not in line with the requirements in paragraph (a).
- (f) Following a notification pursuant to paragraph (e), or if the data exporter otherwise has reason to believe that the data importer can no longer fulfil its obligations under these Clauses, the data exporter shall promptly identify appropriate measures (e.g. technical or organisational measures to ensure security and confidentiality) to be adopted by the data exporter and/or data importer to address the situation. The data exporter shall suspend the data transfer if it considers that no appropriate safeguards for such transfer can be ensured, or if instructed by the competent supervisory authority to do so. In this case, the data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses. If the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise. Where the contract is terminated pursuant to this Clause, Clause 16(d) and (e) shall apply.

Clause 15

Obligations of the data importer in case of access by public authorities

15.1 Notification

- (a) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter and, where possible, the data subject promptly (if necessary with the help of the data exporter) if it:
 - (i) receives a legally binding request from a public authority, including judicial authorities, under the laws of the country of destination for the disclosure of personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses; such notification shall include information about the personal data requested, the requesting authority, the legal basis for the request and the response provided; or
 - (ii) becomes aware of any direct access by public authorities to personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses in accordance with the laws of the country of destination; such notification shall include all information available to the importer.
- (b) If the data importer is prohibited from notifying the data exporter and/or the data subject under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to use its best efforts to obtain a waiver of the prohibition, with a view to communicating as much information as possible, as soon as possible. The data importer agrees to document its best efforts in order to be able to demonstrate them on request of the data exporter.
- (c) Where permissible under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to provide the data exporter, at regular intervals for the duration of the contract, with as much relevant information as possible on the requests received (in particular, number of requests, type of data requested, requesting authority/ies, whether requests have been challenged and the outcome of such challenges, etc.).
- (d) The data importer agrees to preserve the information pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (c) for the duration of the contract and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) Paragraphs (a) to (c) are without prejudice to the obligation of the data importer pursuant to Clause 14(e) and Clause 16 to inform the data exporter promptly where it is unable to comply with these Clauses.

15.2 Review of legality and data minimisation

- (a) The data importer agrees to review the legality of the request for disclosure, in particular whether it remains within the powers granted to the requesting public authority, and to challenge the request if, after careful assessment, it concludes that there are reasonable grounds to consider that the request is unlawful under the laws of the country of destination, applicable obligations under international law and principles of international comity. The data importer shall, under the same conditions, pursue possibilities of appeal. When challenging a request, the data importer shall seek

interim measures with a view to suspending the effects of the request until the competent judicial authority has decided on its merits. It shall not disclose the personal data requested until required to do so under the applicable procedural rules. These requirements are without prejudice to the obligations of the data importer under Clause 14(e).

- (b) The data importer agrees to document its legal assessment and any challenge to the request for disclosure and, to the extent permissible under the laws of the country of destination, make the documentation available to the data exporter. It shall also make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (c) The data importer agrees to provide the minimum amount of information permissible when responding to a request for disclosure, based on a reasonable interpretation of the request.

SECTION IV – FINAL PROVISIONS

Clause 16

Non-compliance with the Clauses and termination

- (a) The data importer shall promptly inform the data exporter if it is unable to comply with these Clauses, for whatever reason.
- (b) In the event that the data importer is in breach of these Clauses or unable to comply with these Clauses, the data exporter shall suspend the transfer of personal data to the data importer until compliance is again ensured or the contract is terminated. This is without prejudice to Clause 14(f).
- (c) The data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses, where:
 - (i) the data exporter has suspended the transfer of personal data to the data importer pursuant to paragraph (b) and compliance with these Clauses is not restored within a reasonable time and in any event within one month of suspension;
 - (ii) the data importer is in substantial or persistent breach of these Clauses; or
 - (iii) the data importer fails to comply with a binding decision of a competent court or supervisory authority regarding its obligations under these Clauses.

In these cases, it shall inform the competent supervisory authority of such non-compliance. Where the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise.

- (d) Personal data that has been transferred prior to the termination of the contract pursuant to paragraph (c) shall at the choice of the data exporter immediately be returned to the data exporter or deleted in its entirety. The same shall apply to any copies of the data. The data importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the data exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data

importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit the return or deletion of the transferred personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process the data to the extent and for as long as required under that local law.

(e) Either Party may revoke its agreement to be bound by these Clauses where (i) the European Commission adopts a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the transfer of personal data to which these Clauses apply; or (ii) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 becomes part of the legal framework of the country to which the personal data is transferred. This is without prejudice to other obligations applying to the processing in question under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 17

Governing law

These Clauses shall be governed by the law of one of the EU Member States, provided such law allows for third-party beneficiary rights. The Parties agree that this shall be the law of France.

Clause 18

Choice of forum and jurisdiction

- (a) Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of an EU Member State.
- (b) The Parties agree that those shall be the courts of France.
- (c) A data subject may also bring legal proceedings against the data exporter and/or data importer before the courts of the Member State in which he/she has his/her habitual residence.
- (d) The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.

APPENDIX

ANNEX I

A. LIST OF PARTIES

Data exporter(s): *[Identity and contact details of the data exporter(s) and, where applicable, of its/their data protection officer and/or representative in the European Union]*

Data importer(s): *[Identity and contact details of the data importer(s), including any contact person with responsibility for data protection]*

Both parties could be data exporters or data importers under the partner agreements. Information regarding the Data Protection Officer and/or representative in the E.U. can be found on either party's website under privacy.

1. Name: HP. See in the Agreement

Address: See in Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: Zoe McMahon, DPO, <https://www.hp.com/us-en/privacy/ww-privacy-form.html>

Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses: See in the Agreement

Signature and date: Same as the Agreement

Role (controller/processor): See in the Agreement

2. Name: Partner. See in the Agreement

Address: See in the Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: See in the Agreement and Partner website

Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses: See in the Agreement

Signature and date: Same as the Agreement

Role (controller/processor): See in the Agreement

B. DESCRIPTION OF TRANSFER

Categories of data subjects whose personal data is transferred

Data Subjects who work for HP partners. See Attachment 1

Categories of personal data transferred

Contact information: Name, business email, business phone number, business address

See Attachment 1 for more information.

Sensitive data transferred (if applicable) and applied restrictions or safeguards that fully take into consideration the nature of the data and the risks involved, such as for instance strict purpose limitation, access restrictions (including access only for staff having followed specialised training), keeping a record of access to the data, restrictions for onward transfers or additional security measures.

No sensitive data will be transferred.

The frequency of the transfer (e.g. whether the data is transferred on a one-off or continuous basis).

The contact information for the partner is continuously transferred in order to remain in contact and complete the contract. See attachment 1.

Nature of the processing

Emails sent to/from the US and around the world of business contact information to contact the partner to complete the contract.

Purpose(s) of the data transfer and further processing

To contact the partner and to complete the contract. See attachment 1.

The period for which the personal data will be retained, or, if that is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period

As long as the agreement is in place. See attachment 1.

For transfers to (sub-) processors, also specify subject matter, nature and duration of the processing

Subject matter: business contact information: Name, business email, business phone number, business address

Nature: To complete the contract with a business partner.

Duration of the processing: As long as the contract is in effect.

C. COMPETENT SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

Commission Nationale de l'informatique et des Libertés (CNIL)

ANNEX II

TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES INCLUDING TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES TO ENSURE THE SECURITY OF THE DATA

To protect Customer data, HP abides by a robust set of information security controls including policies, practices, procedures, and organizational structures to safeguard the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of its own and its customers' information (including Personal Data as defined in HP's Customer and Data Processing Addenda). The following sets forth an overview of HP's technical/organizational security measures throughout the company.

1. Security Policy

HP maintains globally applicable policies, standards, and procedures intended to protect HP and Customer data. The detail of HP's security policies is confidential to protect the integrity of HP's data and systems. However, summaries of our key policies are included below.

2. Information Security Organization

HP has an Information Security Organization responsible for directing and managing the organization's information security strategy and controls. An Information Security Framework/Management System is put in place to ensure compliance with HP's security policies and controls and confirm that the security requirements

of its customers are complied with. This Framework is structured in alignment with the NIST Cybersecurity Framework and is reviewed annually.

3. Asset Management

HP has a process in place for identifying technical information assets, and through this process, HP identifies all assets under its responsibility and categorizes the critical assets. HP further maintains a set of documented handling procedures for each information classification type, including those assets that contain Personal Data. Handling procedures address storage, transmission, communication, access, logging, retention, destruction, disposal, incident management, and breach notification.

4. Access Control

The principle of least privilege is used for providing logical access control. User access is provided via a unique user ID and password. HP's password policy has defined complexity, strength, validity, and password-history related controls. Access rights are reviewed periodically and revoked upon personnel departure.

User account creation and deletion procedures, as have been mutually agreed upon, are implemented to grant and revoke access to client systems used during the engagement.

5. Personnel Training

HP employees must complete the Integrity at HP training designed to ensure that employees are familiar with the program, policies, and resources that govern HP's expectations for ethical behavior, excellence, and compliance. Integrity at HP features modules on security and data privacy, and employees also are required to take an annual "refresher" course. HP employees must also complete an annually refreshed dedicated security awareness training focused on essential security policies and emphasizing the employees' responsibilities related to incident management, data privacy, and information security.

6. Third Parties and Subcontractors

HP has processes in place to select sub-contractors that are able to comply with comprehensive contractual security requirements.

For applicable suppliers (suppliers that handle/store/transmit HP data and customer owned HP held data or have access to the HP network), HP Cybersecurity performs a risk assessment to verify the existence of an information security program. An adequate program must include physical, technical, and administrative safeguards. This assessment must be done before the supplier has access to HP information.

7. Systems Security

By policy, the development of systems and supporting software within HP follow a secure development methodology to ensure security throughout the system/software lifecycle. The Software Development Lifecycle defines initiation, development/acquisition, implementation, operations, and disposal requirements. All system components, including modules, libraries, services, and discrete components, are evaluated to determine their impact on the overall system security state.

HP has defined controls for the protection of application service transactions. These controls include validating and verifying user credentials, mandating digital signatures and encryption, implementing secure communication protocols, storing online transaction details on servers within the appropriate network security zone.

Internal vulnerability scans are performed regularly.

8. Physical and Environmental Security

HP facilities are secured using various physical and electronic access controls and surveillance capabilities. Depending on the facility, this could include security guards, electronic access control, and closed-circuit television (CCTV).

All HP personnel are registered and are required to carry appropriate identification badges.

Facilities have required infrastructure support with temperature control and power backups where required, using UPS and/or diesel generators to support critical services.

9. Operations Management

HP has defined a minimum set of hardening requirements for technology infrastructure, including workstations, servers, and network equipment. Workstation/servers images contain pre-hardened operating systems. Hardening requirements vary depending on the type of operating system and applicable controls implemented.

HP has deployed Network Intrusion Detection/Prevention Systems (NIDS/ NIPS) within the network and are monitored and managed 24*7.

HP security policies and standards mandate secure disposal of media.

10. Cryptography

HP has defined a set of robust processes for cryptography to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information assets. Approved protocols require encryption for certain assets, including those that contain personal data.

11. Information Security Incident Management

HP follows a developed Cyber Incident Management Process that addresses purpose, scope, roles, responsibilities, management commitment, organizational coordination, implementation procedures, and compliance checking. HP reviews and updates this process on an annual basis.

A Cyber Incident Response Team, which includes HP Cybersecurity personnel trained in incident response and crisis management, is assembled for regular table-top reviews of process and any incident or event.

12. Business Continuity Management

HP maintains a global Continuity of Operations program. This program takes a holistic, company-wide approach for end-to-end continuity through a set of collaborative, standardized, and internally documented planning processes.

HP periodically exercises its business continuity plans to ensure their effectiveness. HP currently tests and updates all plans at least yearly and ensures that people with a role in the business continuity plan are trained.

For transfers to (sub-) processors, also describe the specific technical and organisational measures to be taken by the (sub-) processor to be able to provide assistance to the controller and, for transfers from a processor to a sub-processor, to the data exporter

Sub-processors only process: name, business email address, business phone number, business address. The purpose of transferring this data is to complete the contract.

For HP all of the above technical and organizational measures are flowed down to the sub-processors through the partner code of conduct and contract terms. Sub-processors are required to commit to following HP's requirements.

ATTACHMENT 3 – EU STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES (SUB-PROCESSORS)

SECTION I

Clause 1

Purpose and scope

- (a) The purpose of these standard contractual clauses is to ensure compliance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) for the transfer of personal data to a third country.
- (b) The Parties:
- (i) the natural or legal person(s), public authority/ies, agency/ies or other body/ies (hereinafter 'entity/ies') transferring the personal data, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data exporter'), and
 - (ii) the entity/ies in a third country receiving the personal data from the data exporter, directly or indirectly via another entity also Party to these Clauses, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data importer')
- have agreed to these standard contractual clauses (hereinafter: 'Clauses').
- (c) These Clauses apply with respect to the transfer of personal data as specified in Annex I.B.
- (d) The Appendix to these Clauses containing the Annexes referred to therein forms an integral part of these Clauses.

Clause 2

Effect and invariability of the Clauses

- (a) These Clauses set out appropriate safeguards, including enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies, pursuant to Article 46(1) and Article 46(2)(c) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, with respect to data transfers from controllers to processors and/or processors to processors, standard contractual clauses pursuant to Article 28(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provided they are not modified, except to select the appropriate Module(s) or to add or update information in the Appendix. This does not prevent the Parties from including the standard contractual clauses laid down in these Clauses in a wider contract and/or to add other clauses or additional safeguards, provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, these Clauses or prejudice the fundamental rights or freedoms of data subjects.

(b) These Clauses are without prejudice to obligations to which the data exporter is subject by virtue of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 3

Third-party beneficiaries

(a) Data subjects may invoke and enforce these Clauses, as third-party beneficiaries, against the data exporter and/or data importer, with the following exceptions:

- (i) Clause 1, Clause 2, Clause 3, Clause 6, Clause 7;
- (ii) Clause 8 – Clause 8.1(a), (c) and (d) and Clause 8.9(a), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g);
- (iii) Clause 9 – Clause 9(a), (c), (d) and (e);
- (iv) Clause 12 – Clause 12(a), (d) and (f);
- (v) Clause 13;
- (vi) Clause 15.1(c), (d) and (e);
- (vii) Clause 16(e);
- (viii) Clause 18 – Clause 18(a) and (b).

(b) Paragraph (a) is without prejudice to rights of data subjects under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 4

Interpretation

(a) Where these Clauses use terms that are defined in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those terms shall have the same meaning as in that Regulation.

(b) These Clauses shall be read and interpreted in the light of the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

(c) These Clauses shall not be interpreted in a way that conflicts with rights and obligations provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 5

Hierarchy

In the event of a contradiction between these Clauses and the provisions of related agreements between the Parties, existing at the time these Clauses are agreed or entered into thereafter, these Clauses shall prevail.

Clause 6

Description of the transfer(s)

The details of the transfer(s), and in particular the categories of personal data that are transferred and the purpose(s) for which they are transferred, are specified in Annex I.B.

SECTION II – OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

Clause 8

Data protection safeguards

The data exporter warrants that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the data importer is able, through the implementation of appropriate technical and organisational measures, to satisfy its obligations under these Clauses.

8.1 Instructions

- (a) The data exporter has informed the data importer that it acts as processor under the instructions of its controller(s), which the data exporter shall make available to the data importer prior to processing.
- (b) The data importer shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the controller, as communicated to the data importer by the data exporter, and any additional documented instructions from the data exporter. Such additional instructions shall not conflict with the instructions from the controller. The controller or data exporter may give further documented instructions regarding the data processing throughout the duration of the contract.
- (c) The data importer shall immediately inform the data exporter if it is unable to follow those instructions. Where the data importer is unable to follow the instructions from the controller, the data exporter shall immediately notify the controller.
- (d) The data exporter warrants that it has imposed the same data protection obligations on the data importer as set out in the contract or other legal act under Union or Member State law between the controller and the data exporter.

8.2 Purpose limitation

The data importer shall process the personal data only for the specific purpose(s) of the transfer, as set out in Annex I.B., unless on further instructions from the controller, as communicated to the data importer by the data exporter, or from the data exporter.

8.3 Transparency

On request, the data exporter shall make a copy of these Clauses, including the Appendix as completed by the Parties, available to the data subject free of charge. To the extent necessary to protect business

secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the data exporter may redact part of the text of the Appendix prior to sharing a copy, but shall provide a meaningful summary where the data subject would otherwise not be able to understand its content or exercise his/her rights. On request, the Parties shall provide the data subject with the reasons for the redactions, to the extent possible without revealing the redacted information.

8.4 Accuracy

If the data importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the data exporter without undue delay. In this case, the data importer shall cooperate with the data exporter to rectify or erase the data.

8.5 Duration of processing and erasure or return of data

Processing by the data importer shall only take place for the duration specified in Annex I.B. After the end of the provision of the processing services, the data importer shall, at the choice of the data exporter, delete all personal data processed on behalf of the controller and certify to the data exporter that it has done so, or return to the data exporter all personal data processed on its behalf and delete existing copies. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit return or deletion of the personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process it to the extent and for as long as required under that local law. This is without prejudice to Clause 14, in particular the requirement for the data importer under Clause 14(e) to notify the data exporter throughout the duration of the contract if it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under Clause 14(a).

8.6 Security of processing

(a) The data importer and, during transmission, also the data exporter shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the data, including protection against a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access to that data (hereinafter 'personal data breach'). In assessing the appropriate level of security, they shall take due account of the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature, scope, context and purpose(s) of processing and the risks involved in the processing for the data subject. The Parties shall in particular consider having recourse to encryption or pseudonymisation, including during transmission, where the purpose of processing can be fulfilled in that manner. In case of pseudonymisation, the additional information for attributing the personal data to a specific data subject shall, where possible, remain under the exclusive control of the data exporter or the controller. In complying with its obligations under this paragraph, the data importer shall at least implement the technical and organisational measures specified in Annex II. The data importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to provide an appropriate level of security.

- (b) The data importer shall grant access to the data to members of its personnel only to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the contract. It shall ensure that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.
- (c) In the event of a personal data breach concerning personal data processed by the data importer under these Clauses, the data importer shall take appropriate measures to address the breach, including measures to mitigate its adverse effects. The data importer shall also notify, without undue delay, the data exporter and, where appropriate and feasible, the controller after having become aware of the breach. Such notification shall contain the details of a contact point where more information can be obtained, a description of the nature of the breach (including, where possible, categories and approximate number of data subjects and personal data records concerned), its likely consequences and the measures taken or proposed to address the data breach, including measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects. Where, and in so far as, it is not possible to provide all information at the same time, the initial notification shall contain the information then available and further information shall, as it becomes available, subsequently be provided without undue delay.
- (d) The data importer shall cooperate with and assist the data exporter to enable the data exporter to comply with its obligations under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular to notify its controller so that the latter may in turn notify the competent supervisory authority and the affected data subjects, taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the data importer.

8.7 Sensitive data

Where the transfer involves personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, genetic data, or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or a person's sex life or sexual orientation, or data relating to criminal convictions and offences (hereinafter 'sensitive data'), the data importer shall apply the specific restrictions and/or additional safeguards set out in Annex I.B.

8.8 Onward transfers

The data importer shall only disclose the personal data to a third party on documented instructions from the controller, as communicated to the data importer by the data exporter. In addition, the data may only be disclosed to a third party located outside the European Union (in the same country as the data importer or in another third country, hereinafter 'onward transfer') if the third party is or agrees to be bound by these Clauses, under the appropriate Module, or if:

- (i) the onward transfer is to a country benefitting from an adequacy decision pursuant to Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the onward transfer;
- (ii) the third party otherwise ensures appropriate safeguards pursuant to Articles 46 or 47 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;

- (iii) the onward transfer is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings; or
- (iv) the onward transfer is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.

Any onward transfer is subject to compliance by the data importer with all the other safeguards under these Clauses, in particular purpose limitation.

8.9 Documentation and compliance

- (a) The data importer shall promptly and adequately deal with enquiries from the data exporter or the controller that relate to the processing under these Clauses.
- (b) The Parties shall be able to demonstrate compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer shall keep appropriate documentation on the processing activities carried out on behalf of the controller.
- (c) The data importer shall make all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations set out in these Clauses available to the data exporter, which shall provide it to the controller.
- (d) The data importer shall allow for and contribute to audits by the data exporter of the processing activities covered by these Clauses, at reasonable intervals or if there are indications of non-compliance. The same shall apply where the data exporter requests an audit on instructions of the controller. In deciding on an audit, the data exporter may take into account relevant certifications held by the data importer.
- (e) Where the audit is carried out on the instructions of the controller, the data exporter shall make the results available to the controller.
- (f) The data exporter may choose to conduct the audit by itself or mandate an independent auditor. Audits may include inspections at the premises or physical facilities of the data importer and shall, where appropriate, be carried out with reasonable notice.
- (g) The Parties shall make the information referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c), including the results of any audits, available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

Clause 9

Use of sub-processors

- (a) **GENERAL WRITTEN AUTHORISATION** The data importer has the controller's general authorisation for the engagement of sub-processor(s) from an agreed list. The data importer shall specifically inform the controller in writing of any intended changes to that list through the addition or replacement of sub-processors at least [*Specify time period*] in advance, thereby giving the controller sufficient time

to be able to object to such changes prior to the engagement of the sub-processor(s). The data importer shall provide the controller with the information necessary to enable the controller to exercise its right to object. The data importer shall inform the data exporter of the engagement of the sub-processor(s).

- (b) Where the data importer engages a sub-processor to carry out specific processing activities (on behalf of the controller), it shall do so by way of a written contract that provides for, in substance, the same data protection obligations as those binding the data importer under these Clauses, including in terms of third-party beneficiary rights for data subjects. The Parties agree that, by complying with this Clause, the data importer fulfils its obligations under Clause 8.8. The data importer shall ensure that the sub-processor complies with the obligations to which the data importer is subject pursuant to these Clauses.
- (c) The data importer shall provide, at the data exporter's or controller's request, a copy of such a sub-processor agreement and any subsequent amendments. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the data importer may redact the text of the agreement prior to sharing a copy.
- (d) The data importer shall remain fully responsible to the data exporter for the performance of the sub-processor's obligations under its contract with the data importer. The data importer shall notify the data exporter of any failure by the sub-processor to fulfil its obligations under that contract.
- (e) The data importer shall agree a third-party beneficiary clause with the sub-processor whereby – in the event the data importer has factually disappeared, ceased to exist in law or has become insolvent – the data exporter shall have the right to terminate the sub-processor contract and to instruct the sub-processor to erase or return the personal data.

Clause 10

Data subject rights

- (a) The data importer shall promptly notify the data exporter and, where appropriate, the controller of any request it has received from a data subject, without responding to that request unless it has been authorised to do so by the controller.
- (b) The data importer shall assist, where appropriate in cooperation with the data exporter, the controller in fulfilling its obligations to respond to data subjects' requests for the exercise of their rights under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, as applicable. In this regard, the Parties shall set out in Annex II the appropriate technical and organisational measures, taking into account the nature of the processing, by which the assistance shall be provided, as well as the scope and the extent of the assistance required.
- (c) In fulfilling its obligations under paragraphs (a) and (b), the data importer shall comply with the instructions from the controller, as communicated by the data exporter.

Clause 11

Redress

- (a) The data importer shall inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website, of a contact point authorised to handle complaints. It shall deal promptly with any complaints it receives from a data subject.
- (b) In case of a dispute between a data subject and one of the Parties as regards compliance with these Clauses, that Party shall use its best efforts to resolve the issue amicably in a timely fashion. The Parties shall keep each other informed about such disputes and, where appropriate, cooperate in resolving them.
- (c) Where the data subject invokes a third-party beneficiary right pursuant to Clause 3, the data importer shall accept the decision of the data subject to:
 - (i) lodge a complaint with the supervisory authority in the Member State of his/her habitual residence or place of work, or the competent supervisory authority pursuant to Clause 13;
 - (ii) refer the dispute to the competent courts within the meaning of Clause 18.
- (d) The Parties accept that the data subject may be represented by a not-for-profit body, organisation or association under the conditions set out in Article 80(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (e) The data importer shall abide by a decision that is binding under the applicable EU or Member State law.
- (f) The data importer agrees that the choice made by the data subject will not prejudice his/her substantive and procedural rights to seek remedies in accordance with applicable laws.

Clause 12

Liability

- (a) Each Party shall be liable to the other Party/ies for any damages it causes the other Party/ies by any breach of these Clauses.
- (b) The data importer shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data importer or its sub-processor causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the data exporter shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data exporter or the data importer (or its sub-processor) causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses. This is without prejudice to the liability of the data exporter and, where the data exporter is a processor acting on behalf of a controller, to the liability of the controller under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, as applicable.

- (d) The Parties agree that if the data exporter is held liable under paragraph (c) for damages caused by the data importer (or its sub-processor), it shall be entitled to claim back from the data importer that part of the compensation corresponding to the data importer's responsibility for the damage.
- (e) Where more than one Party is responsible for any damage caused to the data subject as a result of a breach of these Clauses, all responsible Parties shall be jointly and severally liable and the data subject is entitled to bring an action in court against any of these Parties.
- (f) The Parties agree that if one Party is held liable under paragraph (e), it shall be entitled to claim back from the other Party/ies that part of the compensation corresponding to its/their responsibility for the damage.
- (g) The data importer may not invoke the conduct of a sub-processor to avoid its own liability.

Clause 13

Supervision

- (a) [Where the data exporter is established in an EU Member State:] The supervisory authority with responsibility for ensuring compliance by the data exporter with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as regards the data transfer, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

[Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) and has appointed a representative pursuant to Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679:] The supervisory authority of the Member State in which the representative within the meaning of Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is established, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

[Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) without however having to appoint a representative pursuant to Article 27(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679:] The supervisory authority of one of the Member States in which the data subjects whose personal data is transferred under these Clauses in relation to the offering of goods or services to them, or whose behaviour is monitored, are located, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

- (b) The data importer agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction of and cooperate with the competent supervisory authority in any procedures aimed at ensuring compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer agrees to respond to enquiries, submit to audits and comply with the measures adopted by the supervisory authority, including remedial and compensatory measures. It shall provide the supervisory authority with written confirmation that the necessary actions have been taken.

SECTION III – LOCAL LAWS AND OBLIGATIONS IN CASE OF ACCESS BY PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

Clause 14

Local laws and practices affecting compliance with the Clauses

- (a) The Parties warrant that they have no reason to believe that the laws and practices in the third country of destination applicable to the processing of the personal data by the data importer, including any requirements to disclose personal data or measures authorising access by public authorities, prevent the data importer from fulfilling its obligations under these Clauses. This is based on the understanding that laws and practices that respect the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and do not exceed what is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to safeguard one of the objectives listed in Article 23(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, are not in contradiction with these Clauses.
- (b) The Parties declare that in providing the warranty in paragraph (a), they have taken due account in particular of the following elements:
 - (i) the specific circumstances of the transfer, including the length of the processing chain, the number of actors involved and the transmission channels used; intended onward transfers; the type of recipient; the purpose of processing; the categories and format of the transferred personal data; the economic sector in which the transfer occurs; the storage location of the data transferred;
 - (ii) the laws and practices of the third country of destination– including those requiring the disclosure of data to public authorities or authorising access by such authorities – relevant in light of the specific circumstances of the transfer, and the applicable limitations and safeguards;
 - (iii) any relevant contractual, technical or organisational safeguards put in place to supplement the safeguards under these Clauses, including measures applied during transmission and to the processing of the personal data in the country of destination.
- (c) The data importer warrants that, in carrying out the assessment under paragraph (b), it has made its best efforts to provide the data exporter with relevant information and agrees that it will continue to cooperate with the data exporter in ensuring compliance with these Clauses.
- (d) The Parties agree to document the assessment under paragraph (b) and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter promptly if, after having agreed to these Clauses and for the duration of the contract, it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under paragraph (a), including following a change in the laws of the third country or a measure (such as a disclosure request) indicating an application of such laws in practice that is not in line with the requirements in paragraph (a). The data exporter shall forward the notification to the controller.

- (f) Following a notification pursuant to paragraph (e), or if the data exporter otherwise has reason to believe that the data importer can no longer fulfil its obligations under these Clauses, the data exporter shall promptly identify appropriate measures (e.g. technical or organisational measures to ensure security and confidentiality) to be adopted by the data exporter and/or data importer to address the situation, if appropriate in consultation with the controller. The data exporter shall suspend the data transfer if it considers that no appropriate safeguards for such transfer can be ensured, or if instructed by the controller or the competent supervisory authority to do so. In this case, the data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses. If the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise. Where the contract is terminated pursuant to this Clause, Clause 16(d) and (e) shall apply.

Clause 15

Obligations of the data importer in case of access by public authorities

15.1 Notification

- (a) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter and, where possible, the data subject promptly (if necessary with the help of the data exporter) if it:
- (i) receives a legally binding request from a public authority, including judicial authorities, under the laws of the country of destination for the disclosure of personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses; such notification shall include information about the personal data requested, the requesting authority, the legal basis for the request and the response provided; or
 - (ii) becomes aware of any direct access by public authorities to personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses in accordance with the laws of the country of destination; such notification shall include all information available to the importer.

The data exporter shall forward the notification to the controller.

- (b) If the data importer is prohibited from notifying the data exporter and/or the data subject under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to use its best efforts to obtain a waiver of the prohibition, with a view to communicating as much information as possible, as soon as possible. The data importer agrees to document its best efforts in order to be able to demonstrate them on request of the data exporter.
- (c) Where permissible under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to provide the data exporter, at regular intervals for the duration of the contract, with as much relevant information as possible on the requests received (in particular, number of requests, type of data

requested, requesting authority/ies, whether requests have been challenged and the outcome of such challenges, etc.). The data exporter shall forward the information to the controller.

- (d) The data importer agrees to preserve the information pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (c) for the duration of the contract and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) Paragraphs (a) to (c) are without prejudice to the obligation of the data importer pursuant to Clause 14(e) and Clause 16 to inform the data exporter promptly where it is unable to comply with these Clauses.

15.2 Review of legality and data minimisation

- (a) The data importer agrees to review the legality of the request for disclosure, in particular whether it remains within the powers granted to the requesting public authority, and to challenge the request if, after careful assessment, it concludes that there are reasonable grounds to consider that the request is unlawful under the laws of the country of destination, applicable obligations under international law and principles of international comity. The data importer shall, under the same conditions, pursue possibilities of appeal. When challenging a request, the data importer shall seek interim measures with a view to suspending the effects of the request until the competent judicial authority has decided on its merits. It shall not disclose the personal data requested until required to do so under the applicable procedural rules. These requirements are without prejudice to the obligations of the data importer under Clause 14(e).
- (b) The data importer agrees to document its legal assessment and any challenge to the request for disclosure and, to the extent permissible under the laws of the country of destination, make the documentation available to the data exporter. It shall also make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request. The data exporter shall make the assessment available to the controller.
- (c) The data importer agrees to provide the minimum amount of information permissible when responding to a request for disclosure, based on a reasonable interpretation of the request.

SECTION IV – FINAL PROVISIONS

Clause 16

Non-compliance with the Clauses and termination

- (a) The data importer shall promptly inform the data exporter if it is unable to comply with these Clauses, for whatever reason.
- (b) In the event that the data importer is in breach of these Clauses or unable to comply with these Clauses, the data exporter shall suspend the transfer of personal data to the data importer until compliance is again ensured or the contract is terminated. This is without prejudice to Clause 14(f).

(c) The data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses, where:

- (i) the data exporter has suspended the transfer of personal data to the data importer pursuant to paragraph (b) and compliance with these Clauses is not restored within a reasonable time and in any event within one month of suspension;
- (ii) the data importer is in substantial or persistent breach of these Clauses; or
- (iii) the data importer fails to comply with a binding decision of a competent court or supervisory authority regarding its obligations under these Clauses.

In these cases, it shall inform the competent supervisory authority and the controller of such non-compliance. Where the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise.

(d) Personal data that has been transferred prior to the termination of the contract pursuant to paragraph (c) shall at the choice of the data exporter immediately be returned to the data exporter or deleted in its entirety. The same shall apply to any copies of the data. The data importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the data exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit the return or deletion of the transferred personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process the data to the extent and for as long as required under that local law.

(e) Either Party may revoke its agreement to be bound by these Clauses where (i) the European Commission adopts a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the transfer of personal data to which these Clauses apply; or (ii) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 becomes part of the legal framework of the country to which the personal data is transferred. This is without prejudice to other obligations applying to the processing in question under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 17

Governing law

These Clauses shall be governed by the law of one of the EU Member States, provided such law allows for third-party beneficiary rights. The Parties agree that this shall be the law of France.

Clause 18

Choice of forum and jurisdiction

- (a) Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of an EU Member State.
- (b) The Parties agree that those shall be the courts of France.

- (c) A data subject may also bring legal proceedings against the data exporter and/or data importer before the courts of the Member State in which he/she has his/her habitual residence.
- (d) The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.

APPENDIX

ANNEX I

A. LIST OF PARTIES

Data exporter(s): *[Identity and contact details of the data exporter(s) and, where applicable, of its/their data protection officer and/or representative in the European Union]*

Both parties could be data exporters or data importers under the partner agreements. Information regarding the Data Protection Officer and/or representative in the E.U. can be found on either party's website under privacy.

Data importer(s): *[Identity and contact details of the data importer(s), including any contact person with responsibility for data protection]*

1. Name: HP. See in the Agreement.

Address: See in the Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: Zoe McMahon, DPO, <https://www.hp.com/us-en/privacy/ww-privacy-form.html>

Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses: Contacting businesses to work with HP as partners. Business contact information is transferred.

Signature and date: Same as the Agreement

Role (controller/processor): See in the Agreement

2. Name: Partner. See in the Agreement

Address: See in the Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: See in the Agreement and Partner website

Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses: See in the Agreement

Signature and date: Same as the Agreement

Role (controller/processor): See in the Agreement

B. DESCRIPTION OF TRANSFER

Categories of data subjects whose personal data is transferred

Data Subjects who work for HP partners. See Attachment 1

Categories of personal data transferred

Contact information: Name, business email, business phone number, business address

See Attachment 1 for more information.

Sensitive data transferred (if applicable) and applied restrictions or safeguards that fully take into consideration the nature of the data and the risks involved, such as for instance strict purpose limitation, access restrictions (including access only for staff having followed specialised training), keeping a record of access to the data, restrictions for onward transfers or additional security measures.

No sensitive data will be transferred.

The frequency of the transfer (e.g. whether the data is transferred on a one-off or continuous basis).

The contact information for the partner is continuously transferred in order to remain in contact and complete the contract. See attachment 1.

Nature of the processing

Emails sent to/from the US and around the world of business contact information to contact the partner to complete the contract.

Purpose(s) of the data transfer and further processing

To contact the partner and to complete the contract. See attachment 1.

The period for which the personal data will be retained, or, if that is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period

As long as the agreement is in place. See attachment 1.

For transfers to (sub-) processors, also specify subject matter, nature and duration of the processing

Subject matter: business contact information: Name, business email, business phone number, business address

Nature: To complete the contract with a business partner.

Duration of the processing: As long as the contract is in effect.

C. COMPETENT SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

Commission Nationale de l'informatique et des Libertés (CNIL)

ANNEX II

TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES INCLUDING TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES TO ENSURE THE SECURITY OF THE DATA

To protect Customer data, HP abides by a robust set of information security controls including policies, practices, procedures, and organizational structures to safeguard the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of its own and its customers' information (including Personal Data as defined in HP's Customer and Data Processing Addenda). The following sets forth an overview of HP's technical/organizational security measures throughout the company.

1. Security Policy

HP maintains globally applicable policies, standards, and procedures intended to protect HP and Customer data. The detail of HP's security policies is confidential to protect the integrity of HP's data and systems. However, summaries of our key policies are included below.

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The principle of least privilege is used for providing logical access control. User access is provided via a unique user ID and password. HP's password policy has defined complexity, strength, validity, and password-history related controls. Access rights are reviewed periodically and revoked upon personnel departure.

User account creation and deletion procedures, as have been mutually agreed upon, are implemented to grant and revoke access to client systems used during the engagement.

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HP employees must complete the Integrity at HP training designed to ensure that employees are familiar with the program, policies, and resources that govern HP's expectations for ethical behavior, excellence, and

compliance. Integrity at HP features modules on security and data privacy, and employees also are required to take an annual “refresher” course. HP employees must also complete an annually refreshed dedicated security awareness training focused on essential security policies and emphasizing the employees’ responsibilities related to incident management, data privacy, and information security.

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HP has processes in place to select sub-contractors that are able to comply with comprehensive contractual security requirements.

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A Cyber Incident Response Team, which includes HP Cybersecurity personnel trained in incident response and crisis management, is assembled for regular table-top reviews of process and any incident or event.

12. Business Continuity Management

HP maintains a global Continuity of Operations program. This program takes a holistic, company-wide approach for end-to-end continuity through a set of collaborative, standardized, and internally documented planning processes.

HP periodically exercises its business continuity plans to ensure their effectiveness. HP currently tests and updates all plans at least yearly and ensures that people with a role in the business continuity plan are trained.

For transfers to (sub-) processors, also describe the specific technical and organisational measures to be taken by the (sub-) processor to be able to provide assistance to the controller and, for transfers from a processor to a sub-processor, to the data exporter

Sub-processors only process: name, business email address, business phone number, business address. The purpose of transferring this data is to complete the contract.

For HP all of the above technical and organizational measures are flowed down to the sub-processors through the partner code of conduct and contract terms. Sub-processors are required to commit to following HP's requirements.

ATTACHMENT 4 – EU STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES (PROCESSOR TO CONTROLLER)

SECTION I

Clause 1

Purpose and scope

- (a) The purpose of these standard contractual clauses is to ensure compliance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) [\(1\)](#) for the transfer of personal data to a third country.
- (b) The Parties:
- (i) the natural or legal person(s), public authority/ies, agency/ies or other body/ies (hereinafter 'entity/ies') transferring the personal data, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data exporter'), and
 - (ii) the entity/ies in a third country receiving the personal data from the data exporter, directly or indirectly via another entity also Party to these Clauses, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data importer')
- have agreed to these standard contractual clauses (hereinafter: 'Clauses').
- (c) These Clauses apply with respect to the transfer of personal data as specified in Annex I.B.
- (d) The Appendix to these Clauses containing the Annexes referred to therein forms an integral part of these Clauses.

Clause 2

Effect and invariability of the Clauses

- (a) These Clauses set out appropriate safeguards, including enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies, pursuant to Article 46(1) and Article 46(2)(c) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, with respect to data transfers from controllers to processors and/or processors to processors, standard contractual clauses pursuant to Article 28(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provided they are not modified, except to select the appropriate Module(s) or to add or update information in the Appendix. This does not prevent the Parties from including the standard contractual clauses laid down in these Clauses in a wider contract and/or to add other clauses or additional safeguards, provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, these Clauses or prejudice the fundamental rights or freedoms of data subjects.

(b) These Clauses are without prejudice to obligations to which the data exporter is subject by virtue of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 3

Third-party beneficiaries

(a) Data subjects may invoke and enforce these Clauses, as third-party beneficiaries, against the data exporter and/or data importer, with the following exceptions:

- (i) Clause 1, Clause 2, Clause 3, Clause 6, Clause 7;
- (ii) Clause 8 – Clause 8.1 (b) and Clause 8.3(b);
- (v) Clause 13;
- (vi) Clause 15.1(c), (d) and (e);
- (vii) Clause 16(e);
- (viii) Clause 18 – Clause 18.

(b) Paragraph (a) is without prejudice to rights of data subjects under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 4

Interpretation

(a) Where these Clauses use terms that are defined in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those terms shall have the same meaning as in that Regulation.

(b) These Clauses shall be read and interpreted in the light of the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

(c) These Clauses shall not be interpreted in a way that conflicts with rights and obligations provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 5

Hierarchy

In the event of a contradiction between these Clauses and the provisions of related agreements between the Parties, existing at the time these Clauses are agreed or entered into thereafter, these Clauses shall prevail.

Clause 6

Description of the transfer(s)

The details of the transfer(s), and in particular the categories of personal data that are transferred and the purpose(s) for which they are transferred, are specified in Annex I.B.

SECTION II – OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

Clause 8

Data protection safeguards

The data exporter warrants that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the data importer is able, through the implementation of appropriate technical and organisational measures, to satisfy its obligations under these Clauses.

8.1 Instructions

- (a) The data exporter shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the data importer acting as its controller.
- (b) The data exporter shall immediately inform the data importer if it is unable to follow those instructions, including if such instructions infringe Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or other Union or Member State data protection law.
- (c) The data importer shall refrain from any action that would prevent the data exporter from fulfilling its obligations under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, including in the context of sub-processing or as regards cooperation with competent supervisory authorities.
- (d) After the end of the provision of the processing services, the data exporter shall, at the choice of the data importer, delete all personal data processed on behalf of the data importer and certify to the data importer that it has done so, or return to the data importer all personal data processed on its behalf and delete existing copies.

8.2 Security of processing

- (a) The Parties shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the data, including during transmission, and protection against a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access (hereinafter 'personal data breach'). In assessing the appropriate level of security, they shall take due account of the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature of the personal data, the nature, scope, context and purpose(s) of processing and the risks involved in the processing for the data subjects, and in particular consider having recourse to encryption or pseudonymisation, including during transmission, where the purpose of processing can be fulfilled in that manner.
- (b) The data exporter shall assist the data importer in ensuring appropriate security of the data in accordance with paragraph (a). In case of a personal data breach concerning the personal data processed by the data exporter under these Clauses, the data exporter shall notify the data importer without undue delay after becoming aware of it and assist the data importer in addressing the breach.
- (c) The data exporter shall ensure that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.

8.3 Documentation and compliance

- (a) The Parties shall be able to demonstrate compliance with these Clauses.
- (b) The data exporter shall make available to the data importer all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with its obligations under these Clauses and allow for and contribute to audits.

Clause 10

Data subject rights

The Parties shall assist each other in responding to enquiries and requests made by data subjects under the local law applicable to the data importer or, for data processing by the data exporter in the EU, under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 11

Redress

- (a) The data importer shall inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website, of a contact point authorised to handle complaints. It shall deal promptly with any complaints it receives from a data subject.

Clause 12

Liability

- (a) Each Party shall be liable to the other Party/ies for any damages it causes the other Party/ies by any breach of these Clauses.
- (b) Each Party shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages that the Party causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses. This is without prejudice to the liability of the data exporter under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (c) Where more than one Party is responsible for any damage caused to the data subject as a result of a breach of these Clauses, all responsible Parties shall be jointly and severally liable and the data subject is entitled to bring an action in court against any of these Parties.
- (d) The Parties agree that if one Party is held liable under paragraph (c), it shall be entitled to claim back from the other Party/ies that part of the compensation corresponding to its/their responsibility for the damage.
- (e) The data importer may not invoke the conduct of a processor or sub-processor to avoid its own liability.

SECTION III – LOCAL LAWS AND OBLIGATIONS IN CASE OF ACCESS BY PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

Clause 14 *(where the EU processor combines the personal data received from the third country-controller with personal data collected by the processor in the EU)*

Local laws and practices affecting compliance with the Clauses

- (a) The Parties warrant that they have no reason to believe that the laws and practices in the third country of destination applicable to the processing of the personal data by the data importer, including any requirements to disclose personal data or measures authorising access by public authorities, prevent the data importer from fulfilling its obligations under these Clauses. This is based on the understanding that laws and practices that respect the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and do not exceed what is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to safeguard one of the objectives listed in Article 23(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, are not in contradiction with these Clauses.
- (b) The Parties declare that in providing the warranty in paragraph (a), they have taken due account in particular of the following elements:
 - (i) the specific circumstances of the transfer, including the length of the processing chain, the number of actors involved and the transmission channels used; intended onward transfers; the type of recipient; the purpose of processing; the categories and format of the transferred personal data; the economic sector in which the transfer occurs; the storage location of the data transferred;
 - (ii) the laws and practices of the third country of destination– including those requiring the disclosure of data to public authorities or authorising access by such authorities – relevant in light of the specific circumstances of the transfer, and the applicable limitations and safeguards;
 - (iii) any relevant contractual, technical or organisational safeguards put in place to supplement the safeguards under these Clauses, including measures applied during transmission and to the processing of the personal data in the country of destination.
- (c) The data importer warrants that, in carrying out the assessment under paragraph (b), it has made its best efforts to provide the data exporter with relevant information and agrees that it will continue to cooperate with the data exporter in ensuring compliance with these Clauses.
- (d) The Parties agree to document the assessment under paragraph (b) and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter promptly if, after having agreed to these Clauses and for the duration of the contract, it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under paragraph (a), including following a change in the laws of the third country or a measure (such as a disclosure request) indicating an application of such laws in practice that is not in line with the requirements in paragraph (a).
- (f) Following a notification pursuant to paragraph (e), or if the data exporter otherwise has reason to believe that the data importer can no longer fulfil its obligations under these Clauses, the data

exporter shall promptly identify appropriate measures (e.g. technical or organisational measures to ensure security and confidentiality) to be adopted by the data exporter and/or data importer to address the situation. The data exporter shall suspend the data transfer if it considers that no appropriate safeguards for such transfer can be ensured, or if instructed by the competent supervisory authority to do so. In this case, the data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses. If the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise. Where the contract is terminated pursuant to this Clause, Clause 16(d) and (e) shall apply.

Clause 15 *(where the EU processor combines the personal data received from the third country-controller with personal data collected by the processor in the EU)*

15.1 Notification

- (a) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter and, where possible, the data subject promptly (if necessary with the help of the data exporter) if it:
 - (i) receives a legally binding request from a public authority, including judicial authorities, under the laws of the country of destination for the disclosure of personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses; such notification shall include information about the personal data requested, the requesting authority, the legal basis for the request and the response provided; or
 - (ii) becomes aware of any direct access by public authorities to personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses in accordance with the laws of the country of destination; such notification shall include all information available to the importer.
- (b) If the data importer is prohibited from notifying the data exporter and/or the data subject under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to use its best efforts to obtain a waiver of the prohibition, with a view to communicating as much information as possible, as soon as possible. The data importer agrees to document its best efforts in order to be able to demonstrate them on request of the data exporter.
- (c) Where permissible under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to provide the data exporter, at regular intervals for the duration of the contract, with as much relevant information as possible on the requests received (in particular, number of requests, type of data requested, requesting authority/ies, whether requests have been challenged and the outcome of such challenges, etc.).
- (d) The data importer agrees to preserve the information pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (c) for the duration of the contract and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) Paragraphs (a) to (c) are without prejudice to the obligation of the data importer pursuant to Clause 14(e) and Clause 16 to inform the data exporter promptly where it is unable to comply with these Clauses.

15.2 Review of legality and data minimisation

- (a) The data importer agrees to review the legality of the request for disclosure, in particular whether it remains within the powers granted to the requesting public authority, and to challenge the request if, after careful assessment, it concludes that there are reasonable grounds to consider that the request is unlawful under the laws of the country of destination, applicable obligations under international law and principles of international comity. The data importer shall, under the same conditions, pursue possibilities of appeal. When challenging a request, the data importer shall seek interim measures with a view to suspending the effects of the request until the competent judicial authority has decided on its merits. It shall not disclose the personal data requested until required to do so under the applicable procedural rules. These requirements are without prejudice to the obligations of the data importer under Clause 14(e).
- (b) The data importer agrees to document its legal assessment and any challenge to the request for disclosure and, to the extent permissible under the laws of the country of destination, make the documentation available to the data exporter. It shall also make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (c) The data importer agrees to provide the minimum amount of information permissible when responding to a request for disclosure, based on a reasonable interpretation of the request.

SECTION IV – FINAL PROVISIONS

Clause 16

Non-compliance with the Clauses and termination

- (a) The data importer shall promptly inform the data exporter if it is unable to comply with these Clauses, for whatever reason.
- (b) In the event that the data importer is in breach of these Clauses or unable to comply with these Clauses, the data exporter shall suspend the transfer of personal data to the data importer until compliance is again ensured or the contract is terminated. This is without prejudice to Clause 14(f).
- (c) The data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses, where:
 - (i) the data exporter has suspended the transfer of personal data to the data importer pursuant to paragraph (b) and compliance with these Clauses is not restored within a reasonable time and in any event within one month of suspension;
 - (ii) the data importer is in substantial or persistent breach of these Clauses; or
 - (iii) the data importer fails to comply with a binding decision of a competent court or supervisory authority regarding its obligations under these Clauses.

In these cases, it shall inform the competent supervisory authority. Where the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise.

- (d) Personal data collected by the data exporter in the EU that has been transferred prior to the termination of the contract pursuant to paragraph (c) shall immediately be deleted in its entirety, including any copy thereof. The data importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the data exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit the return or deletion of the transferred personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process the data to the extent and for as long as required under that local law.
- (e) Either Party may revoke its agreement to be bound by these Clauses where (i) the European Commission adopts a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the transfer of personal data to which these Clauses apply; or (ii) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 becomes part of the legal framework of the country to which the personal data is transferred. This is without prejudice to other obligations applying to the processing in question under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 17

Governing law

These Clauses shall be governed by the law of a country allowing for third-party beneficiary rights. The Parties agree that this shall be the law of France

Clause 18

Choice of forum and jurisdiction

Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of France.

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A Cyber Incident Response Team, which includes HP Cybersecurity personnel trained in incident response and crisis management, is assembled for regular table-top reviews of process and any incident or event.

12. Business Continuity Management

HP maintains a global Continuity of Operations program. This program takes a holistic, company-wide approach for end-to-end continuity through a set of collaborative, standardized, and internally documented planning processes.

HP periodically exercises its business continuity plans to ensure their effectiveness. HP currently tests and updates all plans at least yearly and ensures that people with a role in the business continuity plan are trained.

For transfers to (sub-) processors, also describe the specific technical and organisational measures to be taken by the (sub-) processor to be able to provide assistance to the controller and, for transfers from a processor to a sub-processor, to the data exporter

Sub-processors only process: name, business email address, business phone number, business address. The purpose of transferring this data is to complete the contract.

For HP all of the above technical and organizational measures are flowed down to the sub-processors through the partner code of conduct and contract terms. Sub-processors are required to commit to following HP's requirements.

ATTACHMENT 5 – EU STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES (CONTROLLER)

SECTION I

Clause 1

Purpose and scope

- (a) The purpose of these standard contractual clauses is to ensure compliance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) for the transfer of personal data to a third country.
- (b) The Parties:
- (i) the natural or legal person(s), public authority/ies, agency/ies or other body/ies (hereinafter 'entity/ies') transferring the personal data, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data exporter'), and
 - (ii) the entity/ies in a third country receiving the personal data from the data exporter, directly or indirectly via another entity also Party to these Clauses, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data importer')
- have agreed to these standard contractual clauses (hereinafter: 'Clauses').
- (c) These Clauses apply with respect to the transfer of personal data as specified in Annex I.B.
- (d) The Appendix to these Clauses containing the Annexes referred to therein forms an integral part of these Clauses.

Clause 2

Effect and invariability of the Clauses

- (a) These Clauses set out appropriate safeguards, including enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies, pursuant to Article 46(1) and Article 46(2)(c) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, with respect to data transfers from controllers to processors and/or processors to processors, standard contractual clauses pursuant to Article 28(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provided they are not modified, except to select the appropriate Module(s) or to add or update information in the Appendix. This does not prevent the Parties from including the standard contractual clauses laid down in these Clauses in a wider contract and/or to add other clauses or additional safeguards, provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, these Clauses or prejudice the fundamental rights or freedoms of data subjects.
- (b) These Clauses are without prejudice to obligations to which the data exporter is subject by virtue of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 3

Third-party beneficiaries

(a) Data subjects may invoke and enforce these Clauses, as third-party beneficiaries, against the data exporter and/or data importer, with the following exceptions:

- (i) Clause 1, Clause 2, Clause 3, Clause 6, Clause 7;
- (ii) Clause 8 – Clause 8.5 (e) and Clause 8.9(b);
- (iv) Clause 12 – Clause 12(a) and (d);
- (v) Clause 13;
- (vi) Clause 15.1(c), (d) and (e);
- (vii) Clause 16(e);
- (viii) Clause 18 – Clause 18(a) and (b).

(b) Paragraph (a) is without prejudice to rights of data subjects under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 4

Interpretation

(a) Where these Clauses use terms that are defined in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those terms shall have the same meaning as in that Regulation.

(b) These Clauses shall be read and interpreted in the light of the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

(c) These Clauses shall not be interpreted in a way that conflicts with rights and obligations provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 5

Hierarchy

In the event of a contradiction between these Clauses and the provisions of related agreements between the Parties, existing at the time these Clauses are agreed or entered into thereafter, these Clauses shall prevail.

Clause 6

Description of the transfer(s)

The details of the transfer(s), and in particular the categories of personal data that are transferred and the purpose(s) for which they are transferred, are specified in Annex I.B.

SECTION II – OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

Clause 8

Data protection safeguards

The data exporter warrants that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the data importer is able, through the implementation of appropriate technical and organisational measures, to satisfy its obligations under these Clauses.

8.1 Purpose limitation

The data importer shall process the personal data only for the specific purpose(s) of the transfer, as set out in Annex I.B. It may only process the personal data for another purpose:

- (i) where it has obtained the data subject's prior consent;
- (ii) where necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings; or
- (iii) where necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.

8.2 Transparency

(a) In order to enable data subjects to effectively exercise their rights pursuant to Clause 10, the data importer shall inform them, either directly or through the data exporter:

- (i) of its identity and contact details;
 - (ii) of the categories of personal data processed;
 - (iii) of the right to obtain a copy of these Clauses;
 - (iv) where it intends to onward transfer the personal data to any third party/ies, of the recipient or categories of recipients (as appropriate with a view to providing meaningful information), the purpose of such onward transfer and the ground therefore pursuant to Clause 8.7.
- (b) Paragraph (a) shall not apply where the data subject already has the information, including when such information has already been provided by the data exporter, or providing the information proves impossible or would involve a disproportionate effort for the data importer. In the latter case, the data importer shall, to the extent possible, make the information publicly available.
- (c) On request, the Parties shall make a copy of these Clauses, including the Appendix as completed by them, available to the data subject free of charge. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the Parties may redact part of the text of the Appendix prior to sharing a copy, but shall provide a meaningful summary where the data subject would otherwise not be able to understand its content or exercise his/her rights. On request, the Parties shall provide the data subject with the reasons for the redactions, to the extent possible without revealing the redacted information.

(d) Paragraphs (a) to (c) are without prejudice to the obligations of the data exporter under Articles 13 and 14 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

8.3 Accuracy and data minimisation

- (a) Each Party shall ensure that the personal data is accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date. The data importer shall take every reasonable step to ensure that personal data that is inaccurate, having regard to the purpose(s) of processing, is erased or rectified without delay.
- (b) If one of the Parties becomes aware that the personal data it has transferred or received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the other Party without undue delay.
- (c) The data importer shall ensure that the personal data is adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purpose(s) of processing.

8.4 Storage limitation

The data importer shall retain the personal data for no longer than necessary for the purpose(s) for which it is processed. It shall put in place appropriate technical or organisational measures to ensure compliance with this obligation, including erasure or anonymisation of the data and all back-ups at the end of the retention period.

8.5 Security of processing

- (a) The data importer and, during transmission, also the data exporter shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the personal data, including protection against a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access (hereinafter 'personal data breach'). In assessing the appropriate level of security, they shall take due account of the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature, scope, context and purpose(s) of processing and the risks involved in the processing for the data subject. The Parties shall in particular consider having recourse to encryption or pseudonymisation, including during transmission, where the purpose of processing can be fulfilled in that manner.
- (b) The Parties have agreed on the technical and organisational measures set out in Annex II. The data importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to provide an appropriate level of security.
- (c) The data importer shall ensure that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.
- (d) In the event of a personal data breach concerning personal data processed by the data importer under these Clauses, the data importer shall take appropriate measures to address the personal data breach, including measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects.

- (e) In case of a personal data breach that is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the data importer shall without undue delay notify both the data exporter and the competent supervisory authority pursuant to Clause 13. Such notification shall contain i) a description of the nature of the breach (including, where possible, categories and approximate number of data subjects and personal data records concerned), ii) its likely consequences, iii) the measures taken or proposed to address the breach, and iv) the details of a contact point from whom more information can be obtained. To the extent it is not possible for the data importer to provide all the information at the same time, it may do so in phases without undue further delay.
- (f) In case of a personal data breach that is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the data importer shall also notify without undue delay the data subjects concerned of the personal data breach and its nature, if necessary in cooperation with the data exporter, together with the information referred to in paragraph (e), points ii) to iv), unless the data importer has implemented measures to significantly reduce the risk to the rights or freedoms of natural persons, or notification would involve disproportionate efforts. In the latter case, the data importer shall instead issue a public communication or take a similar measure to inform the public of the personal data breach.
- (g) The data importer shall document all relevant facts relating to the personal data breach, including its effects and any remedial action taken, and keep a record thereof.

8.6 Sensitive data

Where the transfer involves personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, genetic data, or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or a person's sex life or sexual orientation, or data relating to criminal convictions or offences (hereinafter 'sensitive data'), the data importer shall apply specific restrictions and/or additional safeguards adapted to the specific nature of the data and the risks involved. This may include restricting the personnel permitted to access the personal data, additional security measures (such as pseudonymisation) and/or additional restrictions with respect to further disclosure.

8.7 Onward transfers

The data importer shall not disclose the personal data to a third party located outside the European Union (in the same country as the data importer or in another third country, hereinafter 'onward transfer') unless the third party is or agrees to be bound by these Clauses, under the appropriate Module. Otherwise, an onward transfer by the data importer may only take place if:

- (i) it is to a country benefitting from an adequacy decision pursuant to Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the onward transfer;
- (ii) the third party otherwise ensures appropriate safeguards pursuant to Articles 46 or 47 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 with respect to the processing in question;

- (iii) the third party enters into a binding instrument with the data importer ensuring the same level of data protection as under these Clauses, and the data importer provides a copy of these safeguards to the data exporter;
- (iv) it is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings;
- (v) it is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person; or
- (vi) where none of the other conditions apply, the data importer has obtained the explicit consent of the data subject for an onward transfer in a specific situation, after having informed him/her of its purpose(s), the identity of the recipient and the possible risks of such transfer to him/her due to the lack of appropriate data protection safeguards. In this case, the data importer shall inform the data exporter and, at the request of the latter, shall transmit to it a copy of the information provided to the data subject.

Any onward transfer is subject to compliance by the data importer with all the other safeguards under these Clauses, in particular purpose limitation.

8.8 Processing under the authority of the data importer

The data importer shall ensure that any person acting under its authority, including a processor, processes the data only on its instructions.

8.9 Documentation and compliance

- (a) Each Party shall be able to demonstrate compliance with its obligations under these Clauses. In particular, the data importer shall keep appropriate documentation of the processing activities carried out under its responsibility.
- (b) The data importer shall make such documentation available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

Clause 10

Data subject rights

- (a) The data importer, where relevant with the assistance of the data exporter, shall deal with any enquiries and requests it receives from a data subject relating to the processing of his/her personal data and the exercise of his/her rights under these Clauses without undue delay and at the latest within one month of the receipt of the enquiry or request. The data importer shall take appropriate measures to facilitate such enquiries, requests and the exercise of data subject rights. Any information provided to the data subject shall be in an intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language.
- (b) In particular, upon request by the data subject the data importer shall, free of charge:

- (i) provide confirmation to the data subject as to whether personal data concerning him/her is being processed and, where this is the case, a copy of the data relating to him/her and the information in Annex I; if personal data has been or will be onward transferred, provide information on recipients or categories of recipients (as appropriate with a view to providing meaningful information) to which the personal data has been or will be onward transferred, the purpose of such onward transfers and their ground pursuant to Clause 8.7; and provide information on the right to lodge a complaint with a supervisory authority in accordance with Clause 12(c)(i);
 - (ii) rectify inaccurate or incomplete data concerning the data subject;
 - (iii) erase personal data concerning the data subject if such data is being or has been processed in violation of any of these Clauses ensuring third-party beneficiary rights, or if the data subject withdraws the consent on which the processing is based.
- (c) Where the data importer processes the personal data for direct marketing purposes, it shall cease processing for such purposes if the data subject objects to it.
- (d) The data importer shall not make a decision based solely on the automated processing of the personal data transferred (hereinafter 'automated decision'), which would produce legal effects concerning the data subject or similarly significantly affect him/her, unless with the explicit consent of the data subject or if authorised to do so under the laws of the country of destination, provided that such laws lay down suitable measures to safeguard the data subject's rights and legitimate interests. In this case, the data importer shall, where necessary in cooperation with the data exporter:
- (i) inform the data subject about the envisaged automated decision, the envisaged consequences and the logic involved; and
 - (ii) implement suitable safeguards, at least by enabling the data subject to contest the decision, express his/her point of view and obtain review by a human being.
- (e) Where requests from a data subject are excessive, in particular because of their repetitive character, the data importer may either charge a reasonable fee taking into account the administrative costs of granting the request or refuse to act on the request.
- (f) The data importer may refuse a data subject's request if such refusal is allowed under the laws of the country of destination and is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to protect one of the objectives listed in Article 23(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (g) If the data importer intends to refuse a data subject's request, it shall inform the data subject of the reasons for the refusal and the possibility of lodging a complaint with the competent supervisory authority and/or seeking judicial redress.

Clause 11

Redress

- (a) The data importer shall inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website, of a contact point authorised to handle complaints. It shall deal promptly with any complaints it receives from a data subject.
- (b) In case of a dispute between a data subject and one of the Parties as regards compliance with these Clauses, that Party shall use its best efforts to resolve the issue amicably in a timely fashion. The Parties shall keep each other informed about such disputes and, where appropriate, cooperate in resolving them.
- (c) Where the data subject invokes a third-party beneficiary right pursuant to Clause 3, the data importer shall accept the decision of the data subject to:
 - (i) lodge a complaint with the supervisory authority in the Member State of his/her habitual residence or place of work, or the competent supervisory authority pursuant to Clause 13;
 - (ii) refer the dispute to the competent courts within the meaning of Clause 18.
- (d) The Parties accept that the data subject may be represented by a not-for-profit body, organisation or association under the conditions set out in Article 80(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (e) The data importer shall abide by a decision that is binding under the applicable EU or Member State law.
- (f) The data importer agrees that the choice made by the data subject will not prejudice his/her substantive and procedural rights to seek remedies in accordance with applicable laws.

Clause 12

Liability

- (a) Each Party shall be liable to the other Party/ies for any damages it causes the other Party/ies by any breach of these Clauses.
- (b) Each Party shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages that the Party causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses. This is without prejudice to the liability of the data exporter under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (c) Where more than one Party is responsible for any damage caused to the data subject as a result of a breach of these Clauses, all responsible Parties shall be jointly and severally liable and the data subject is entitled to bring an action in court against any of these Parties.
- (d) The Parties agree that if one Party is held liable under paragraph (c), it shall be entitled to claim back from the other Party/ies that part of the compensation corresponding to its/their responsibility for the damage.

- (e)The data importer may not invoke the conduct of a processor or sub-processor to avoid its own liability.

Clause 13

Supervision

- (a)[Where the data exporter is established in an EU Member State:] The supervisory authority with responsibility for ensuring compliance by the data exporter with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as regards the data transfer, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

[Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) and has appointed a representative pursuant to Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679:] The supervisory authority of the Member State in which the representative within the meaning of Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is established, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

[Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) without however having to appoint a representative pursuant to Article 27(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679:] The supervisory authority of one of the Member States in which the data subjects whose personal data is transferred under these Clauses in relation to the offering of goods or services to them, or whose behaviour is monitored, are located, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

- (b)The data importer agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction of and cooperate with the competent supervisory authority in any procedures aimed at ensuring compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer agrees to respond to enquiries, submit to audits and comply with the measures adopted by the supervisory authority, including remedial and compensatory measures. It shall provide the supervisory authority with written confirmation that the necessary actions have been taken.

SECTION III – LOCAL LAWS AND OBLIGATIONS IN CASE OF ACCESS BY PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

Clause 14

Local laws and practices affecting compliance with the Clauses

- (a) The Parties warrant that they have no reason to believe that the laws and practices in the third country of destination applicable to the processing of the personal data by the data importer, including any requirements to disclose personal data or measures authorising access by public authorities, prevent the data importer from fulfilling its obligations under these Clauses. This is based on the understanding that laws and practices that respect the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and do not exceed what is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society

to safeguard one of the objectives listed in Article 23(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, are not in contradiction with these Clauses.

- (b) The Parties declare that in providing the warranty in paragraph (a), they have taken due account in particular of the following elements:
 - (i) the specific circumstances of the transfer, including the length of the processing chain, the number of actors involved and the transmission channels used; intended onward transfers; the type of recipient; the purpose of processing; the categories and format of the transferred personal data; the economic sector in which the transfer occurs; the storage location of the data transferred;
 - (ii) the laws and practices of the third country of destination– including those requiring the disclosure of data to public authorities or authorising access by such authorities – relevant in light of the specific circumstances of the transfer, and the applicable limitations and safeguards;
 - (iii) any relevant contractual, technical or organisational safeguards put in place to supplement the safeguards under these Clauses, including measures applied during transmission and to the processing of the personal data in the country of destination.
- (c) The data importer warrants that, in carrying out the assessment under paragraph (b), it has made its best efforts to provide the data exporter with relevant information and agrees that it will continue to cooperate with the data exporter in ensuring compliance with these Clauses.
- (d) The Parties agree to document the assessment under paragraph (b) and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter promptly if, after having agreed to these Clauses and for the duration of the contract, it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under paragraph (a), including following a change in the laws of the third country or a measure (such as a disclosure request) indicating an application of such laws in practice that is not in line with the requirements in paragraph (a).
- (f) Following a notification pursuant to paragraph (e), or if the data exporter otherwise has reason to believe that the data importer can no longer fulfil its obligations under these Clauses, the data exporter shall promptly identify appropriate measures (e.g. technical or organisational measures to ensure security and confidentiality) to be adopted by the data exporter and/or data importer to address the situation. The data exporter shall suspend the data transfer if it considers that no appropriate safeguards for such transfer can be ensured, or if instructed by the competent supervisory authority to do so. In this case, the data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses. If the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise. Where the contract is terminated pursuant to this Clause, Clause 16(d) and (e) shall apply.

Clause 15

Obligations of the data importer in case of access by public authorities

15.1 Notification

- (a) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter and, where possible, the data subject promptly (if necessary with the help of the data exporter) if it:
 - (i) receives a legally binding request from a public authority, including judicial authorities, under the laws of the country of destination for the disclosure of personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses; such notification shall include information about the personal data requested, the requesting authority, the legal basis for the request and the response provided; or
 - (ii) becomes aware of any direct access by public authorities to personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses in accordance with the laws of the country of destination; such notification shall include all information available to the importer.
- (b) If the data importer is prohibited from notifying the data exporter and/or the data subject under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to use its best efforts to obtain a waiver of the prohibition, with a view to communicating as much information as possible, as soon as possible. The data importer agrees to document its best efforts in order to be able to demonstrate them on request of the data exporter.
- (c) Where permissible under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to provide the data exporter, at regular intervals for the duration of the contract, with as much relevant information as possible on the requests received (in particular, number of requests, type of data requested, requesting authority/ies, whether requests have been challenged and the outcome of such challenges, etc.).
- (d) The data importer agrees to preserve the information pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (c) for the duration of the contract and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) Paragraphs (a) to (c) are without prejudice to the obligation of the data importer pursuant to Clause 14(e) and Clause 16 to inform the data exporter promptly where it is unable to comply with these Clauses.

15.2 Review of legality and data minimisation

- (a) The data importer agrees to review the legality of the request for disclosure, in particular whether it remains within the powers granted to the requesting public authority, and to challenge the request if, after careful assessment, it concludes that there are reasonable grounds to consider that the request is unlawful under the laws of the country of destination, applicable obligations under international law and principles of international comity. The data importer shall, under the same conditions, pursue possibilities of appeal. When challenging a request, the data importer shall seek interim measures with a view to suspending the effects of the request until the competent judicial authority has decided on its merits. It shall not disclose the personal data requested until required

to do so under the applicable procedural rules. These requirements are without prejudice to the obligations of the data importer under Clause 14(e).

- (b) The data importer agrees to document its legal assessment and any challenge to the request for disclosure and, to the extent permissible under the laws of the country of destination, make the documentation available to the data exporter. It shall also make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (c) The data importer agrees to provide the minimum amount of information permissible when responding to a request for disclosure, based on a reasonable interpretation of the request.

SECTION IV – FINAL PROVISIONS

Clause 16

Non-compliance with the Clauses and termination

- (a) The data importer shall promptly inform the data exporter if it is unable to comply with these Clauses, for whatever reason.
- (b) In the event that the data importer is in breach of these Clauses or unable to comply with these Clauses, the data exporter shall suspend the transfer of personal data to the data importer until compliance is again ensured or the contract is terminated. This is without prejudice to Clause 14(f).
- (c) The data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses, where:
 - (i) the data exporter has suspended the transfer of personal data to the data importer pursuant to paragraph (b) and compliance with these Clauses is not restored within a reasonable time and in any event within one month of suspension;
 - (ii) the data importer is in substantial or persistent breach of these Clauses; or
 - (iii) the data importer fails to comply with a binding decision of a competent court or supervisory authority regarding its obligations under these Clauses.

In these cases, it shall inform the competent supervisory authority of such non-compliance. Where the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise.

- (d) Personal data that has been transferred prior to the termination of the contract pursuant to paragraph (c) shall at the choice of the data exporter immediately be returned to the data exporter or deleted in its entirety. The same shall apply to any copies of the data. The data importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the data exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit the return or deletion of the transferred personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process the data to the extent and for as long as required under that local law.

- (e) Either Party may revoke its agreement to be bound by these Clauses where (i) the European Commission adopts a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the transfer of personal data to which these Clauses apply; or (ii) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 becomes part of the legal framework of the country to which the personal data is transferred. This is without prejudice to other obligations applying to the processing in question under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 17

Governing law

These Clauses shall be governed by the law of one of the EU Member States, provided such law allows for third-party beneficiary rights. The Parties agree that this shall be the law of France.

Clause 18

Choice of forum and jurisdiction

- (a) Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of an EU Member State.
- (b) The Parties agree that those shall be the courts of France.
- (c) A data subject may also bring legal proceedings against the data exporter and/or data importer before the courts of the Member State in which he/she has his/her habitual residence.
- (d) The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.

APPENDIX

ANNEX I

A. LIST OF PARTIES

Data exporter(s): *[Identity and contact details of the data exporter(s) and, where applicable, of its/their data protection officer and/or representative in the European Union]*

Data importer(s): *[Identity and contact details of the data importer(s), including any contact person with responsibility for data protection]*

Both parties could be data exporters or data importers under the partner agreements. Information regarding the Data Protection Officer and/or representative in the E.U. can be found on either party's website under privacy.

1. Name: HP. See in the Agreement.

Address: See in the Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: Zoe McMahon, DPO, <https://www.hp.com/us-en/privacy/ww-privacy-form.html>

Signature and date: Same as the Agreement

2. Name: Partner. See in the Agreement

Address: See in the Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: See in the Agreement and Partner website

Signature and date: Same as the Agreement

B. DESCRIPTION OF TRANSFER

Categories of data subjects whose personal data is transferred

See attachment 1

Categories of personal data transferred

See attachment 1

Sensitive data transferred (if applicable) and applied restrictions or safeguards that fully take into consideration the nature of the data and the risks involved, such as for instance strict purpose limitation, access restrictions (including access only for staff having followed specialised training), keeping a record of access to the data, restrictions for onward transfers or additional security measures.

See attachment 1

The frequency of the transfer (e.g. whether the data is transferred on a one-off or continuous basis).

See attachment 1

Nature of the processing

See attachment 1

Purpose(s) of the data transfer and further processing

See attachment 1

The period for which the personal data will be retained, or, if that is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period

See attachment 1

For transfers to (sub-) processors, also specify subject matter, nature and duration of the processing

See attachment 1

C. COMPETENT SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

Commission Nationale de l'informatique et des Libertés (CNIL)

ANNEX II

TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES INCLUDING TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES TO ENSURE THE SECURITY OF THE DATA

To protect Customer data, HP abides by a robust set of information security controls including policies, practices, procedures, and organizational structures to safeguard the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of its own and its customers' information (including Personal Data as defined in HP's Customer and Data Processing Addenda). The following sets forth an overview of HP's technical/organizational security measures throughout the company.

1. Security Policy

HP maintains globally applicable policies, standards, and procedures intended to protect HP and Customer data. The detail of HP's security policies is confidential to protect the integrity of HP's data and systems. However, summaries of our key policies are included below.

2. Information Security Organization

HP has an Information Security Organization responsible for directing and managing the organization's information security strategy and controls. An Information Security Framework/Management System is put in place to ensure compliance with HP's security policies and controls and confirm that the security requirements of its customers are complied with. This Framework is structured in alignment with the NIST Cybersecurity Framework and is reviewed annually.

3. Asset Management

HP has a process in place for identifying technical information assets, and through this process, HP identifies all assets under its responsibility and categorizes the critical assets. HP further maintains a set of documented handling procedures for each information classification type, including those assets that contain Personal Data. Handling procedures address storage, transmission, communication, access, logging, retention, destruction, disposal, incident management, and breach notification.

4. Access Control

The principle of least privilege is used for providing logical access control. User access is provided via a unique user ID and password. HP's password policy has defined complexity, strength, validity, and password-history related controls. Access rights are reviewed periodically and revoked upon personnel departure.

User account creation and deletion procedures, as have been mutually agreed upon, are implemented to grant and revoke access to client systems used during the engagement.

5. Personnel Training

HP employees must complete the Integrity at HP training designed to ensure that employees are familiar with the program, policies, and resources that govern HP's expectations for ethical behavior, excellence, and compliance. Integrity at HP features modules on security and data privacy, and employees also are required to

take an annual “refresher” course. HP employees must also complete an annually refreshed dedicated security awareness training focused on essential security policies and emphasizing the employees’ responsibilities related to incident management, data privacy, and information security.

6. Third Parties and Subcontractors

HP has processes in place to select sub-contractors that are able to comply with comprehensive contractual security requirements.

For applicable suppliers (suppliers that handle/store/transmit HP data and customer owned HP held data or have access to the HP network), HP Cybersecurity performs a risk assessment to verify the existence of an information security program. An adequate program must include physical, technical, and administrative safeguards. This assessment must be done before the supplier has access to HP information.

7. Systems Security

By policy, the development of systems and supporting software within HP follow a secure development methodology to ensure security throughout the system/software lifecycle. The Software Development Lifecycle defines initiation, development/acquisition, implementation, operations, and disposal requirements. All system components, including modules, libraries, services, and discrete components, are evaluated to determine their impact on the overall system security state.

HP has defined controls for the protection of application service transactions. These controls include validating and verifying user credentials, mandating digital signatures and encryption, implementing secure communication protocols, storing online transaction details on servers within the appropriate network security zone.

Internal vulnerability scans are performed regularly.

8. Physical and Environmental Security

HP facilities are secured using various physical and electronic access controls and surveillance capabilities. Depending on the facility, this could include security guards, electronic access control, and closed-circuit television (CCTV).

All HP personnel are registered and are required to carry appropriate identification badges.

Facilities have required infrastructure support with temperature control and power backups where required, using UPS and/or diesel generators to support critical services.

9. Operations Management

HP has defined a minimum set of hardening requirements for technology infrastructure, including workstations, servers, and network equipment. Workstation/servers images contain pre-hardened operating systems. Hardening requirements vary depending on the type of operating system and applicable controls implemented.

HP has deployed Network Intrusion Detection/Prevention Systems (NIDS/ NIPS) within the network and are monitored and managed 24*7.

HP security policies and standards mandate secure disposal of media.

10. Cryptography

HP has defined a set of robust processes for cryptography to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information assets. Approved protocols require encryption for certain assets, including those that contain personal data.

11. Information Security Incident Management

HP follows a developed Cyber Incident Management Process that addresses purpose, scope, roles, responsibilities, management commitment, organizational coordination, implementation procedures, and compliance checking. HP reviews and updates this process on an annual basis.

A Cyber Incident Response Team, which includes HP Cybersecurity personnel trained in incident response and crisis management, is assembled for regular table-top reviews of process and any incident or event.

12. Business Continuity Management

HP maintains a global Continuity of Operations program. This program takes a holistic, company-wide approach for end-to-end continuity through a set of collaborative, standardized, and internally documented planning processes.

HP periodically exercises its business continuity plans to ensure their effectiveness. HP currently tests and updates all plans at least yearly and ensures that people with a role in the business continuity plan are trained.

For transfers to (sub-) processors, also describe the specific technical and organisational measures to be taken by the (sub-) processor to be able to provide assistance to the controller and, for transfers from a processor to a sub-processor, to the data exporter

Sub-processors only process: name, business email address, business phone number, business address. The purpose of transferring this data is to complete the contract.

For HP all of the above technical and organizational measures are flowed down to the sub-processors through the partner code of conduct and contract terms. Sub-processors are required to commit to following HP's requirements.

ATTACHMENT 6 – STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES ARGENTINA

In accordance with the provisions of clause 6.4.1 of the Data Processing Addendum, Customer Personal Data originally collected in the Argentine Republic may be transferred, if required in connection with the services, to third countries.

If the transfer mentioned in the preceding paragraph implies transfer of Customer Personal Data to countries that are not considered as countries that provide adequate levels of protection by applicable Data Protection and Privacy Laws in Argentina, the EU Standard Contractual Clauses included in Attachment 2, with the modifications set forth below, shall be applicable to transfer.

1. Clause 4 shall be amended by adding the following:

Where these Clauses use terms that are defined in Argentina's Data Protection Law No. 25.326, its regulatory Decree No. 1558/2001, and their complementary regulations (as amended or replaced from time to time), such as 'personal data', 'sensitive data', 'process/processing', 'controller', 'processor', 'data subject' and 'supervisory authority', those terms shall have the same meaning as set forth in those regulations (as amended or replaced from time to time);

2. For the purposes of these Clauses, references to "the data importer" means the service provider located outside of Argentina that receives the personal data from the data exporter for the processing in accordance with the terms of this agreement;
3. For the purposes of these Clauses, 'the applicable data protection law' or 'Regulation (EU) 2016/679' shall be understood as references to Argentina's Data Protection Law No. 25.326 and its supporting regulations (as amended or replaced from time to time).
4. In addition to Clause 8.8 (Onward transfers), the following shall apply:

Where Personal Data originating from Argentina is concerned, international data transfers shall only be permitted if either (i) the destination country provides adequate level of protection as determined by Argentina law, or (ii) one of the exceptions under Article 12 of Argentina's Data Protection Law 25.326 applies.

5. Clause 11, subsection (c), item (ii) shall be replaced as follows:

(c) (ii) to refer the dispute to the judicial and administrative jurisdiction of the Argentina Republic.

6. Clause 17 shall be replaced as follows:

These clauses shall be governed by the laws of the Argentina Republic, in particular by the Law No. 25.326, its regulations and dispositions issued by Argentina's Data Protection Authority (as amended or replaced from time to time).

7. Clause 18 shall be replaced as follows:

- (a) Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of the Argentina Republic.
- (b) The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.

ATTACHMENT 7 – INTERNATIONAL DATA TRANSFER AGREEMENT (UK)

Part 1: Tables

Table 1: Parties and signatures

Start date	Same as the Agreement	
The Parties	Exporter (who sends the Restricted Transfer)	Importer (who receives the Restricted Transfer)
Parties' details	Full legal name: See in the Agreement Trading name (if different): See in the Agreement Main address (if a company registered address): See in the Agreement Official registration number (if any) (company number or similar identifier): See in the Agreement	Full legal name See in the Agreement Trading name (if different): See in the Agreement Main address (if a company registered address): See in the Agreement Official registration number (if any) (company number or similar identifier): See in the Agreement
Key Contact	Full Name (optional): See in the Agreement Job Title: See in the Agreement Contact details including email: See in the Agreement	Full Name (optional): See in the Agreement Job Title: See in the Agreement Contact details including email: See in the Agreement
Importer Data Subject Contact		Job Title: See in the Agreement Contact details including email: See in the Agreement

Signatures confirming each Party agrees to be bound by this IDTA	Signed for and on behalf of the Exporter set out above Signed: See in the Agreement Date of signature: See in the Agreement Full name: See in the Agreement Job title: See in the Agreement	Signed for and on behalf of the Importer set out above Signed: See in the Agreement Date of signature: See in the Agreement Full name: See in the Agreement Job title: See in the Agreement

Table 2: Transfer Details

UK country's law that governs the IDTA:	☒ England and Wales ☐ Northern Ireland ☐ Scotland
Primary place for legal claims to be made by the Parties	☒ England and Wales ☐ Northern Ireland ☐ Scotland
The status of the Exporter	In relation to the Processing of the Transferred Data: ☒ Exporter is a Controller ☐ Exporter is a Processor or Sub-Processor
The status of the Importer	In relation to the Processing of the Transferred Data: ☐ Importer is a Controller ☒ Importer is the Exporter's Processor or Sub-Processor ☐ Importer is not the Exporter's Processor or Sub-Processor (and the Importer has been instructed by a Third Party Controller)

Whether UK GDPR applies to the Importer	☐ UK GDPR applies to the Importer's Processing of the Transferred Data ☒ UK GDPR does not apply to the Importer's Processing of the Transferred Data
Linked Agreement	If the Importer is the Exporter's Processor or Sub-Processor – the agreement(s) between the Parties which sets out the Processor's or Sub-Processor's instructions for Processing the Transferred Data: Name of agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Date of agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Parties to the agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Reference (if any): If applicable, see in the Agreement Other agreements – any agreement(s) between the Parties which set out additional obligations in relation to the Transferred Data, such as a data sharing agreement or service agreement: Name of agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Date of agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Parties to the agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Reference (if any): If applicable, see in the Agreement If the Exporter is a Processor or Sub-Processor – the agreement(s) between the Exporter and the Party(s) which sets out the Exporter's instructions for Processing the Transferred Data: Name of agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Date of agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Parties to the agreement: If applicable, see in the Agreement Reference (if any): If applicable, see in the Agreement

Term	The Importer may Process the Transferred Data for the following time period: ☒ the period for which the Linked Agreement is in force ☐ time period: ☐ (only if the Importer is a Controller or not the Exporter's Processor or Sub-Processor) no longer than is necessary for the Purpose.
Ending the IDTA before the end of the Term	☒ the Parties cannot end the IDTA before the end of the Term unless there is a breach of the IDTA or the Parties agree in writing. ☐ the Parties can end the IDTA before the end of the Term by serving: months' written notice, as set out in Section 29. (How to end this IDTA without there being a breach).
Ending the IDTA when the Approved IDTA changes	Which Parties may end the IDTA as set out in Section 29.2: ☒ Importer ☒ Exporter ☐ neither Party
Can the Importer make further transfers of the Transferred Data?	☒ The Importer MAY transfer on the Transferred Data to another organisation or person (who is a different legal entity) in accordance with Section 16.1 (Transferring on the Transferred Data). ☐ The Importer MAY NOT transfer on the Transferred Data to another organisation or person (who is a different legal entity) in accordance with Section 16.1 (Transferring on the Transferred Data).
Specific restrictions when the Importer may transfer on the Transferred Data	The Importer MAY ONLY forward the Transferred Data in accordance with Section 16.1: ☐ if the Exporter tells it in writing that it may do so. ☐ to: ☐ to the authorised receivers (or the categories of authorised receivers) set out in: ☒ there are no specific restrictions.

Review Dates	☐ No review is needed as this is a one-off transfer and the Importer does not retain any Transferred Data First review date: The Parties must review the Security Requirements at least once: ☐ each month(s) ☐ each quarter ☐ each 6 months ☐ each year ☐ each year(s) ☒ each time there is a change to the Transferred Data, Purposes, Importer Information, TRA or risk assessment
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Table 3: Transferred Data

Transferred Data	The personal data to be sent to the Importer under this IDTA consists of: ☒ The categories of Transferred Data will update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. ☐ The categories of Transferred Data will NOT update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. The Parties must agree a change under Section 5.3.
Special Categories of Personal Data and criminal convictions and offences	The Transferred Data includes data relating to: ☐ racial or ethnic origin ☐ political opinions ☐ religious or philosophical beliefs ☐ trade union membership ☐ genetic data ☐ biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person ☐ physical or mental health ☐ sex life or sexual orientation

	☐ criminal convictions and offences ☒ none of the above ☐ set out in: And: ☒ The categories of special category and criminal records data will update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. ☐ The categories of special category and criminal records data will NOT update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. The Parties must agree a change under Section 5.3.
Relevant Data Subjects	The Data Subjects of the Transferred Data are: ☒ The categories of Data Subjects will update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. ☐ The categories of Data Subjects will not update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. The Parties must agree a change under Section 5.3.
Purpose	☐ The Importer may Process the Transferred Data for the following purposes: ☐ The Importer may Process the Transferred Data for the purposes set out in: In both cases, any other purposes which are compatible with the purposes set out above. ☒ The purposes will update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. ☐ The purposes will NOT update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. The Parties must agree a change under Section 5.3.

Table 4: Security Requirements

Security of Transmission	HP has defined controls for the protection of application service transactions. These controls include: validating and verifying user credentials, mandating digital
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	signatures and encryption, implementing secure communication protocols, storing online transaction details on servers within the appropriate network security zone.
Security of Storage	HP's cybersecurity department/organization and HP's legal department maintain a set of documented handling procedures for each information classification type and work along with department in charge of Data Privacy for any pertinent matters. Handling procedures account for: storage, transmission, communication, access, logging, retention, destruction, disposal, incident management, and breach notification. HP Information Technology have a process in place for identifying technical information assets. HP identifies all assets under its responsibility, categorizing the critical assets. A record of information assets and systems that are both HP-owned and externally managed by service providers is maintained. Documented processes for server decommissioning, orphaned and legacy media are also implemented to ensure proper management and disposition of non-removable media.
Security of Processing	By policy, development of systems and supporting software within HP follow a secure development methodology to ensure security throughout the system/software lifecycle. The Software Development Lifecycle defines initiation, development/acquisition, implementation, operations, and disposal requirements. All system components, which include modules, libraries, services, and discrete components, are evaluated to determine their impact on the overall system security state. HP implements logging mechanisms for system applications and devices. HP has developed robust procedures for the installation, configuration, upgrade, testing, and security patching of operational software, including but not limited to email, office productivity suites, and Internet browsers. Internal vulnerability scans are performed both on a quarterly basis and after any significant change.
Organisational security measures	To protect its own as well as Customer Personal Data, HP has defined a minimum set of hardening requirements for technology infrastructure which includes workstations, servers and network equipment. Workstation / servers images contain pre-hardened operating systems. Hardening requirements vary depending on the type of operating system and applicable controls implemented. Systems with external connections will be protected by hardening and firewalls. Externally facing systems will be placed in a Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) or other similar configuration to protect internal HP systems. Critical network zones are logically isolated. Remote access to devices on the HP internal network, with the exception of the email system, requires the use of HP standard VPN solution. Network Intrusion Detection / Prevention Systems (NIDS/ NIPS) are placed in strategic locations within

	the network and are monitored and managed 24*7. All devices that have logging capabilities, such as operating systems, databases, applications, firewalls, routers and switches are required to be configured as per HP's logging and auditing standard. HP security policies and standards mandate secure disposal of media.
Technical security minimum requirements	Developers are required to follow the coding standards and testing guidelines defined for the system to comply with application security requirements. Source code is required to be secured in a manner that prevents unauthorized access. Preliminary testing is performed and non-production patch testing is scheduled. Post feedback from the non-production testing, implementation on production environment is scheduled and implemented.
Updates to the Security Requirements	☒ The Security Requirements will update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. ☐ The Security Requirements will NOT update automatically if the information is updated in the Linked Agreement referred to. The Parties must agree a change under Section 5.3.

Part 2: Extra Protection Clauses

Extra Protection Clauses:	
(i) Extra technical security protections	
(ii) Extra organisational protections	
(iii) Extra contractual protections	

Part 3: Commercial Clauses

Commercial Clauses	
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Part 4: Mandatory Clauses

Mandatory Clauses	Part 4: Mandatory Clauses of the Approved IDTA, being the template IDTA A.1.0 issued by the ICO and laid before Parliament in accordance with s119A of the Data Protection Act 2018 on 2 February 2022, as it is revised under Section 5.4 of those Mandatory Clauses.
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ATTACHMENT 8 – STANDARD CONTRACT FOR PERSONAL INFORMATION CROSS-BORDER TRANSFER (CHINA)

For the purposes of ensuring that the activity of the overseas recipient processing personal information meets the personal information protection standards specified in the relevant laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China, and clarifying the obligations and responsibilities of the personal information handler and the overseas recipient for personal information protection, this Contract is made and entered into by and between:

Personal information handler:

Address:

Contact Information:

Contact Person:

Position:

and

Overseas recipient:

Address:

Contact Information:

Contact Person:

Position:

The personal information handler and the overseas recipient shall conduct cross-border transfer of personal information in accordance with this Contract. In terms of any commercial activities relating thereto, both Parties [have entered into]/ [agreed to enter into] a commercial contract, i.e., [the name of the commercial contract, if any] on [Year], [Month], [Date].

The text of this Contract is drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the *Measures for Standard Contract for Personal Information Cross-Border Transfer*. If there is any other agreement between the two parties, it will be described in detail, if needed, in an Annex, which would constitute an integral part of this Contract on the condition that they do not conflict with the content of this Contract.

Article 1 Definition

In this Contract, except as otherwise provided in the context:

- (1) "Personal information handler" means any organization or individual who independently determines the purpose and means of Personal Information processing activities and provides personal information outside the People's Republic of China.
- (2) "Overseas recipient" refers to an organization or individual located outside the territory of the People's Republic of China and receiving personal information from the personal information handler.
- (3) The personal information handler and the overseas recipient are hereinafter referred to individually as a "Party" and collectively as the "Parties".

- (4) “Personal information subject” refers to a natural person identified by or associated with the personal information.
- (5) “Personal information” means all kinds of information related to an identified or identifiable individual, recorded in electronic form or other forms, excluding anonymized information.
- (6) “Sensitive personal information” means any personal information that is likely to result in damage to the personal dignity of any individual or damage to his or her personal or property safety once leaked or illegally used, including information such as biometric identification, religious belief, specific identity, medical health, financial account and personal whereabouts, as well as the personal information of minors under the age of 14.
- (7) “Regulatory authority” refers to the cyberspace departments at or above the provincial level of the People's Republic of China.
- (8) “Relevant laws and regulations” refer to the *Cybersecurity Law of the People's Republic of China*, the *Data Security Law of the People's Republic of China*, the *Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China*, the *Civil Code of the People's Republic of China*, the *Civil Procedure Law of the People's Republic of China*, the *Measures for Standard Contract for Personal Information Cross-border* and other laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China.
- (9) The meanings of other undefined terms in this Contract shall be consistent with those stipulated in relevant laws and regulations.

Article 2 Obligations of personal information handler

The personal information handler shall be subject to the following obligations:

- (1) Personal information is collected and used in accordance with relevant laws and regulations; the scope of personal information to be transferred abroad is limited to the minimum scope required to achieve the purpose of processing.
- (2) The personal information subject shall be notified of the name and contact information of the overseas recipient, the processing purpose, the processing means, the category of personal information and the retention period, and the means and procedure for exercising the rights of the personal information subject etc., if necessary in an Annex titled “Instructions on Personal Information Cross-Border Transfer”. Where sensitive personal information is to be provided overseas, the personal information subject shall also be informed of the necessity of provision of sensitive personal information and its impact on the rights and interests of the personal information subject, unless otherwise provided by the laws and administrative regulations that such notification is not required.
- (3) Where the provision of personal information overseas is based on individual's consent, the separate consent shall be obtained from the personal information subject. If personal information of minors under the age of 14 is involved, the separate consent shall be obtained from his or her parents or other guardians. Where the written consent is required to be obtained by laws and administrative regulations, such written consent shall be obtained.
- (4) Personal information subjects have been informed that it and the overseas recipient have agreed through this Contract that the personal information subjects are the third-party beneficiary, and if the personal information subjects do not explicitly refuse within 30 days, they can enjoy the rights of the third-party beneficiary in accordance with this Contract.
- (5) It shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that the overseas recipient adopts the following technical and management measures (based on a comprehensive consideration of personal information security risks resulted

from the processing purpose of the personal information, the category of personal information, scale, scope and sensitivity of personal information to be exported, the quantity and frequency of transfer, the duration of transfer and retention period of personal information by the overseas recipient etc.), to perform the obligations under this Contract:

Technical and management measures specified in an Annex, as needed.

(6) It will provide a copy of relevant legal provisions and technical standards to the overseas recipient at its/his request.

(7) It will respond to inquiries from regulatory authorities about the personal information processing activity of the overseas recipient.

(8) An impact assessment on personal information protection has been carried out in accordance with relevant laws and regulations on the proposed activity of providing the overseas recipient with personal information. The assessment has taken into account:

1. The legitimacy, justifiability and necessity of the purpose, scope, method, etc. of processing personal information by the personal information handler and the overseas recipient;
2. The volume, scope, types and sensitivity of personal information to be transferred abroad, and the risks that the cross-border transfer of personal information may bring to personal information rights and interests;
3. The responsibilities and obligations undertaken by the overseas recipient, and whether the management and technical measures, capabilities, etc. to fulfill the obligations can ensure the security of personal information to be transferred abroad;
4. The risk of personal information being divulged, damaged, tampered with and abused after cross-border transfer, whether the channels for individuals to safeguard personal information rights and interests are unobstructed, etc.;
5. Evaluate the possible impact of local personal information protection policy and regulations on compliance with the terms of this Contract in accordance with Article 4 of this Contract;
6. Other matters that may impact the security of personal information cross-border transfer.

The personal information protection impact assessment reports shall be kept for at least three years.

(9) It will provide a copy of this Contract to the personal information subjects at their requests. To the extent necessary to protect trade secrets or other confidential information (such as the contents of protected intellectual property, etc.), the relevant contents of this Contract may be properly shielded before a copy is provided, however, it undertakes to provide an effective summary to the personal information subjects to help them understand the contents of this Contract.

(10) It bears the burden of proof to prove that the obligations under this Contract have been fulfilled.

(11) It will provide the regulatory authorities with the information specified in Paragraph (11) of Article 3, including all audit results, in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Article 3 Obligations of overseas recipient

The overseas recipient shall be subject to following obligations:

(1) It shall process personal information in accordance with the agreements listed, if needed, in an Annex titled "Instructions on Personal Information Cross-Border Transfer". Where the processing of personal information goes beyond the agreed processing purpose, processing means, and categories of personal information, the separate consent of personal information subject shall be obtained in advance if such processing is relied on the

individual's consent. If any personal information of minors under the age of 14 is involved, the separate consent of minors' parents or other guardians shall be obtained.

(2) Where the overseas recipient is entrusted by the personal information handler to process personal information, it shall process personal information in accordance with the agreement with the personal information handler. The overseas recipient shall not process personal information in a way beyond the processing purpose or means as agreed with the personal information handler.

(3) It/he will provide a copy of this Contract to the personal information subjects according to their requirements. To the extent necessary to protect trade secrets or other confidential information (such as the contents of protected intellectual property, etc.), the relevant contents of this Contract may be properly shielded before a copy is provided, however, it/he undertakes to provide an effective summary to the personal information subjects to help them understand the content of this Contract. (4) It shall process personal information in a manner that has the least impact on the rights and interests of the personal information subject.

(5) The storage period of personal information shall be the minimum time necessary for the purpose of processing; after the above storage period is exceeded, the personal information (including all backups) shall be deleted or anonymized. Where it is entrusted by the personal information handler to process personal information, the overseas recipient shall return the personal information to the personal information handler or delete it, in the event the entrustment contract does not come into effect, becomes invalid, or is revoked or terminated, and provide a written statement to the personal information handler. If it is technically impossible to delete the personal information, the overseas recipient shall cease the processing of personal information other than storage and any necessary measures taken for the security protection.

(6) Ensure the security of personal information processing in the following methods:

1. Take effective technical and management measures including but not limited to those set out in Article 2 (5) this Contract, and conduct periodic checks to ensure the security of personal information.
2. Ensure that the personnel authorized to process personal information fulfill the obligation of maintaining confidentiality and establish an access control policy of minimum authorization so that the aforementioned personnel can only access the minimum necessary personal information required for their duties, and have only the least data operation permissions necessary to perform their duties.

(7) If the processed personal information is or may be tampered with, destroyed, leaked, lost, illegally used, provided or accessed without authorization, the overseas recipient shall carry out the following works:

1. Take appropriate remedial measures in a timely manner to reduce the adverse impact on the personal information subjects;
2. Notify the personal information handlers immediately and report to the regulatory authorities of the People's Republic of China in accordance with relevant laws and regulations. The notification contains the following:
 - (a) the category of personal information that has been or may be tampered with, destroyed, leaked, lost, illegally used, provided or accessed without authorization, the cause of the adverse event, the potential damage;
 - (b) Remedial measures that have been taken;
 - (c) Measures that individuals can take to mitigate hazards;
 - (d) The contact information of the person in charge of dealing with the data leakage or the responsible team.

3. Where relevant laws and regulations require the personal information subjects to be notified, the content of the notice shall include the contents of Subparagraph 2 above. Where the processing of

personal information is entrusted by the personal information handler, the personal information handler shall notify the personal information subject.

4. Record and retain all information in relation to the occurrence or potential occurrence of tampering, destruction, leakage, loss, illegal use, unauthorized provision or access, including all remedial measures taken.

(8) It/he will not provide personal information to third parties located outside the People's Republic of China unless all of the following requirements are met:

1. It/he does have real business that requires a provision of personal information.

2. The personal information subjects have been informed of the identity and the contact information of the third party, the purpose of processing, the method of processing, the types of personal information, the retention period, as well as the methods and procedures for exercising the rights of the personal information subjects. Where sensitive personal information is to be provided to such third party, the personal information subject shall also be informed of the necessity of providing sensitive personal information and its impact on personal rights and interests unless otherwise provided by the laws and administrative regulations that such notification is not required.

3. Where the processing of personal information is based on individual's consent, the separate consent of the personal information subject shall be obtained. If personal information of a minor under the age of 14 is involved, the consent shall be obtained from his or her parents or other guardians. Where written consent is required by laws or administrative regulations, such written consent shall be obtained.

4. Reach a written agreement with the third party to ensure that the level of personal information protection provided by the third party is not lower than that stipulated in the relevant laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China, and to assume liabilities for the infringement to the rights of the personal information subject arising from the provision of the personal information to the third party located outside the People's Republic of China.

5. Provide a copy of the above written agreement to the personal information subject at the request of the personal information subject. If trade secrets or confidential information are involved, the relevant contents of the written agreement can be redacted to some extent without affecting the understanding of the personal information subject.

(9) Obtain the prior consent of the personal information handler when being entrusted by it to process the personal information and entrusting it to a third party; ensure that the entrusted third party does not process personal information beyond the purpose and method of processing stipulated, if necessary, in an Annex titled "Instructions on Personal Information Cross-Border Transfer" to this Contract and supervise the personal information processing activity of that third party.

(10) Make automated decisions by using personal information, ensure the transparency of decision making and the fairness and impartiality of the results, and do not accord unreasonable differential treatment to personal information subjects on transaction conditions such as transaction prices. Where automated decision-making is used for information push and commercial marketing to the personal information subject, the overseas recipient shall provide personal information subject with either options that are not specific to their personal characteristics, or with a convenient way of refusal for the personal information subject.

(11) Undertake to provide the personal information handler with all necessary information to prove compliance with the obligations under this Contract and allow the personal information handler to view necessary data files and documents, or to allow the personal information handler to conduct compliance audits on the processing

activity covered by this Contract. When the personal information handler decides to view or audit, provide facilitation for the handler to carry out the compliance audit.

(12) Keep an objective record of the personal information processing activity carried out, retain the records for at least three years, and provide relevant records and documents to the regulatory authorities directly or through the personal information handler as required by relevant laws and regulations.

(13) Agree to be subject to the supervision and administration of the regulatory authorities in the relevant procedures for supervising the implementation of this Contract, including but not limited to, responding to the inquiries of the regulatory authorities, cooperating in the inspection of the regulatory authorities, and complying with the measures or decisions taken or made by the regulatory authorities, and providing written proof that necessary actions have been taken.

Article 4 Impact of personal information protection policy & regulations in the overseas recipient's home country/region on compliance with this Contract

(1) The Parties shall ensure that they have fulfilled their obligations of reasonable care at the time of the conclusion of this Contract and have not found any personal information protection policy & regulations of the country or region where the overseas recipient is located (including any requirements for the provision of personal information or the provisions authorizing public organs to access personal information) in that would affect the overseas recipient's obligations under this Contract.

(2) The Parties hereby state that in providing the guarantee in Paragraph (1) of Article 4, the following factors have been taken into account:

1. Specific information regarding cross-border transfer of personal information, including the types, volume, scope and sensitivity of personal information to be transferred abroad, the scale and frequency of transfer, the period of personal information transmission and the storage period of the overseas recipient, the purpose of personal information processing, previous similar experience of the overseas recipient in the cross-border transfer and processing of personal information, whether data security-related incidents have occurred to the overseas recipient and whether they have been dealt with in a timely and effective manner, whether the overseas recipient ever received a request from the public organs of its/his home country/region to provide personal information and the response of the overseas recipient;

2. Personal information protection policy & regulations in the overseas recipient's home country/region include the following factors:

- (a) The current laws and regulations and widely applied standards for the personal information protection in that country or region;
 - (b) Regional or global organizations on personal information protection to which the country or region is a member, and binding international commitments made by such country or region;
 - (c) The mechanism for the personal information protection in that country or region, such as whether there are supervision and law enforcement authorities and relevant judicial bodies for the personal information protection.

3. The security management system and technical means guarantee capability of the overseas recipient.

(3) The overseas recipient guarantees that in conducting an evaluation in accordance with Paragraph (2) of Article 4, it/he has made every effort to provide the personal information handler with the necessary relevant information.

(4) The Parties shall record the process and results of the evaluation conducted in accordance with Paragraph (2) of Article 4.

(5) Where the overseas recipient is unable to perform this Contract due to changes in the personal information protection policy & regulations in the overseas recipient's home country/region (including changes in the laws of the overseas recipient's home country/region, or taking compulsory measures), the overseas recipient shall notify the personal information handler immediately after being aware of the above-mentioned changes.

(6) The overseas recipient shall immediately notify the personal information handler when receiving the request from the government department or judicial authority of the country or region where it is located for provision of personal information under this Contract.

Article 5 Rights of personal information subjects

The Parties agree that, in accordance with relevant laws and regulations, the personal information subjects are vested with the right to carry out the obligations of the Parties to protect personal information in this Contract as a third party beneficiary.

(1) Personal information subjects shall, in accordance with relevant laws and regulations, have the right to know, the right to make decisions, the right to restrict or refuse others to process their personal information, the right to view, the right to copy, the right to make corrections and supplement, and the right to delete, and the right to require an explanation of their personal information processing rules.

(2) When personal information subjects request to exercise the above-mentioned rights over the personal information that has been transferred abroad, they may request the personal information handler to take appropriate measures to achieve it, or make a request directly to the overseas recipient. If the personal information handler is unable to achieve it, it shall notify and request the overseas recipient to assist in realizing it.

(3) The overseas recipient shall, in accordance with the notification of the personal information handler or at the request of the personal information subjects, realize the rights exercised by the personal information subjects in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations within a reasonable time limit.

The overseas recipient shall inform the personal information subjects of the relevant information truthfully, accurately and completely in a clear and plain language.

(4) If the overseas recipient plans to reject the request of the personal information subjects, it/he shall inform the personal information subjects of the reasons for such refusal and the methods for the personal information subjects to lodge a complaint with the relevant regulatory authorities and seek judicial relief.

(5) The personal information subjects, as the third-party beneficiary under this Contract, shall have the right to claim and demand, to any of the personal information handler and the overseas recipient, the performance of the following provisions relating to the rights of the personal information subjects under this Contract:

1. Article 2, except Paragraphs (5), (6), (7) and (11) of Article 2;
2. Article 3, except Subparagraphs 2 and 4 of Paragraph (7), Paragraphs (9), (11), (12) and (13) of Article 3;
3. Article 4, except Paragraphs (5) and (6) of Article 4.
4. Article 5;
5. Article 6;
6. Paragraphs (2) and (3) of Article 8;
7. Paragraph (5) of Article 9.

The agreement above shall not affect the rights and interests of the personal information subject as provided in the *Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China*.

Article 6 Relief

(1) The overseas recipient shall appoint a contact person within the organization and authorize him to respond to inquiries or complaints about the processing of personal information and shall handle any inquiries or complaints from the personal information subjects in a timely manner. The overseas recipient shall inform the personal information handler of the contact information, and inform the personal information subjects of the contact information through a separate notification or announcement on its/his website in a simple and easy-to-understand way, as follows:

Contact person:

contact information:

(2) The Parties agree that if a dispute between a personal information subject and either of the Parties occurs in terms of complying with this Contract, such either party shall inform the other party of the relevant situation and cooperate to resolve the dispute in a timely manner.

(3) If the dispute is not settled amicably and the personal information subject exercises the rights of the third party beneficiary in accordance with Article 5, the overseas recipient accepts the personal information subject to defend his or her rights through either of the following means:

1. Lodge a complaint with the regulatory authorities;
2. Bring an action in the court as provided for in Article 6 (5).

(4) The Parties agree that where personal information subject exercises the rights as a third-party beneficiary with respect to a dispute under this Contract, if the personal information subject chooses to apply the Relevant Laws and Regulations of the People's Republic of China, such choice shall prevail.

(5) The Parties agree that where personal information subject exercises the rights as a third-party beneficiary with respect to a dispute under this Contract, the personal information subject may bring a lawsuit with a competent court in accordance with the *Civil Procedure Law of the People's Republic of China*.

(6) The Parties agree that the fact that the personal information subject has sought remedies in accordance with provisions above shall not prejudice his/her rights to seek remedies under other laws and regulations.

Article 7 Cancellation of contract

(1) If the overseas recipient violates any of its obligations stipulated in this Contract, or is unable to perform this Contract due to any change in the personal information protection policies and regulations of the country or region where the overseas recipient is located (including amendment to the laws or the adoption of mandatory measures of the country or region where the overseas recipient is located), the personal information handler may suspend the transfer of personal information to the overseas recipient until the violation is corrected or this Contract is cancelled.

(2) Under any of the following circumstances, the personal information handler shall have the right to cancel this Contract and, if necessary, notify the regulatory authorities:

1. The personal information handler suspends the transfer of personal information to the overseas recipient for more than one month in accordance with Paragraph (1) of Article 7.

2. The overseas recipient's compliance with this Contract will violate the laws and regulations of its/his home country;
3. The overseas recipient seriously or continuously violates the obligations under this Contract;
4. According to the final decision made by the competent court or regulatory authority of the overseas recipient, the overseas recipient or personal information handler has violated the provisions of this Contract.

In the case of Subparagraphs 1, 2 or 4 above, the overseas recipient may also cancel this Contract.

(3) This Contract is cancelled with the consent of the Parties, but the cancellation of this Contract shall not exempt them from their obligations to protect personal information in the process of personal information processing.

(5) Upon cancellation of this Contract, the overseas recipient shall return or delete the personal information (including all backups) it has received under this Contract in a timely manner, and provide a written statement to the personal information handler. If it is technically impossible to delete the personal information, the processing of personal information other than storage and any necessary measures taken for the security protection, shall cease.

Article 8 Liability for breach of contract

(1) Either party shall be liable to the other party for any damage caused to the other party as a result of their breach of this Contract.

(2) Each Party shall assume civil liabilities to the personal information subject for any infringement on the rights of the personal information subject arising from its breach of this Contract, without prejudice to the administrative, criminal or other liabilities that the personal information handler shall assume under the Relevant Laws and Regulations.

(3) Where the Parties assume joint and several liabilities according to the laws, the personal information subject has the right to request either Party or both Parties to assume the liabilities. When the liability assumed by one Party exceeds the liability such Party shall assumed, it shall have the right to claim against the other Party accordingly.

Article 9 Miscellaneous

(1) In the event of a conflict between this Contract and any other agreements already existing between the parties at the time of its conclusion, the terms of this Contract shall prevail.

(2) This formation, validity, performance and interpretation of this Contract and any dispute between the Parties arising from this Contract shall be governed by the Relevant Laws and Regulations of the People's Republic of China.

(3) All notices shall be promptly sent or mailed by electronic mail, cable, telex, facsimile (with a confirmation copy sent by airmail), or registered airmail to _____, or other address for which written notice is given in lieu of such. If a notice or communication under this Contract is sent by registered airmail, it shall be deemed to have been received twenty (20) days after the date of the postmark, and if sent by e-mail, telegram, telex or facsimile, it shall be deemed to have been received five (5) working days after it was sent out.

(4) Any dispute arising from this Contract between the personal information handler and the overseas recipient and any party's claim for compensations from the other party for making advance compensation for the personal information subject's damages shall be settled through negotiation by both parties; if the negotiation fails, either

party may take Item 1 of the following methods to resolve the dispute (if arbitration is required, please check the box for the chosen the arbitration institution):

1. Arbitration. Submit the dispute to

☒ China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission

☐ China Maritime Arbitration Commission

☐ Beijing Arbitration Commission (Beijing International Arbitration Center)

☐ Shanghai International Arbitration Center

☐ Other arbitration institutions that are members of the Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards: _____. Arbitration will be conducted at _____ (place of arbitration) in accordance with its arbitration rules then in force.

2. Litigation. Bring a suit before a people's court with jurisdiction in China in accordance with the law.

(5) This Contract shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of relevant laws and regulations, and shall not be interpreted in a manner inconsistent with the rights and obligations stipulated in relevant laws and regulations.

(6) This Contract shall be executed in three (3) originals, and the Parties, the personal information handler and the overseas recipient, shall each hold one (1) original(s), with the equal legal effect.

This Contract is executed at _____.

Personal information handler:

[MM/DD/2024]

Overseas recipient:

[MM/DD/2024]

ATTACHMENT 9 – BRAZIL STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

CLAUSE 1. Identification of the Parties

1.1 By this agreement, the Exporter and the Importer (hereinafter, “Parties”), identified below, have agreed to these standard contractual clauses (hereinafter, “Clauses”) approved by the National Data Protection Authority (ANPD), to govern the International Data Transfer described in CLAUSE 2, in accordance with the provisions of the National Legislation.

Name:
Qualification:
Main Address:
E-mail Address:
Contact for the Data Subject:
Other information: () Exporter/Controller () Exporter/processor)

Name:
Qualification:
Main Address:
E-mail Address:
Contact for the Data Subject:
Other information: () Exporter/Controller () Exporter/processor)

CLAUSE 2. Object

2.1 This Clauses shall apply to International Transfers of Personal Data between Data Exporters and Data Importers, as described below.

Description of the international data transfer:
Main purposes of the transfer: See Attachment 1
Categories of personal data transferred: See Attachment 1
Period of data storage: See clause 3.1.6 of the DPA
Other information: N/A

CLAUSE 3. Onward Transfers

3.1. The Importer may carry out an Onward Transfer of Personal Data subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses, in the cases and according to the conditions described below and the provisions of CLAUSE 18.

Main purposes of the transfer: See Attachment 1
Categories of personal data transferred: See Attachment 1
Period of data storage: See clause 3.1.6 of the DPA
Other information: N/A

CLAUSE 4. Responsibilities of the Parties

4.1 Without prejudice to the duty of mutual assistance and the general obligations of the Parties, the Designated Party below, as Controller, shall be responsible for complying with the following obligations set out in these Clauses:

- a) Responsible for publishing the document provided in CLAUSE 14;
(X) Exporter () Importer
- b) Responsible for responding to requests from Data Subjects dealt with in CLAUSE 15:
(X) Exporter () Importer
- c) Responsible for notifying the security incident provided in CLAUSE 16:
(X) Exporter () Importer

4.2. For the purposes of these Clauses, if the Designated Party pursuant to item 4.1. is the Processor, the Controller remains responsible for:

- a) compliance with the obligations provided in CLAUSES 14, 15 and 16 and other provisions established in the National Legislation, especially in case of omission or non-compliance with the obligations by the Designated Party;
- b) compliance with ANPD's determinations; and
- c) guaranteeing the Data Subjects' rights and repairing damages caused, subject to the provisions of Clause 17.

SECTION II – MANDATORY CLAUSES

CLAUSE 5 Purpose

5.1 These Clauses are presented as a mechanism to enable the secure international flow of personal data, establish minimum guarantees and valid conditions for carrying out the International Data Transfer and aim to guarantee the adoption of adequate safeguards for compliance with the principles, the rights of the Data Subject and the data protection regime provided for in National Legislation.

CLAUSE 6. Definitions

6.1 For the purposes of these Clauses, the definitions in art. 5 of LGPD, and art. 3 of the Regulation on the International Transfer of Personal Data shall be considered, without prejudice to other normative acts issued by ANPD. The Parties also agree to consider the terms and their respective meanings as set out below:

- a) Processing agents: the controller and the processor;
- b) ANPD: National Data Protection Authority;
- c) Clauses: the standard contractual clauses approved by ANPD, which are part of SECTIONS I, II and III;
- d) Related Contract: contractual instrument signed between the Parties or, at least, between one of them and a third-party, including a Third-Party Controller, which has a common purpose, link or dependency relationship with the contract that governs the International Data Transfer;
- e) Controller: Party or third-party ("Third Controller") responsible for decisions regarding the processing of Personal Data;
- f) Personal Data: information related to an identified or identifiable natural person;
- g) Sensitive Personal Data: personal data on racial or ethnic origin, religious belief, political opinion, affiliation to trade unions or to a religious, philosophical or political organization, data regarding health or sexual life, genetic or biometric data, whenever related to a natural person;
- h) Erasure: exclusion of data or dataset from a database, regardless of the procedure used;
- i) Exporter: processing agent, located in the national territory or in a foreign country, who transfers personal data to the Importer;
- j) Importer: processing agent, located in a foreign country, who receives personal data from the Exporter;
- k) National Legislation: set of Brazilian constitutional, legal and regulatory provisions regarding the protection of Personal Data, including the LGPD, the International Data Transfer Regulation and other normative acts issued by ANPD;
- l) Arbitration Law: Law No. 9,307, of September 23, 1996;
- m) Security Measures: technical and administrative measures able to protect Personal Data from unauthorized access and from accidental or unlawful events of destruction, loss, alteration, communication or dissemination;
- n) Research Body: body or entity of the government bodies or associated entities or a non-profit private legal entity legally established under Brazilian laws, having their headquarter and jurisdiction in the Brazilian territory, which includes basic or applied research of historical, scientific, technological or statistical nature in its institutional mission or in its corporate or statutory purposes;
- o) Processor: Party or third-party, including a Sub-processor, which processes Personal Data on behalf of the Controller;
- p) Designated Party: Party or a Third-Party Controller, under the terms of CLAUSE 4, designated to fulfill specific obligations regarding transparency, Data Subjects' rights and notifying security incidents;
- q) Parties: Exporter and Importer;
- r) Access Request: request for mandatory compliance, by force of law, regulation or determination of public authority, to grant access to the Personal Data subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses;
- s) Sub-processor: processing agent hired by the Importer, with no link with the Exporter, to process Personal Data after an International Data Transfer;
- t) Third-Party Controller: Personal Data Controller who authorizes and provides written instructions for the carrying out of the International Data Transfer between Processors governed by these Clauses, on his behalf;
- u) Data Subject: natural person to whom the Personal Data which are subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses relate;

- v) Transfer: processing modality through which a processing agent transmits, shares or provides access to Personal Data to another processing agent;
- w) International Data Transfer: transfer of Personal Data to a foreign country or to an international organization which Brazil is a member of; and
- x) Onward Transfer: transfer of Personal Data, within the same country or to another country, by an Importer to a third-party, including a Sub-processor, provided that it does not constitute an Access Request.

CLAUSE 7. Applicable legislation and ANPD supervision

7.1 The International Data Transfer subject to these Clauses shall subject to the National Legislation and to the supervision of ANPD, including the power to apply preventive measures and administrative sanctions to both Parties, as appropriate, as well as the power to limit, suspend or prohibit the international transfers arising from this agreement or a Related Contract.

CLAUSE 8. Interpretation

8.1. Any application of these Clauses shall occur in accordance with the following terms:

- a) These Clauses shall always be interpreted more favorably to the Data Subject and in accordance with the provisions of the National Legislation;
- b) In case of doubt about the meaning of any term in these Clauses, the meaning which is most in line with the National Legislation shall apply;
- c) No item in these Clauses, including a Related Agreement and the provisions set forth in SECTION IV, shall be interpreted as limiting or excluding the liability of any of the Parties in relation to obligations set forth in the National Legislation; and
- d) Provisions of SECTIONS I and II shall prevail in case of conflict of interpretation with additional clauses and other provisions set forth in SECTIONS III and IV of this agreement or in Related Agreements.

CLAUSE 9. Docking Clause

9.1. By mutual agreement between the Parties, it shall be possible for a processing agent to adhere to these Clauses, either as a Data Exporter or as a Data Importer, by completing and signing a written document, which shall form part of this contract.

9.2 The acceding party shall have the same rights and obligations as the originating parties, according to the position assumed of Exporter or Importer and according to the corresponding category of treatment agent.

CLAUSE 10. General obligations of the Parties

10.1. The Parties undertake to adopt and, when necessary, demonstrate the implementation of effective measures capable of demonstrating observance of and compliance with the provisions of these Clauses and the National Legislation, as well as with the effectiveness of such measures and, in particular:

- a) use the Personal Data only for the specific purposes described in CLAUSE 2, with no possibility of subsequent processing incompatible with such purposes, subject to the limitations, guarantees and safeguards provided for in these Clauses;
- b) guarantee the compatibility of the processing with the purposes informed to the Data Subject, according to the processing activity context;
- c) limit the processing activity to the minimum required for the accomplishment of its purposes, encompassing pertinent, proportional and nonexcessive data in relation to the Personal Data processing purposes;
- d) guarantee to the Data Subjects, subject to the provisions of Clause 4:
 - (d.1) clear, accurate and easily accessible information on the processing activities and the respective processing agents, with due regard for trade and industrial secrecy;
 - (d.2) facilitated and free of charge consultation on the form and duration of the processing, as well as on the integrity of their Personal Data; and
 - (d.3) accuracy, clarity, relevance and updating of the Personal Data, according to the necessity and for compliance with the purpose of their processing;
- e) adopt the appropriate security measures compatible with the risks involved in the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses;
- f) not to process Personal Data for abusive or unlawful discriminatory purposes;
- g) ensure that any person acting under their authority, including subprocessors or any agent who collaborates with them, whether for reward or free of charge, only processes data in compliance with their instructions and with the provisions of these Clauses;
- h) keep a record of the Personal Data processing operations of the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses, and submit the relevant documentation to ANPD, when requested.

CLAUSE 11. Sensitive personal data

11.1. If the International Data Transfer involves Sensitive Personal Data, the Parties shall apply additional safeguards, including specific Security Measures which are proportional to the risks of the processing activity, to the specific nature of the data and to the interests, rights and guarantees to be protected, as described in SECTION III.

CLAUSE 12. Personal data of children and adolescents

12.1. In case the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses involves Personal Data concerning children and adolescents, the Parties shall implement measures to ensure that the processing is carried out in their best interest, under the terms of the National Legislation and relevant instruments of international law.

CLAUSE 13. Legal use of data

13.1. The Exporter guarantees that Personal Data has been collected, processed and transferred to the Importer in accordance with the National Legislation.

CLAUSE 14. Transparency

14.1. The Designated Party shall publish, on its website, a document containing easily accessible information written in simple, clear and accurate language on the conduction of the International Data Transfer, including at least information on:

- a) the form, duration and specific purpose of the international transfer;
- b) the destination country of the transferred data;
- c) the Designated Party's identification and contact details;
- d) the shared use of data by the Parties and its purpose;
- e) the responsibilities of the agents who shall conduct the processing;
- f) the Data Subject's rights and the means for exercising them, including an easily accessible channel made available to respond to their requests, and the right to file a petition against the Exporter and the Importer before ANPD; and
- g) Onward Transfers, including those relating to recipients and to the purpose of such transfer.

14.2. The document referred to in item 14.1. shall be made available on a specific website page or integrated, in a prominent and easily accessible format, to the Privacy Policy or equivalent document.

14.3. Upon request, the Parties shall make a copy of these Clauses available to the Data Subject free of charge, complying with trade and industrial secrecy.

14.4. All information made available to Data Subjects, under the terms of these Clauses, shall be written in Portuguese.

CLAUSE 15. Rights of the data subject

15.1. The Data subject shall have the right to obtain from the Designated Party, as regards the Personal Data subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses, at any time, and upon request, under the terms of the National Legislation:

- a) confirmation of the existence of processing;
- b) access to data;
- c) correction of incomplete, inaccurate or outdated data;
- d) anonymization, blocking or erasure of unnecessary or excessive data or data processed in noncompliance with these Clauses and the provisions of National Legislation;
- e) portability of data to another service or product provider, upon express request, in accordance with ANPD regulations, complying with trade and industrial secrecy;
- f) erasure of Personal Data processed under the Data Subject's consent, except for the events provided in CLAUSE 20;
- g) information on public and private entities with which the Parties have shared data;
- h) information on the possibility of denying consent and on the consequences of the denial;

- i) withdrawal of consent through a free of charge and facilitated procedure, remaining ratified the processing activities carried out before the request for elimination;
- j) review of decisions taken solely on the basis of automated processing of personal data affecting their interests, including decisions aimed at defining their personal, professional, consumer and credit profile or aspects of their personality; and
- k) information on the criteria and procedures adopted for the automated decision.

15.2. Data subject may oppose to the processing based on one of the events of waiver of consent, in case of noncompliance with the provisions of these Clauses or National Legislation.

15.3 The deadline for responding to the requests provided for in this Clause and in item 14.3 is 15 (fifteen) days from the date of the data subject's request, except in the event of a different deadline established in specific ANPD regulations.

15.4. In case the Data Subject's request is directed to the Party not designated as responsible for the obligations set forth in this Clause or in item 14.3., the referred Party shall:

- a) inform the Data Subject of the service channel made available by the Designated Party; or
- b) forward the request to the Designated Party as early as possible, to enable the response within the period provided in item 15.2.

15.5. The Parties shall immediately inform the Data Processing Agents with whom they have shared data with the correction, deletion, anonymization or blocking of the data, for them to follow the same procedure, except in cases where this communication is demonstrably impossible or involves a disproportionate effort.

15.6. The Parties shall promote mutual assistance to respond to the Data Subjects' requests.

CLAUSE 16. Security Incident Reporting

16.1. The Designated Party shall notify ANPD and the Data Subject, within 3 (three) working days of the occurrence of a security incident that may entail a relevant risk or damage to the Data Subjects, according to the provisions of National Legislation.

16.2. The Importer must keep a record of security incidents in accordance with National Legislation.

CLAUSE 17. Liability and compensation for damages

17.1. The Party which, when performing Personal Data processing activities, causes patrimonial, moral, individual or collective damage, for violating the provisions of these Clauses and of the National Legislation, shall compensate for it.

17.2. Data Subject may claim compensation for damage caused by any of the Parties as a result of a breach of these Clauses.

17.3. The defense of Data Subjects' interests and rights may be claimed in court, individually or collectively, in accordance with the provisions in relevant legislation regarding the instruments of individual and collective protection.

17.4. The Party acting as Processor shall be jointly and severally liable for damages caused by the processing activities when it fails to comply with these Clauses or when it has not followed the lawful instructions of the Controller, except for the provisions of item 17.6.

17.5. The Controllers directly involved in the processing activities which resulted in damage to the Data Subject shall be jointly and severally liable for these damages, except for the provisions of item 17.6.

17.6. Parties shall not be held liable if they have proven that:

- a) they have not carried out the processing of Personal Data attributed to them;
- b) although they did carry out the processing of Personal Data attributed to them, there was no violation of these Clauses or National Legislation; or
- c) the damage results from the sole fault of the Data Subject or of a third party which is not a recipient of the Onward Transfer or not subcontracted by the Parties.

17.7. Under the terms of the National Legislation, the judge may reverse the burden of proof in favor of the Data Subject whenever, in his judgement, the allegation is credible, there is a lack of sufficient evidence or when the Data Subject would be excessively burdened by the production of evidence.

17.8. Judicial proceedings for compensation for collective damages which intend to establish liability under the terms of this Clause may be collectively conducted in court, with due regard for the provisions in relevant legislation.

17.9. The Party which compensates the damage to the Data Subject shall have a right of recourse against the other responsible parties, to the extent of their participation in the damaging event.

CLAUSE 18. Safeguards for Onward Transfers

18.1. The Importer shall only carry out Onward Transfers of Personal Data subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses if expressly authorized, in accordance with the terms and conditions described in CLAUSE 3.

18.2. In any case, the Importer:

- a) shall ensure that the purpose of the Onward Transfer is compatible with the specific purposes described in CLAUSE 2;
- b) shall guarantee, by means of a written contractual instrument, that the safeguards provided in these Clauses shall be ensured by the third-party recipient of the Onward Transfer; and
- c) for the purposes of these Clauses, and regarding the Personal Data transferred, shall be considered responsible for any eventual irregularities committed by the third-party recipient of the Onward Transfer.

18.3. The Onward Transfer shall also be carried out based on another valid modality of International Data Transfer provided in National Legislation, regardless of the authorization referred to in CLAUSE 3.

CLAUSE 19. Access Request Notification

19.1 The Importer shall notify the Exporter and the Data Subject of any Access Request related to the Personal Data subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses, except in the event that notification is prohibited by the law of the country in which the data is processed.

19.2. The Importer shall implement the appropriate legal measures, including legal actions, to protect the rights of the Data Subjects whenever there is adequate legal basis to question the legality of the Access Request and, if applicable, the prohibition of issuing the notification referred to in item 19.1.

19.3. To comply with both the ANPD's and the Exporter's requests, the Importer shall keep a record of Access Requests, including date, requester, purpose of the request, type of data requested, number of requests received, and legal measures implemented.

CLAUSE 20. Termination of processing and erasure of data

20.1. Parties shall erase the personal data subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses after the ending of their processing, being their storage authorized only for the following purposes:

- a) compliance with a legal or regulatory obligation by the Controller;
- b) study by a Research Body, guaranteeing, whenever possible, the anonymization of personal data;
- c) transfer to a third-party, upon compliance with requirements set forth in these Clauses and in the National Legislation; and
- d) exclusive use of the Controller, being the access by a third-party prohibited, and provided data have been anonymized.

20.2. For the purposes of this Clause, processing of personal data shall cease when:

- a) the purpose set forth in these Clauses has been achieved;
- b) Personal Data are no longer necessary or pertinent to attain the intended specific purpose set forth in these Clauses;
- c) at the termination of the treatment period;
- d) Data Subject's request is met; and
- e) at the order of ANPD, upon violation of the provisions of these Clauses or National Legislation.

CLAUSE 21. Data processing security

21.1. Parties shall implement Security Measures which guarantee sufficient protection of the Personal Data subject to the International Data Transfer governed by these Clauses, even after its termination.

21.2. Parties shall inform, in SECTION III, the Security Measures implemented, considering the nature of the processed information, the specific characteristics and the purpose of the processing, the technology current state and the probability and severity of the risks to the Data Subjects' rights, especially in the case of sensitive personal data and that of children and adolescents.

21.3. The Parties shall make the necessary efforts to implement periodic evaluation and review measures to maintain the appropriate level of data security.

CLAUSE 22. Legislation of country of destination

22.1 The Importer declares that it has not identified any laws or administrative practices of the country receiving the Personal Data that prevent it from fulfilling the obligations assumed in these Clauses.

22.2. In the event of a regulatory change which alters this situation, the Importer shall immediately notify the Exporter to assess the continuity of the contract.

CLAUSE 23. Non-compliance with the Clauses by the Importer

23.1. In the event of a breach in the safeguards and guarantees provided in these Clauses or being the Importer unable to comply with any of them, the Exporter shall be immediately notified, subject to the provisions in item 19.1.

23.2. Upon receiving the communication referred to in item 23.1 or upon verification of non-compliance with these Clauses by the Importer, the Exporter shall implement the relevant measures to ensure the protection of the Data Subjects' rights and the compliance of the International Data Transfer with the National Legislation and these Clauses, and may, as appropriate:

- a) suspend the International Data Transfer;
- b) request the return of the Personal Data, its transfer to a third-party, or its erasure; and
- c) terminate the contract.

CLAUSE 24. Choice of forum and jurisdiction

24.1. Brazilian legislation applies to these Clauses and any controversy between the Parties arising from these Clauses shall be resolved before the competent courts in Brazil, observing, if applicable, the forum chosen by the Parties in Section IV.

24.2. Data Subjects may file lawsuits against the Exporter or the Importer, as they choose, before the competent courts in Brazil, including those in their place of residence.

24.3. By mutual agreement, Parties may use arbitration to resolve conflicts arising from these Clauses, provided that the procedure is carried out in Brazil and in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration Law.

SECTION III - Security Measures

To protect Customer data, HP abides by a robust set of information security controls including policies, practices, procedures, and organizational structures to safeguard the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of its own and its customers' information (including Personal Data as defined in HP's Customer and Data Processing Addenda). The following sets forth an overview of HP's technical/organizational security measures throughout the company.

1. Security Policy

HP maintains globally applicable policies, standards, and procedures intended to protect HP and Customer data. The detail of HP's security policies is confidential to protect the integrity of HP's data and systems. However, summaries of our key policies are included below.

2. Information Security Organization

HP's Information Security program is designed to direct and maintain the organization's information security strategy and controls. This system ensures enterprise-wide compliance with HP's security policies and controls, as well as adherence to the security requirements of its customers. Structured in alignment with industry-standard cybersecurity frameworks, laws, and regulations, the Framework is reviewed annually to adapt to HP's evolving threat landscape.

3. Cybersecurity Risk Management

HP's cybersecurity risk management program is designed to preserve the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of its information assets. The program provides a consistent approach to identifying, assessing, prioritizing, treating, remediating, tracking, and reporting cybersecurity risks. HP defines its Risk Appetite as the acceptable level of loss exposure and Risk Tolerance as the degree of variance from this appetite. Risks are evaluated using a defined methodology, enabling HP to mitigate information security risks to an acceptable level. This program aligns with HP's Enterprise Risk Management process.

4. HR Security

HP Human Resource Security policy ensures information security throughout the employee lifecycle by establishing processes for access to facilities, information systems, and other assets. This includes obtaining written acknowledgments through confidentiality and non-disclosure agreements, as well as conducting background screening procedures. All candidates for employment with HP must complete a background verification check in accordance with relevant laws, regulations, and ethics.

5. Asset Management

HP has a process for identifying technical information assets, categorizing critical assets, and maintaining documented handling procedures for each information classification type, including those containing Personal Data. These procedures cover storage, transmission, communication, access, logging, retention, destruction, disposal, incident management, and breach notification. HP security policies and standards also mandate the secure disposal of media.

6. Data Security

HP's Data Security program outlines the security practices and technical controls that must be implemented to protect the confidentiality, authenticity, and integrity of data. Legal requirements, value, criticality, and sensitivity to unauthorized disclosure or modification are a few of the factors that determine how information is classified under HP's Data Security policy. In addition to data handling procedures, the policy outlines data encryption, deletion, collection and processing, retention, backup, and data loss prevention.

7. Access Control

HP employs the principle of least privilege for logical access control, providing user access through unique user IDs and passwords. The password policy defines complexity, strength, validity, and password-history controls. Access rights are periodically reviewed and revoked upon personnel departure. Agreed-upon procedures for user account creation and deletion are implemented to grant and revoke access to client systems during engagements.

8. Cryptography

HP has defined a set of robust processes for cryptography to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information assets. Approved protocols require encryption for certain assets, including those that contain personal data. Our Cryptography program involves the use of mathematical techniques to secure information and communications, ensuring that only authorized parties can access the data. A critical component of HP's information security program is protecting data from unauthorized access and tampering.

9. Physical and Environmental Security

HP facilities are secured using various physical and electronic access controls, including security guards, electronic access control, and closed-circuit television (CCTV). Facilities are also equipped with necessary infrastructure support, including temperature control and power backups, using UPS and/or diesel generators to support critical services. All HP personnel are registered and required to carry appropriate identification badges.

10. Operations Management

HP has established minimum hardening requirements for technology infrastructure, including workstations, servers, and network equipment. These devices use pre-hardened operating system images, with requirements varying by operating system and implemented controls. Additionally, HP has deployed Network Intrusion Detection/Prevention Systems (NIDS/NIPS) that are monitored and managed 24/7.

11. Communications Security

Communications Security ensures the protection of information within corporate networks. This includes the installation and management of network security components (e.g., firewalls), segregation of networks, as well as web filtering and email handling controls. Additionally, it involves monitoring and managing communication channels to detect and prevent unauthorized access or data breaches.

12. Systems Security

HP's policy mandates a secure development methodology for systems and software throughout their lifecycle. The Software Development Lifecycle covers initiation, development/acquisition, implementation, operations,

and disposal. All system components are evaluated for their impact on overall security. HP has established controls for application service transactions, including user credential validation, digital signatures, encryption, secure communication protocols, and storing transaction details within the appropriate network security zone. Regular internal vulnerability scans are also performed.

13. Third Parties and Subcontractors

HP has processes in place to select sub-contractors who comply with comprehensive contractual security requirements. For applicable suppliers handling HP or customer data, or accessing the HP network, HP Cybersecurity conducts a risk assessment to verify an information security program with physical, technical, and administrative safeguards. This assessment is required before the supplier can access HP information.

14. Information Security Incident Management

HP has a comprehensive Cyber Incident Management Process that outlines purpose, scope, roles, responsibilities, management commitment, organizational coordination, implementation procedures, and compliance checking. This process is reviewed and updated annually. The Cyber Incident Response Team, including HP Cybersecurity personnel trained in incident response and crisis management, conducts regular tabletop reviews of the process and any incidents or events.

15. Business Continuity Management

HP's global Continuity of Operations program ensures end-to-end continuity through collaborative, standardized, and documented planning processes. The company periodically exercises its business continuity plans to ensure effectiveness, testing and updating all plans at least yearly. Additionally, all personnel involved in the business continuity plan receive proper training.

16. Compliance

Compliance shapes HP's approach to meeting legal, contractual, and internal expectations for an effective information security program. Regular information security reviews ensure protocols are integrated into each business group's operations. The review process also keeps documents updated to reflect current legal obligations as requirements evolve.

17. Payment Card Industry

The Payment Card Industry (PCI) framework guides HP's approach to achieving PCI Compliance, outlining business responsibilities and security controls aligned with PCI DSS. By installing and maintaining network security controls like firewalls, HP ensures it meets PCI Compliance requirements.

18. HP Product Security

HP Product Security encompasses essential practices to secure HP Products, such as code signing, managing product security vulnerabilities, issuing security bulletins, and reporting product security issues. These measures ensure that HP products remain secure and reliable for users. Product security is of paramount importance at HP, as it helps maintain customer trust and protects against potential threats.

19. HP Service Security

HP Service Security encompasses essential practices to secure the services provided to HP customers. This policy addresses various areas of service security, including HP infrastructure hosted, third-party hosted, partner hosted, and customer hosted environments. These measures ensure that HP services remain secure and reliable for users. By implementing robust security practices, HP ensures the safety and integrity of its products and services, fostering a secure and trustworthy environment for all users.

Place and date.

Signatures.

ATTACHMENT 10 – SAUDI ARABIA STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES (DATA CONTROLLER TO DATA PROCESSOR)

1.Processing Instructions

The Personal Data Importer shall only process the transferred Personal Data based on written instructions from the Personal Data Exporter. Accordingly, if the Personal Data Importer is unable to follow the instructions, it shall inform the Personal Data Exporter in writing without undue delay.

2.Processing Restrictions

The Personal Data Importer shall process the transferred Personal Data in accordance with the purposes specified in Appendix (2), unless otherwise directed in writing by the Personal Data Exporter, provided that the Personal Data shall be processed in accordance with the provisions of the Law and its Implementing Regulations in all cases.

3.Compliance with the Requests of the Competent Authority

A. In order for the Competent Authority to exercise its powers under the Law and the Implementing Regulations, the parties shall provide a copy of these Clauses to the Competent Authority upon request and without undue delay. The Competent Authority may request any additional information in relation to transfers of Personal Data.

B. Each party agrees to comply with any requests made by the Competent Authority in relation to these Clauses or the processing of the Transferred Personal Data.

C. Upon request, the Personal Data Importer (either directly or through the Personal Data Exporter) shall disclose its identity and contact details and the categories of Personal Data being processed to the Personal Data Subject and provide a copy of these items.

4.Accuracy and Quality of Personal Data

If The Personal Data Importer realizes that any Personal Data transferred is inaccurate or not up-to-date, it shall inform the Personal Data Exporter in writing without undue delay, in which case the Personal Data Importer shall destroy the Personal Data and notify the Personal Data Exporter accordingly, unless the Personal Data Exporter is instructed not to destroy the data because it wishes to correct the transferred Personal Data.

5.Duration of Personal Data Processing and Destruction or Recovery

A. The processing shall be carried out by the Personal Data Importer only for the period specified in Appendix (2). After completion of the purpose of the processing, The Personal Data Importer shall destroy all Personal Data processed on behalf of the Personal Data Exporter and notify the Personal Data Exporter accordingly unless otherwise instructed by the Personal Data Exporter in the following cases:

1. Return all processed Personal Data to the Personal Data Exporter and delete the copies held by the Data Importer;
2. If the applicable regulations in the Kingdom require the retention of the transferred Personal Data for an additional period of time;

B. The Personal Data Importer remains bound by these Clauses until the Personal Data is deleted or recovered.

6. Personal Data Security and Personal Data Breach Notifications

A. The Parties shall ensure that the organizational, administrative, and technical measures specified in Appendix (3) provide a sufficient level of protection for the transferred Personal Data to comply with the requirements of Article (19) of the Law and Article (23) of the Implementing Regulation.

B. The Personal Data Importer shall implement the security measures specified in Appendix (3) and apply those measures to all transferred Personal Data to ensure the security and protection of Personal Data against any violation that may result in damage to the Personal Data Subject, unlawful action, loss, alteration, disclosure, or unauthorized access to Personal Data.

C. The Personal Data Importer must periodically review the security measures stipulated in Appendix (3) to ensure that they are implemented as required and update them as needed to ensure compliance with Article (19) of the Law and Article (23) of the Implementing Regulation.

D. If The Personal Data Importer becomes aware of a Personal Data Breach incident that affects the transferred Personal Data or is likely to cause damage to the rights and interests of Personal Data Subjects, the Personal Data Importer must immediately take appropriate and necessary measures to contain the incident to minimize any risks or negative consequences and ensure that it is prevented from reoccurring. The Personal Data Exporter must be notified within (24) hours from the time of occurrence or knowledge of the breach incident, provided that the notification includes a description of the incident, its causes, the measures taken or planned to be taken to contain the incident and prevent its reoccurrence, in addition to the contact details for follow-up by the Personal Data Exporter. If the Personal Data Exporter realizes that the incident may cause damage to Personal Data or Personal Data Subjects or contradict their rights or interests, it shall notify the Competent Authority within (48) hours and in accordance with the requirements set out in Article (24) of the Law's Implementing Regulation.

E. As soon as the Personal Data Exporter receives the Data Importer's notification of a Personal Data breach incident and the incident would harm the Personal Data or the Personal Data Subject or contradict his/her rights or interests, the Personal Data Exporter must provide immediate notification in simple and clear language in accordance with the provisions of Article (24) of the Implementing Regulation to the Personal Data Subjects affected by the data breach incident, provided that the notification includes the potential risks and their nature, the measures taken or planned to be taken to contain the incident, and the contact information of the Personal Data Exporter, Data Importer, and the respective Personal Data Protection Officer of both entities, along with recommendations or consultations to aid the Data Subject in preventing or minimizing the impact of the outlined risks.

7.Sensitive Data

Without prejudice to any restrictions related to sensitive data stipulated in the Law and the Implementing Regulations of the Law, the Personal Data Exporter shall ensure that the Personal Data Importer adopts additional means of protection commensurate with the nature of the sensitive data and guarantees its protection from any risks when processing it, while ensuring that the restrictions and additional guarantees described in Appendix (2) are applied.

8.Subsequent Transfer

A. The Personal Data Importer shall not transfer or disclose the transferred Personal Data to a third party outside the Kingdom unless that party has acceded to these Clauses and in accordance with the appropriate template and the provisions of Clause (7) above.

B. Without prejudice to the provisions of Articles (8) and (15) of the Law and (17) of the Implementing Regulation of the Law, the provisions of the Law and Regulations shall apply to Personal Data that has been previously transferred or disclosed to an entity outside the Kingdom.

9.Compliance with these Clauses

A. The Personal Data Importer shall respond to all inquiries of the Personal Data Exporter within the specified period and provide all information requested by the Personal Data Exporter, in addition to providing the Personal Data Exporter with all information it may request regarding the processing of the transferred Personal Data, including any information necessary to enable the Personal Data Exporter to prove its compliance with the requirements contained in these Clauses or the provisions stipulated in the Law and its Implementing Regulations.

B. Each party shall be responsible for demonstrating to the Competent Authority, upon request, that all obligations under these Clauses have been fulfilled.

C. The Personal Data Importer allows the Personal Data Exporter or its appointed representatives to audit the Data Importer's processing of Personal Data without undue delay upon Personal Data Exporter's request.

D. The Personal Data Exporter must provide the information revealed by the audit when requested by the Competent Authority

E. The right of audit does not grant the Personal Data Exporter or its representatives access to any confidential information of the Personal Data Importer as long as this information is not closely related to the processing of the transferred Personal Data.

10. Rights of Personal Data Subjects

- A. The Personal Data Importer shall notify the Personal Data Exporter within (48) hours from the time of receipt of the request of any request received from the Personal Data Subject, and the Personal Data Importer shall not have the right to respond to such requests unless the Personal Data Exporter authorizes it to do so.
- B. The Personal Data Importer shall take all necessary measures in cooperation with the Personal Data Exporter to respond to the requests of Personal Data Subjects and enable them to exercise their rights under the provisions of the Law and Regulations.
- C. The Personal Data Importer is obligated to follow all instructions issued by the Personal Data Exporter regarding the processing of the transferred Personal Data.
- D. All statements made to the Personal Data Subject must be presented in a clear, legible, and accessible format.

ATTACHMENT 11 – SAUDI ARABIA STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES (DATA PROCESSOR TO DATA PROCESSOR)

1. Instructions Processing.

A. The Personal Data Exporter has clarified to the Personal Data Importer that it processes Personal Data as a Processor based on the instructions of, and on behalf of, its Controller. The Personal Data Exporter confirms that these instructions are compatible and consistent with the instructions provided to it by the Controller.

B. The Personal Data Importer is obliged to process the transferred Personal Data only upon written instructions from the Personal Data Exporter. The Personal Data Importer is obliged to inform the Personal Data Exporter if it is unable to follow these instructions without undue delay.

C. The Personal Data Importer shall notify the Personal Data Exporter if it is unable to comply with The Personal Data Exporter's instructions within (24) hours from the time it becomes aware of this, provided that the Personal Data Exporter shall notify the Controller within (48) hours from the time it receives the Data Importer's notification.

D. The Personal Data Exporter confirms that it has imposed obligations on the Personal Data Importer equivalent to those imposed on the Personal Data Exporter by the Controller with respect to the processing of transferred Personal Data.

2. Processing Restrictions

The Personal Data Importer shall process the transferred Personal Data in accordance with the purposes specified in Appendix (2), unless otherwise directed in writing by the Personal Data Exporter, provided that the Personal Data shall be processed in accordance with the provisions of the Law and its Implementing Regulations in all cases.

3. Compliance with the Requests of the Competent Authority

A. In order for the Competent Authority to exercise its powers under the Law and the Implementing Regulations, the parties shall provide a copy of these Clauses to the Competent Authority upon request and without undue delay. The Competent Authority may request any additional information regarding transfers of Personal Data.

B. Each party agrees to comply with any requests made by the Competent Authority in relation to these Clauses or the processing of the transferred data.

C. Upon request, the Personal Data Importer (either directly or through the Personal Data Exporter or the Controller) shall disclose its identity, contact information, and the categories of Personal Data being processed to the Personal Data Subject and provide a copy of these Clauses.

4. Accuracy and Quality of Personal Data

If The Personal Data Importer realizes that any transferred Personal Data is inaccurate or not up-to-date, it shall inform the Personal Data Exporter in writing without undue delay, provided that the Personal Data Exporter shall inform the Controller within (48) hours from the time the Personal Data Importer notifies the Personal Data Exporter to request a written directive requesting the destruction or correction of the Personal Data.

5. Duration of Personal Data Processing and Destruction or Recovery

A. The processing shall be carried out by the Personal Data Importer only for the period specified in Appendix (2). After completion of the purpose of the processing, the Personal Data Importer shall destroy all Personal Data processed on behalf of the Personal Data Exporter and notify the Personal Data Exporter accordingly, unless otherwise directed by the Personal Data Exporter in the following cases:

1. Return all processed Personal Data to the Personal Data Exporter and delete the copies held by the Data Importer;
2. If the regulations in force in the Kingdom require the retention of the transferred Personal Data for an additional period of time;
3. To retain the minimum amount of Personal Data necessary for the establishment, prosecution, or defense of legal proceedings;
4. Retain the minimum amount of transferred Personal Data necessary to protect the Data Subject's life or vital interests or to prevent, examine, or treat an infection.

B. The Personal Data Importer remains bound by these Clauses until the Personal Data is deleted or recovered.

6. Personal Data Security and Personal Data Breach Notifications

A. The Parties shall ensure that the organizational, administrative, and technical measures specified in Appendix (3) provide a sufficient level of protection for the transferred Personal Data to comply with the requirements of Article (19) of the Law and Article (23) of the Regulation.

B. The Personal Data Importer shall implement the security measures specified in Appendix (3) and apply those measures to all transferred Personal Data to ensure the security and protection of Personal Data against any violation that may result in damage to the Personal Data Subject, unlawful action, loss, alteration, disclosure, or unauthorized access.

C. The Personal Data Importer must periodically review the security measures stipulated in Appendix (3) to ensure that they are being implemented as required, and update them as needed to ensure compliance with Article (19) of the Law and Article (23) of the Regulation.

If Personal Data Importer becomes aware of a data breach incident that could harm the transferred personal data or the data subjects, or conflict with their rights or interests, the Personal Data Importer must immediately take appropriate and necessary measures to contain the incident to minimize any risks or negative consequences

and ensure that it does not recur. The Personal Data Exporter must be notified within 24 hours of the breach or upon becoming aware of it. This notification shall include a description of the incident, its causes, the measures taken or planned to contain the incident and prevent its recurrence, and contact details for follow-up by the Personal Data Exporter. The Personal Data Exporter must notify the controller within 24 hours of receiving the notification from the Data Importer. The controller must then notify the competent authority in accordance with the requirements set forth in "Article 24" of the Implementing Regulations of the Law.

7. Sensitive Data

Without prejudice to any restrictions related to sensitive data as stipulated in the Law and its Implementing Regulations, the Personal Data Exporter must ensure that the Data Exporter adopts additional protection measures appropriate to the nature of the sensitive data and ensures its protection from any risks during processing, while also ensuring the application of the restrictions and additional safeguards outlined in Appendix (2).

8. Subsequent Transfer

A. The Data Importer shall not transfer or disclose the transferred Personal Data to a third party outside the Kingdom unless that party has acceded to these Clauses and in accordance with the appropriate template and the provisions of Clause (7) above.

B. Without prejudice to the provisions of Articles (8) and (15) of the Law and (17) of the Implementing Regulation of the Law, the provisions of the Law and Regulations shall apply to Personal Data that has been previously transferred or disclosed to an entity outside the Kingdom.

C. The Controller shall be responsible for verifying that the Personal Data Exporter and Data Importer comply with the above obligations, and the

Controller may appoint an independent third party to review and verify compliance on its behalf. In all cases, if the Personal Data Exporter and Data Importer violate the instructions issued by the Controller or the agreement concluded with it regarding the processing of the transferred Personal Data, the Personal Data Exporter and Data Importer shall be considered as the Controller and shall be responsible for violating the Standard Contractual Clauses and the provisions of the Law and the Implementing Regulations before the Competent Authority.

9. Sub-Processor Appointment

A. If there is a need for the Personal Data Importer to appoint a Sub-Processor, the Personal Data Exporter is required to obtain prior written consent from the Controller at least [specify time period] before appointing any SubProcessor.

B. If a Sub-Processor is appointed, this shall be done through a written agreement that imposes the same obligations as on the Personal Data Importer under these Standard Contractual Clauses. the Personal Data

Importer shall, at the request of the Personal Data Exporter, provide a copy of this written agreement and any subsequent amendments thereto to the Personal Data Exporter.

10. Compliance with These Clauses

A. The Personal Data Importer shall respond to all inquiries and requests of the Personal Data Exporter or the Controller within the specified period and provide all information requested by the Personal Data Exporter and Controller, in addition to providing the Personal Data Exporter or the Controller with all information it may request regarding the processing of the transferred Personal Data, including any information necessary to enable the Controller to prove its compliance with the requirements contained in these Clauses or the provisions stipulated in the Law and its Implementing Regulations before the Competent Authority.

B. Each party is responsible for proving that all obligations under these Clauses have been fulfilled before the Competent Authority upon request, and in all cases, if the Personal Data Exporter and Data Importer violate the instructions issued by the Controller or the agreement concluded with it regarding the processing of the transferred Personal Data, the Personal Data Exporter and Data Importer shall be considered as the Controller and shall be responsible for the violation of the Standard Contractual Clauses and the provisions of the Law and the Implementing Regulations before the Competent Authority.

C. The Personal Data Importer shall allow, without undue delay, the Personal Data Exporter or the Controller or their appointed representatives to audit the Data Importer's processing of Personal Data at the request of the Personal Data Exporter or the Controller.

D. The Controller must provide the information revealed by the audit when requested by the Competent Authority.

E. The right of audit does not grant the Personal Data Exporter or the Controller or their representative's access to any confidential information of The Personal Data Importer as long as this information is not closely related to the processing of the transferred Personal Data.

11. Rights of Personal Data Subjects

A. The Personal Data Importer shall notify the Personal Data Exporter within (24) hours of receipt of any request received from the Personal Data Subject, provided that the Personal Data Exporter shall notify the Controller within (24) hours of receipt of the Data Importer's notification, provided that the Personal Data Importer and the Personal Data Exporter shall not respond to the request unless the Controller authorizes it to do so.

B. The Personal Data Importer shall take all necessary measures, in cooperation with The Personal Data Exporter and the Controller, to respond to the requests of Personal Data Subjects to exercise their rights under the provisions of the Law and Regulations.

C. The Personal Data Importer is obliged to follow all instructions issued by the Personal Data Exporter and the Controller in all matters relating to the processing of the transferred Personal Data.

D. All statements made to the Personal Data Subject must be presented in a clear, legible, and accessible format.