


## Sssssnakes! <br> HP's new workstations, known informally as "Snakes," are coiled

 to strike. Cover photo by Zig Leszazynski/Animals Animals.Dick Hackborn: history of success
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## MEASURE

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Hewlett-Packard Company is ar international manulacturet of measulement and computation producis and systems recognized for excellence in quality and support The company's products and services are used in industry business engineering science medicine and educction in approximately 100 countries HP employs more than 91000 people wortivide and had revenue of $\$ 132$ bition in its 1990 fiscal vear

Measure magazine is printed on recycled paper.


Why should HP's competitors be scared of snakes? Because the new HP Apollo 9000 Series 700 workstation fam-ily-the result of a development effort informally called the "Snakes" programis coiled to strike in the marketplace, according to industry experts. Personal Workstation magazine says the machines "will be the last word in raw performance for a while....The fact is, no one is even coming close."
The press wasn't always so favorable about HP's prospects in the workstation market-an area that many believe is vital to the success of the company's total computer business. "Is HP losing its momentum?" was the question several reports asked throughout 1990. Though HP vaulted to the top spot in workstation market share-following its acquisition of Apollo Computer Inc. in May 1989-the company slipped to the No. 2 position later that year. In January 1991, Business Week and The Wall Street Journal reported that HP was in danger of sliding into third place.

The cause of HP's woes, according to industry watchers: A technology called reduced-instruction-set computing (RISC) had captured the imagination of many workstation users. By 1990, several of HP's competitors-including Sun Microsystems

## Sssssnakes

Inc., IBM and Digital Equipment Corporration (I)EC) -had beaten HP to the marketplace with workstations based on RISC.

HI's late entrance into the RISC workstation battle was ironic on two counts: First, HP pioneered RISC 1echnology in the early 80s with the "Speetrum" program, focusing its efforts on minicomputers instead of smaller work stations. In 1986. HP was the first mayor company to bring a RISC computer to market. Today, it has the broadest line of RISC computers and ranks No. 1 in RISC market share in terms of resemue. according to amalyst Andrew Allison.

The second irony: Evell without a RISC machine, HP's workstation business enjoyed some important successes in 1980. Most notably, the company brought the first merged $H^{\prime}$ Apollo workstation line to market - the Series 400 . In spite of the delatyed delivery of its 68040 Motorola chips, the Series 400 won HP several big deals.

Nevertheless, during the last year atn increasing number of workstation users bought competitors RISC machines. Mare Schulman for UBS Securities
> "(Denny) gave us focus, so decisions got made quicker than normal."

newsletter wrote, "lf we were an execttive of (HP), we would be wortied."

HP's executives werent spending their time worrying; they were launching the Snakes program, Its goal develop a RISC workstation of outrageous performance to reassert

ITP's leadership in the marketplaces and deliver the products in record time.

Chef Operaing Officer Deam Morton Called Snakes "the highest-prority doselopment proper in II's computer organization, "He asked Demy Georg of HP's Fort Collins Colorado site to head the elfort

Demys challenge: coordizate, motivate and focas the worth ol:3n-plas functional organizat sons workingon shaties


Cross-functional teams, including one in Fort Collins, Colorado, made up of (trom lett) Dan Osecky, Russ Sparks and Ruth Lutes, helped employees develop a "systems view."
across HP -groups that represented different entities. locations and components or pieces of the product, such as the hardwate. operating system, compilers atd user interface

As shakes program mamager, Dembs watsexpected to lead and inspre these sliverse groups while "belongmg" to none of them. I'm like a man without a country," hequips
"Demy did something spectal." says Stese Boether, whose Computer languages oppration developed the compilers for the series 700 , "He gave us foe us, so decisions got made quicker
tham nomal Bringing the pieces of a system fogether can be a big challenge That s where sou bump top against ongatizational interfaces. People from different groups may have conflicting pronties,

Helpingpeophe develop a "systems view" became a principal goal.
"We tueded to get people to focus on the product as a whole- the entire sys-tem-rather than just the ir piece of itso they do what's hest for the system. athe not just theif component. 'That means reaching atrossorganizational houndaries," says Demy.
"Soot MeNealy (Suns CEO) actually was an inspiattion to us." Demy atke.
> "Never let the organization get in the way of opportunity."

Ar the kickolf of the Snakes effort. Demny abked the group to take to heart a Me Nealy axiom: Never le the orsanizattion ger in the way of opportunity.

Denny put together a process that enabled a number of entities to look beyond their boundaries-perhaps more than they had in the past-and to gel a sense of what the whole product was, says Ted Wilson, P\&D manager of the Interface Technology Operation. "I think that has a great deal to do with the stecess were achieving now"

Why was teamwork across organizations so important"' The only way to
achieve outstanding performance in a complex system like a workstation, Denny asserts, is for each piece to be highly tuned to the other: The hardware, operating system, graphics, compiler, user interface and so on all have to work together in the most efficient way to maximize performance (onsequently, the groups of people who design each of those systems components must work together exceptionally woll. too.

To break down organizational harriers, Denny established his program team of functional managers from all areas of the project. Its makeup epitomizect the "systems view" Denny hoped to inspire. In addition to the R\&D) groups responsible for each systems component, the manufacturing function was well represented, as was marketing. spearheaded by the Apollo Systems Division (ASY). A special project to involve HP's value-added business partners reported to the program team.

Members of the field got involved, too, through a task force established by Maureen Conway, AsY quality and productivity manager. It aimed to ensure the workstations would be casy to
> "We've got a great product. We want to make sure it can get to the customer."

order. "We've got a great product," Maureen says. "We want to make sure it can get to the customer."

Denny also estathlished a systems team to focus on the details of the


Coordination was a key to "Snakes" success, note Naomi Munekawa of the Open Systems Sottware Division and Danny Lu of the Apollo Systems Division.
system release, and a performance team which met regularly to discuss performance issules.
"It was exciting to bring together people from different walks of life," says (arl Morgenstern, who headed the performancetean. "(Our gromp represented hardware and soltware $R \& 5$, and technical marketing. In the past, thes people working on one component of the system might not know whom to call in another lab) if they needed their help. Organizational buriers were keeping everyone segregated. The performance team goes slicing through all that stuff. Somehow it's a bot easior to reach out to solve a joint problem if youre part of a team and you know ead other. The human contact makes you a lot more responsive to everyone's neads."
"It's amazing" notes Ted Wilson, "how a simple set of process requirementslike meeting regularly in multi-orsaniza-
tional teams--can have such outstanding consequences to the system."
some of those consequences, according to Ted, were the results his lab
> "Together we tuned the entire system so that we exceeded our goal."

achieved working with other groups on the performance of HP VLE, the graphical user interface of the Series 700 .

To boost HP VIE's performance, Ted's lab from ITO and Phil Ebersole's lab from HP's Graphics Technology Divi-
sion worked closely with teams whose components affected HP VLE. including hardware designers, graphic's engineers and operating systems developers.
"Together we tuned the entire system." notes Ted, "so that finally we exceeded our goal."

Measured in terms of X-Windows performance, an industry-standard benchmark. HP VUE on the Series 730 CRX is a whopping three times more powerful than its competition-results Ted describes as "nothing short of astounding. It s a systems-level victory," he says proudly.

The Computer Languages ( pperation (CLO) experienced a similar victory working on the compilers for the Series 700.
"We thought we were going to easily hit our minimum goal of 40 SPECmarks (an industry-standard benchmirk). But early on we got a suprise," says CLO Manager Steve Boetther "Something didn't work right."

Help came from the group resisonsible for measuring how the soft ware performs on the hardware. and from operating-system engineers.
"We got over a mind-set hurdle," says Steve. "This was our first significant challenge and we didn't have to go it

## "There was a time when we were on such a roll it was intoxicating."

alone. We were part of a broad team with other groups. Everyborty responded quickly
"It just goes to show what you can accomplish when you have a plan.

The new Model 730 workstation easily outperiorms the compellition-more than doubiling the nearest challenger in SPECmarks, an industry-standard benchmark.
measure where you are against it and work in multi-functional teams to address suprises."

The result: The Series 700 hits 55 SPECmark-the best score of any workstation on the market at the time of introduction.

With successes like the se throughout the development process, performance of the Series 700 elimbed to dizzying heights, and so did the moorl of the people working on the project
"There was a time when we were on such a roll it was intosicating." silys Carl Morgenstem, "It seemed like' almost every other day sotne amazing new mumber would come in.
"The team spirit was incredible It was as if each person felt There's a little bit of me in this box and it's going to set the world on fire! "
"A lot of people have delivered more tham they thought just by being challenged to do more," says Denny "To win. a team will do extraordinay things:"
"Extrasordinary" certainly describes the performance of the Series 700 . At the high end of the family the Model 730 is more than twice as powerful as com-
petitors' machines. It clocks in at 76 milLion instructions per second (MIPS) and more than 70 combined SPEC marks (see chart)-the highest performance available on the desktop. The Series 700 offers leading price performance, too.
"I believe Snakes will be an overwhelming sensation," says Carl. "But we can't stop. Were just getting started. We need to cont inue to understand how customers and applications use our systems, and how those systems perform in networks. That data will help us deliver even faster machines that offer real value to our customers."

Faster machines are what HP will need to stay ahead. Experts predict that, though HP's competitors won't be alble to match Series 700 perlormance for six months or more, eventually they will.

But if the Snakes program is any indication, HP has: what it takes to kcep its leading edge in workstations sharper than a serpent's tooth

Editor's note: In April, the Apollo Sustems Division and pant of the Fort Collms Systems Duision becotme the Workstation Systems Dinisiom, ant the Graphics Terthology Divisiom became the U'ser Interface Techmology Divisiom. See page 30 .
(Rhers Feldman, e speceh uriter in HP's raceutive communications group, last wrote for Measure in the NowethoreDecember 1989 issueom "Comperttion: the fiuture of HP computers,"-Editor)


Mike Gallup, manager of the Americas Markeling Center, presents graphic evidence of HP's superiority during demonstrations with Sun, DEC and IBM workstations.

## What they're saying about Snakes

"...Hewhett-Packard Co. has the hottest boxes in the workstation industry..."
-The Bustom Globe
HP will become "the industry's new price/performance leader." -Vicki Brown, consultant, PCWeek
"From a performance and price/ performance standpoint, it's going to blow everything away."
-Mare Schulman, analyst, Investor's Daily
"Software vendors are very, very excited. I find a large majority of them giving very high priority to ... HP..."
-Robert Herwick, analyst, Investor's Daily
"The (teaser) ands are also a sign of renewed vigor and confidence
throughout the proud and traditionrich organization ... Hewlett-Packard now apperars to be bouncing back." - New York Times
"Observers said Sun will not be able to counter HP's moves anytime' soon. According to a top Sun engineer, the company will not be able to close the performance gap until late this year or early 1992. ."

## -PCWeek

"The new workstations clearly demonstrate Hewlett-Packard's mettle." -The Wall Street Journal
"This is not your grandfather's HP!" -Chuck Casale, consultant, Aberdeen Group

## Sssssnakes

## Hot marketing for a hot box



HP's Mark Tollver and Donna Griffiths test the new workstation with Doug Reid from Insignia Solutions.
to the product itself but the aura about whom theyre buying from. Theyre looking for a company that dominates, So the ads aim to conver the image of performance aggressor:"

HP marketeers got aggressive, too, when it came to imvolving the companys valueadded business partners (VABs) and the sales foree in maket ingefforts.
"We need a marketing program just as aggressive as the workstations we're selling," says Bob Weinberger, product marketing manager for the Apollo Systems Division (ASY).

The U.S. advertising campaign for HP's new blazingly fast workstation family-the HP Apollo 9000 Series 700 - is a clear example of marketing that, under the leadership of ASY, is uncharacteristically aggressive for HP.

The ads ran anonymously in newspapers: " 57 MIPS. Under $\$ 12 K$," said one. And at the bottom it added, "If you guess Sun, you guess wrong."

The fighting tone was based on months of market research, including focus groups with workstation users. According to Laurie Frick, worldwide advertising manager for the Computer Systems Organization (CSO), "Buyers are attracted not just

More than 200 VABs made their sof ware available on the Serles 700 at introduction, because they had early access to the machines.

The sales force got inwolved early in marketing plans through monthly meetings between field program managers and factory marketeers.

One resulh of tight teamwork between field and factory was the outrageons success of the rollout event for more than 900 members of the Americas sales force, held in Las Vegas; Nevada. in March.
"Our goal was to get the field as excited about these new products as we were," says Mike Gallup, manager of the Americas Marketing Center. By all accounts, that's what happened.
"It was simply the most exciting event of its kind I've ever been to," says Area Sales Manager Alan Button.

There were whoops from the audience when Mike opened the
conference by amouncing he wanted to tear up the old and get on with the new," and promptly ripped a report showing Sun Microsystems, Incis No. 1 position in workstation market share
"When Mary Allard (ASY marketing communications manager) presented the ad campaign," recalls Alan, "people in the audience got so excited they had tears running down their cheeks!"

Vice President Franz Nawratil. CSO Worldwide Sales and Marketing manager, brought the audience to its feet when he told them. "Roll up your sleeves! Give away your coats and ties to the people here from the factory so they can go out on the town. Their job is through. It's now up to you!" ${ }^{\text {■ }}$


## (If youguess Sun, you guess Wrong.)

## An aggressive

 advertising campaign placued customer intorest in HP's new blazingly fast workstations.history
of success
By Steve Hoffman

BOISE, Idaho-There's a saying that those who don't learn from history are doomed to repeat it. Dick Hackborn learns.

Even after: 31 years with HP, Dick looks far beyond the recent past for wisdom. "I'm fascinated by times of great change," Dick says, "and by the leaders during those times who brought to society some sense of stability out of chaos."

As executive vice president and head of IIP's Computer Products Organization, Dick must bring more than stability to the scene. Prior to taking the helm of CPO, Dick led the legendary HP LaserJet printer business to the top of the market.

The people who supported him then and the many more who work with him now look forward to this kind of success for all of the businesses which report to him.

Dick's domain covers far more ground with much greater product-line diversity than he's ever managed. CPO includes HP's laser printing and scamer businesses, ink-jet and plotter product lines, mass storage devices, handheld information products and personal computers, as well as sales and distribution. (Sec related story on page 30.)

Rather than overwhelming him, this broader field lends itself to Dick's keen perspective. "Businesses, companies, countries-even civilizations-go through various cycles," Dick explains. "Your ability to succeed over the long haul depends on your ability to identify and survive these cycles."

Based on more than 30 years of "amateur reading" of history, Dick points to three key characteristics which he believes are vital for a company or soci-

"Understanding key user-need frends and being first to market are critical for success in our business," says Dick Hackborn, head of HP's Computer Products Organization.
ety to weather these unavoidable cycles: - Convictions. "You need a welldefined, but not rigid, set of convictions," he says "When Alexander the Great set out to conquer everything from Macedonia to Persia, you can bet his convictions were firm. By the same token, much of his success was due to his ability to adapt to changing circumstances."

- Identity. "Cultures which share a common history or identity can withstand change very well. You see this in (China and Japan. As you add diversity, you gain new ideas, but you need to maintain a strong identity within your organization to hold it together."
- Stable boundaries, "Britain is a great example of how natural boundaries lend themselves to long-term stability. Contrast that with sprawling Russia. Or, try to define the boundaries of the high-technology industry!"

To survive the tough times, Dick believes you must meet at least two of these three requirements, Given the rapid growth of high tech throughout the world, boundaries aren't easy to define-let alone maintain. Rather, Dick leads with clear and attainable vision, while creating a focused team.

Dick's greatest strength. saty the peorple who work with him, is his ability to set strategy "He's able to see the hig picture and understand where it's headed." says Doug Camahan. generad manager of the Printing Systems Group. "Not only can he see what's important for customers into the future he can allse see the details that we ll have to adderess along the way: Few people can do that like Dick."

His ability to link technolong to the market comes through hard work othe key to Dicks brilliance his peers clain, is his almost famatical devotion to unelerstanding customers and theirneeds.

To learm whats on the minels of customers, Dick encourages his team to ask questions and listen. He cites HP's Personal Peripheral Assistance Line in Boise. Idaho, as an example. Calls come in from more tham 60, (H) usems a month, who ask for information and volunteer suggestions for improwing HP

## "(Dick) seems clairvoyant at times" in his ability to anticipate trends.

products. Dick (reedits feedback through this service ats a driving force thehind the development of HP Laser: det printers.
"He seems clairvoyant at times." siys Doug Carnahan. Dich's awareness of user needs murtures his uncamy ability to anticipate market trends and competitors moves.

Once he pieces logether the trends in the market, Dick switches gears into technology morle. He and his team have concluded from their research that something big is about to happen on desktops around the world.
"One hundred yeds ago, the 1ype-


Dick visits the usability lab ot the Disk Mechanisms Diviston to talk with (from leti) Susan Copple, Ron Frazier and Fom O'Brien.
writer forever altered the office desktop by mee hanizing formal comespondence," Dick explains. Jump ahe ad to the lasis. when the persomal computer entered the seene. "The PChassit tome into its own vet." Dick stys. "In the next few years, were going to see the bigsest change on the office de:sktop sinee the typewtiter:"

The ne as -future ontlook for (Ir). according to Dick, will be to cappitalize on the convergenee of desktop office expipment -Boundaries between office equipment will blur:" he sats -PCs.scanning devices printers, phomes and faxes will converge"

The really good news is that he believes HP brings some of the best ingredients avalable to this office-convergence scenario Along with the companys leading personal peripherals, IIP brings a computer-systems expertise which will be vital to linking the techmology:

A recent example of llp's techmologi(al wizuratry in action is the Corvallis ( H regon) Division. which just intto.
duced the latest in palmop computing. A handheld derice from Corvallis combines HP' strengthes in cakculators and PCs in a size and pertomance level that meer a wide range of user nereds.

Whale new and developingtechnokgies are exciting, they alses beekon greater competitive pressures. Pat of this evolution. Dick proints out, inchudes the emergence of standards "It's trickier to differembiate standauds-bisedproducts," Dick says. "and that means you must maintain a highly compertite cost strueture to stay in business." This, in turn, affects the single mosi important item on Dicks actendat profit.

Dick never forgets that IIP's No. I corprate objective is profit. This is based on the fundamental fimancial principle of being a self-funded compraty:
"Successful organizations need profit to fied their own growth." seys Dick. "Fou cant depend on only a few businesses to support growth akross the entire company:

Profit hasint receised the dention it needs in parts of our companys com-


Rick Belluzzo, general manager tor the Ink-Jet Products Group, and Dick discuss business while strolling near Lake Harbor.
puter business, he believes. While some product lines may hit a down cycle, he concedes, "the group-level portfolio must be diverse enough to generate enough profit to self-fund its growth."

IIP's hardeopy business is an example. "Different product lines were at different cycles, but our investments produced overall results that were exceptional," he says, referring to Greeley's page scanners: ink-jet products out of Vancouver, San Diego and Corvallis; and Boise's desktop and network laser printers.

The same processes were at work in the mass-storage business, where new optical and digital-audio tape (DAT) storage-product lamilies were added to the core disk and tape peripherals. "These divisions managed expertly through various challenges, from declining demand to shifting customer bases and changing technokogies."

Profit is a clear report card for Dick. "If your profit is in line," savs Rick Belluzzo, general manager for the Ink-Jet Products Group, "you can do what you
want. If you're not meeting your profit goals, you suffer."

Rick is quick to explain that the "suffering" is almost adways self-inflicted. "If you find yourself in the bottom of a cycle, there's nothing Dick can say that can make you feel worse than you do already."

To cope with the natural cycles of business, Dick lays out a straightforward formula for pulling out of the red and into the black. "The key is to recognize the down part of the cycle and take action to return to profitability," Dick says. "The worst enemy in a down time is slowness to action."

His approach? First, Dick looks to consolidate operations and streamline the organizations in struggling busineesses. The next step is foractively shift investments into the most promising growth areas, as was done in the Corvallis Division. Last, if all else has failed, there is no choice but to quickly phase out of a business which has no profit potential.
"Onc of Dick's lessons from history,"
recounts Pick, "is that strong cultures don't change without a crisis. To jumpstart a business. it's not uncommon for Dick to create a crisis." IIe may ask for revenues to double or for delivery dates to be pulled up. This doesn't happen overnight, however. Dick will usually give a division a lew years to reath adequate profit levels.
"At IIP, when people know they have a problem, they perform beyond all expectation," Dick says.

Dick favors simple metric's-like profit - which tell him how a business is performing. When the bulk of IIP's revenues came from instrument revenues. measures such as return-on-sales were good enough to determine performance.

Today's business, he believes, recuires somewhat different financial ratios. As products flow through the dealer channel, for instance, it's more important to step back and measure what l ick refers to as "return-on-assets (ROA)." You take your net prosit margin and multiply it by the asset turnover ratio, Dick explains. When fewer assets generate strong

## Dick

revenues with healthy profit margins. the ROA is high and so is the ability io self-fund growth.

Dick believes the key to keeping margins high and assets low is to design simple organizations. His divisions are organized around product lines. with only a handful of people at the top.

Dick strives to foster entreprenewial working environments. favoring HP's traditional "triad" structure which links R\&D , manufacturing and marketing. "The essence of organizational sucress." he says, "is to have empowered teaths: which are focused to win."

For these teams to win, however. they must learn to work closely with strategic partners for leverage " (PO)s future depends on how well we can profitably manage our high-volurne businesses that sell through third parties," Dick says. In the yeius ahead. he believes that more and more of HIP will have to learn to operate in this kind of environment.

Stategic alliances have their thoms. though For one, alliances make any
> "The worst enemy in a down time is slowness to action."

business more complex and more diflicult to manage. In addition. Dich motes. variations in the cost of geords sotd may sometimes be beyond HP's controlwiping out progress the compathy makes internally on expense control.

The benefits, however, clearly outweigh the negatives, "If you look at our relationship with Canon for the IIP Laser.Jet busuness." Dick suys, "you see that by working together, were bringing new features to market quicker... strenghening both HP's and Camon's


Feedback from $\mathbf{6 0 , 0 0 0}$ calls a month led to the development of HP's LaserJet printers, says Dick, who visits with Pete Santos, production section manager.
position." By sharing the lasks (in the Laserdet ase, Catom makes the engines while HP designs and manufictures the formatter boards which eontrol the printers) each eonstituent can focus on meeting world-clits proficieney in cost. quality and performance

Many peophe all IIP recognize Dick Hackborn's wisdom, experience and sucess in the company "He's athsolutely committed to making IIP sue ceed," says Doug Ciantahan "He ll do what it akes to make that happen"

One thing Dick is reluctant 10 do. however, is hatsk in the limelight, Dick Watts, head of $\mathrm{CP}^{\circ}$ 's Worldwide Sales and Distribution, jokes that Hackbom has a little bit of the "who is that mesked man?" reputation outside of HP .

Even inside AIP' Disk hats developed a reputation for shonning recognition. When then Vice President Cicoge Bush visited the Buise site in l:Lse Dick foumd something else to ocetup his time and asked Doug Camathan to serve as the vice presidentis hosi forthe day Tom not bigg on that kind of stuff." sats Diek,

Around Boise. Dick- kmown for his Jeep Cherokee (Dick hastit hasdat comb-
pany ear sumee 1981) and his perchant for pizza (mushrom and olive is his favorite) Rumens about his office are true. Dick oreupies a modest office that shares a parking lof with a shopping mall along Fain iew Avenue in west Boise. Ies a few miles from the main Boise plant and at sheres throw from a usedear lot on Fambiew Thereareser. ead reasons for this remote foration.
"In I!ss, the Lasede business wats lating off. and the main ste ramout of sparece...my stalf and I were the easiest ones on the whole plate to mone." he explains, Furthermore. Dick felt that thare levels of demeral mandsement on one site were to many. With his mole in the Peripherats (Group-and now with CPO-he elisent want his olfiee lesation to imply he was tied exclusively to any ote of the businesses he managed.

The office gives him space for quiet time when he's not on the road. It is not uncommon to see Dick in rumning shoes and sweats. proring ener figures and reports at his desk. "Fom one who neeeds time to reflee 1 on where things are and where they should be going." Dick selys. "Howerer lusy things get, I'll always set
aside time for this kind of thinking."
People comment that Dickis lack of pretense makes them feet comfortable when they meet with him. This homey, private style may appeal to an $\mathrm{HP}^{2}$ audience, but it has some drawbacks outside of the company. "There are certain benefits HP gains when our top players get recognition in the industry." says I ooug. "Visibility has market value."

Dick acknowledges that his style and visibility will play a larger role in the future, "A lot of this has been born out of my increasingly hectic travel scheduk," he explains. He's on the road two-thirds of his time.
"When I'm back in Boise," says Dick, "I also want to leave quality time to be with my family. I realize I'II have to adjust," he says with a chuckle. "I know you (can't be (otally invisible in this jol)."

When he considers the great leaders the world has seen during the past several centuries, IDick offers this chatracterization: "Leaders were people who believed in things. Thes had a constant
> "The key is to recognize the down part of the cycle and take action..."

theme with a clear set of convictions. From there, they had the ability to articulate these beliefs and get people excited over them ...they hat to get people willing to fight for them."

Dickis beliefs are clear, and he has garnered intense loyalty and respert from the people with whom he works. "Dick is concerned about perple," Rick Belluzzo says. "He'll spend hour's with you if you need his help. And when you come through for him. he never forgets it."

"When I'm back in Boise, I want to leave quality time to be with my family," says Dick, who takes a breather with Coshi, his dog, and his wife, Sondra.

## A lesson in user needs

Dick recalls his first job with the company as one of many great lessons he's learned during 30 -plus years with HP Fresh out of the University of Minnesota with undergraduate degrees in electrical engineering and physics, Dick was asked to join a project team at what's now known as HP Labs.

The project was based on a new product idea of a Norwegian inventor whom Bill Hewlett had brought to HP for a short while. When the inventor went home, the team Dick was on was asked to finish the design.
"One day, Dave Packard stopped by my workbench and asked what I was working on. I told him, and he
followed up by asking who would buy this. That concept was new to me. I set out to visit potential customers for this new product. Soon I learned that in its current state, absolutely no one would buy it.
"Bill Craven and I spent another year trying to find a market. After several unsuccessful attempts to sign up a division that would own it, the project was canceled.
"I had spent three years of my life with little to show for it. From that point on, I vowed never to begin a new-product development program without first having a clear understanding of how it was going to solve users' needs."

When you consider Dick's business savvy and lechnical prowess, his vision and his ability to motivate people, you get the feeding that to be assor fated with Dick Itackbom is to be pat of history in the making.
(This is the first Measure stery by Stere Hoffiman, MP Sumulrale, Californias, site commumications manager: —Editor)

## Hope behind Romania's doors

## By Jean Burke Hoppe

A time-honored battle ensues on the Geneva end of the international phone line. Three-yearold hatja is tucked into bed and her mother, (laudia Davis. HP marketing manager for customer support, is trying to talk with Morsume about Romanian adoptions.

There is al summons from the bed room for water, atnother for milk (at new ploy, reports the amused mother) and a call for one more smuggle before katjat finally depletes her store of excuses and settles in for the night.
hatja is a lucky girl to cry out and have her needs so foytully met Until list December when Clatdia adopted her from the Romaman orphamage where she had lived since hirth. Katja diel not even speak.

Katjar was one of as many ats 200,000 forgotten children stowed away in Romanial during dic later Nicolate Ceauseselis 24 years of iron rule. The haunting conditions in some of these warehouses for little humans have been well documented by the media sinee December 1989 when Ceansescu was overthrown and killed.

Many of the op hans were ablundoned by families who could not afford to heep them. As the doors to Romamia creaked open in 1930 , the world found a country lit by a dim bulb, its $2: 3$ million people humgy, cold and living in feat of Ceansescuis infamous securitate

Striving to pay off a $\$ 10$ billion debt. Ceausescu had hatted imports. exported Romanian food and rationed basie utilities like heat, electricity and water Even sadaried Romanians lived borderline existences.

"I was open to adoption though I wasn't specilically looking tor that," Claudia Davis says. "But as soon as i met Katja... I just had a feeling about her and absolutely fell in love with her."

The unwanted children are the result of Ceausescu's quest to increase Romania's population to 30 million by the end of the century. Abortion was illegal for any woman under age 45 who had not yet produced five children. Birth control was virtually unavailable. And Ceausescu's "baby police" tested female workers monthly to detect conception.

Conditions in one of the better orphanages often meant pork fat for the children's breakfast, one or two intermittently heated rooms in the entire building, one low-watt bulb, one bath a week and children who spent their days in smocks-without diapers-in row after row of urine-soaked cribs.

Before the revolution, a typical orphanage worker was responsible for the care of 40 children. Some estimate that up to half of the Romanian orphans under age 4 are infected with the HIV virus which causes AIDS, the result of unscreened blood transifers given to boost nutrition and the use of unsterilized needles.

Claudia Davis chooses to look beyond the harsh conditions. "When
> | "...as soon as I met Katja... (I) fell in love with her."

the doors opened to Eastern Europe, there was so much hope behind them. so much that is out there if people are willing to open their minds and hearts. And there is so much to be done."

Before she joined HIP, Claudia worked with emotionally disturbed children for 10 years as a psychologist and educator


The room was dark when Claudia Davis and Josette Boulmier first entered the Romanian orphanage. Before long, "the children were asking... if we would take them with us."
in Boston. Her work there brought her in contact with the business community. "They kept bottom-lining me," she says, "so I decided to get an MBA so I could learn to talk 'business-ese." "

She got interested in HP when Jolun Doyle, HP executive V.P. for business development, talked to one of her classes at Harvard about the HP way and how the company treats its employees. She says she didn't believe it and wrote to him about it.

That letter eventually landed her a manufacturing-training jot) with HP in California She started her (ieneva assignment in Customer Support the week Katja was born in Romania.

The part of ( laudia that missed working with chideren and the public sector awakened as the stories started to come out of Romania after the revolution. She spoke with Romaulian-born Mariana Andreicut, financial-reporting manakser for Customer support, about the situation. She asked Mariana's parents, Maria
and Teodor Andreicut, to investigate the orphanages in their town, Baia Mare, a hilly, forested mining village of about 100,000 people.

Claudia visited the Andreicuts in April 1690 to see how she could help. Sadly, Mariana cannot visit Romania becatuse of her status in switzertand as a political refugec. But she is devoted to improving the lives of the orphans and stys she is very proud ol the work her parents are doing to improve conditions and to comect prosipective adoptive parents with orphans.

Of her visit, Claudlia says, "I wasoropen 10 adoption though I wasn't specifically looking for that. But as soon as I met Kalja - when she was 2 years and 8 months old-I just had a leeling about her and absolutely fell in love with her: The match is amaxing."
(laurlia visited Romania again in September and came back lo Switzerland to start the preliminary paperwork and

## Hope

procedures for adopting Katia. Most of the paperwork had to be handled by California adoption authorities because Swiss laws did not allow single parents to adopt.

The paperwork was done in two months for the U.S. immigration office while initial paperwork was completed for Romania. Claudia spent the day after Christmas in 12 different Bucharest offices securing the fimal papers she needed to take Katja home. "It was all done in 24 hours, what people told me. would take weeks. It was a miracle."

In their first months together. says Claudia, Katja has blossomed. "Some chuldren living in these conditions develop their own little worlds in order to survive. They go within, become what we call autistic. Others cry out [ think Katja may have been at the brink of deciding which way to go when I firss met her Now, she's such a happy person. She loves to sing. Her laugh just enchants you. She walks right into a room and says hello' and if you don't pay attention to her, she'll work on you until you do.
"And as sad as conditions were at the orphanage, she leamed things there that aren't all bad. She is very disciplined for
> "The faces of these children are always with me now."

a 3 -year-old. She puts everything away: She knows how to wait. When she falls. she gets over it very quickly because she never learned to cry for attention. She's very self-sufficient. We're working on learning that feelings are 0 OK , and how to bond with toys and trust people"


Kafja gets a ride with her proud grandifather, Tom Davis, during a visit to Mesa, Arizona. As many as 200,000 forgotien children like Katja were stowed away in Romanian orphanages.

Between Clauliats April and September visits, she. Mariana and a gromp of other HP' employees in Genesa formed the Foundation for Rommian Onphans to establish a long-term relationship with two of the orphatages nead Marianas former home in northwest Romamia. Robert Herrick serves as president of the foumbations eightperson council. but insists that it is Mariana and Josette Boulmer HPSA Publit Relations representative, who have mate it work.

Shorly before Christmas lam. Marcel Dumalle from HPSA Personnel arranged for a truck to carry about se0,000 worm of supplies donated by HP'Geneva employees and friends to Romania. The truck would stop at the Leaganul de Copii Cavnic otphamage which hats 5 t children ranging in age from intants to 3 years old-and the Cata de Copii Batia Mare-with Ft chiden from 3 to 6 years ohd.

Josette mel the truck-filled with dothing, shoes, vitamins, medicine.
bedding, heaters. a wathing machine. cleaming supplies, toys and food-at the orphanages and umparked ams inventoried all 110 boxes

Josette says, "The faces of these children are always with me now, When we ancerd al Casmic, it was about $3: 30 \mathrm{pm}$.. but already dark We abked to soe some of the chuldeen and an orphanage worker openeda door into a donmitorysized room with no light on. You cenuld hear children crying and talking.
"She pulled out Stella, a beattiful. swee little girl whotold us. 'Bonjente:' and samg a little Romanian song for us. My interpreter a lesal womam who has been a fantastic help to us, burst into tears. The ehideren were asking her if we would take them with us.
"It's so side, but I feel full of hoper and keep my spirits up, With our means, we can really do something for them."

Josette and formdation conderil members Irene Hubmatum and Louis ( Guggoz returned with more supplies for the orphanages in March Our maing goals now:" she selps, "include some remerdel-
ing plans-such as shower and bath facilities-as well as sending some benevolent educators to work with the children for one or wo months at a time on deeper educational and emotional levels."

Much of the money to purchase supplies comes from HP employees who either make a one-time donation or who sign up for a fixed amount of money each month. Other funds have come from local Swiss citizens in response to newspaper accounts of the foundation's work.

In addition, says Josette, more than 250 HP employees around the world responded with donations and offers of help after a Corporate Public Relations Newsgram in January described the foundation's work.

Independent of the HP Geneva efforts, a handful of other HP employees opened their hearts to the children's plight by spending thousands of dollars, all of their vacation time and nearly all

> More than 250 HP employees responded with donations.

of their emotional fortitude to travel to Romania to adopt a cluild.

Lake Stevens Instrument Division R\&D engineer Tim Hillstrom and his wife, Carolyn, spent nine weeks in Romania last summer trying to untangle the complex adoption web in orphanages near Timisoara, where the Romanian revolution began.

The hardest part, says Tim, was trying to figure out which children were adoptable "It was an emotional mine field. You had to become attached enough to a child to legin looking for his or her


Carolyn and Tim Hillstrom, an R\&D engineer from the Lake Stevens (Washington) Instrument Division, refurned from Romania with 2-month-old Nicholas and 2-year-old Adriana.
birth parents. It was like detective work because the information capabilities are so awful.
"Eventually you'd find someone who might know the child's aunt's brother-inlaw. It could take days of travel door-todoor only to find out the parents would not release the child for adoption.
"After three weeks, we hadn't found a release for a child and it was the lowest point in our entire lives. We were ready to go home when we got the release of our 2 -year-old daughter, Adriana. Two days later, we obtained a release on 2 -month-old Nicholas from another orphanage. The paperwork then took five weeks to complete."

When the new Hillstrom family returned home, Adriana could barely walk, and could not jump, run, climb stairs, chew or talk. She had no socialized play skills. She was quite ill with an intestinal parasite. Nicholas, at 2 months, weighed less than 8 pounds When they held him, he just stared at the ceiling.

It took Nicholas two days to come around, Tim says. "He started filling out immediately, started smiling. It took Adriana a little longer because she was so sick. But after about two weeks she woke up one day a new little girl. She's a social animal now. She loves parties and music. I think she wants to be a movie star. She's putting words and phrases together."

Sales Support engineer Russ Winchester of the San Diego, Califormia, sales office and his wife were motivated to adopt by ABC -TV's 20 (2) report.

The Winchesters started the paperwork in November 1990, and Russ left by himself for Romania in January. He returned home with 4-month-old Danica Leighann in February.

He stayed with a family in Bucharest, hired a translator from a hotel and set off to visit five or six orphanages, After two weeks, the process to adopt a little girl was nearly complete when the birth mother changed her mind,
Russ went back to visit orphanage

## Hope

No. 4 and was leaving when he ran into a young woman who said she wanted her child to go to America. When he met that child, Danica, he fell immediately in love with her. He was in court to complete the adoption when the emotional roller coaster took off again. A Belgian couple arrived and said they already arranged Danica's adoption with the birth mother.
"The judge wanted us all to come back in two weeks and I toid them I couldn't stay that much longer," Russ says. "It was just such a humiliating, wrenching scene."

The Belgian couple invited him to their hotel that evening. "They had decided that my wife and I should adopt Danica since we were unable to have children and they alreadly had two. It was almost unbearably emotional."

After a rocky beginning, complicated by a serious diaper rash and an ear infection, Danica, too, is thriving in her new country and home. "She is just a little doll," says the proud papa. "As sick as she was when we left Bucharest, she

## 'We were lucky, but I feelfor the kids who are still there."

just slept and played and charmed people on the plane.
"We were lucky, but 1 feel for the kids who are still there. It just tears you apart. The images will never farle."

When this article was written, Romanian adoptions had been suspended while officials attempted to regulate the overwhelming response from the West for babies. Adeption has become big business for "baby brokers" demanding huge sums for healthy Romanian children.


The ABC television show 20:20 prompted Pafti and Russ Winchester from San Diego, California, to pursue Romanian adoption. The result was 4-month-old Danica Leighann.

Despite this suspension. Dave (lark of the Waltham, Massichusetts, site, received word in mid-March, after a series of setbacks and delays, that he could travel to Romania to complete the adoption hed teeen working on. At Medsury press time. Dave and his wife were battling a mass of Romanian red tape lo adopt as 2 -veaterole girl.

These stories have been played out al least a thousand times in the past year. Conditions in many of the orphanages have vastly improved with the outpourung of aid from relief agencies and organizations like the HP (ieneva employees' foundation. The Romanian govermment will refine its adoqtion precederes, but there still will be thousands of chil-dren-some in serious physical or nental condition-in need of a home and a gentle touch.
"The overwhelming number of kids is so sud," suys (laudia Davis. "When youre there and you conned with them. you find that they are so eager to be koved, to have attention to relate with
you. There is hope and we cant stop our efforts for the remaining children."

HPemployses intorested in fectming more about or contributing to the foumdation should combact Rob. Senders at

 Susam Nizr, Insetts Boulmieror Robert Horrick in Gemerve - Editor
(Former Measure oditor-Jerm Buthe Hoppe is a Sum Frameiscoffrotence writer: She stags that ahile mseetching and writing this article she petused frequently to huy Rotret, hers-momith-ohd som.)

## Environmental update

I really enjoy Mectsure magazinc each month and I know this has come up in the past, but I must say I would enjoy it no less if it was printed on recyeled paper: 1 think a survey of employees and other readers would substantiate this.

As I recall, you're working on it, but please, seize the moment! We can make a difference.

MAE KIRIAZE<br>Santa Rosa, California

How about an update on the possibility of publishing Meusure on recycled paper." The March-April lyy issue feat tured a section printed on recycled paper. I applaud the Mectsore stalf for investigating the alternative.

Concerns at the time includeda 10 percent increase in expense as well as "the quality of color reproduction." As a reader, I do not agree that quality is a concern. Taking the emviroumentally responsible route should take a prionity over glossy paper. Have recycled paper costs dropped enough to reconsider the change?

DON GANNON
Roseville, California

Measure's Moreh-April 1SYO" "emrironmental" issup sfimblated mon's employee featbact than any other topie ith rectont historiz Mosh readers steld, in effect, "ewases be demmed. . suvitrh to recpeled puper wow "

Well, that wasre't as easyens it sounds. Altera yetr of mesporth and eaperimentation, were hatpy to armonnce that begianing with this

issue. Measure not is printed on
 recyded tiberctul 20 percenl de-intred and post-corssumer waste.

The past yed has been a real education for momy of as. In addtition to can primuty concoms of peperquality. priee end avetiletbility, were learned agreal deal aboul what traly isrand isn"-"mogeded." The leyy is houe murh of the peepere is motdr up of pestromssomer waste-material thet otherwise urneld haverested up in al londfill.

For an updute om HP's compangucide r'mirommental rforts during the past geder; see the July-August Io 1 M Measure. - The Editors

## Pedal-power perks

In the present age of expense control and environment-friendly projects, here is an article from The Glasgoue (Scotland) Herdd which combines the two.

It also gives an added third benefit of health and fitness to those who qualify:
"Company bicycles would take the place of company cars as a business
perk if the authors of a new report have their way. The National Economic Development Council says British views of the company cars as status symbol are out of touch with practice in the Enited States and much of Europe. It urges British firms to follow the example of Swiss pharmaceuticals giant Ciha-Geigy, which successlully offered employees new bicycles in place of cars."

IAVID GRANT
South Cueensferry, Scotland

Baud rate


## A hand for Rand

I have enjoyed many diverse articles in Measure on HP and "HPers." But the March-April 1991 issue brought a smile to my face from what I had thought was the long-lost illustratoricartoonist from the Loveland (Colorado) Instrument Division.

Congratulations to Rand Kruback! I've enjoyed all of his cautoons,

BILL FRITZ
Rolling Meadows, Illinois

## Still managing with style

Gour wicle on lew Platt's management style in the March-April 1991 issue was of personal interest to me.

I began my career with HP in 1973 in the Waltham Medical Electronies Division 1 had the pleasure and honor of working with lew and sceing him in a variecy of toles at the division. What teally stood out in your article was Lews honest. down-to-cath management style. It was very rewarding to see that others see and respect hew todity in much the same way he was respected in Waltham 55 years ago.

Lew is a true HP manager. If anyone an lead us into the 90 as winners in the computer-systems marketplace, he can! I'm glad to see Lew's still managing with his winning style.

DALE CARISONDANIEIS Rockville. Maryland


## Life imitates art

1,fust recoived the March April issue of Mousme and I smiled when I saw the Parting Shot atticle on the Back cover, titled 1 dderly Amazing

The catoon above was published in the Sm fow Vercurg- Nems las [all. Comparing the cartoon with the Measure article, one could contlude. that this is a case of life imitating ant

Both your articte and the cartoon are eqpeciatly meaningtul to us, as our team developed the hatrdware subsystems for the new HP Vecta fotis? Personal computer.

TTM IANDGRAF
Sumbvale Califormia

## Please send mail

Do you have comments about something youve read in Measure? Send us your thoughts. If your letter is published youtl receive a free Measure T-shirt (one size fits all).

Address IIP Desk letters io Jay Coleman; by company mail to Mensure editor. Corporate Public Relations, Building 20 I3R, Palo Alto. Via regular postal service the address is Measure, P(O. Box 10301, Palo Alto, (A 94303-0890 LSA. Try to limit your letter 1050 words. We reserve the right to edit letters. Please sign your name and give your location.

# A relationship on the grow 



> Once the rental equipment leaves the shipping area (above), ORIX Rentec's highly elficient distribution system ensures delivery to customers in big cities within $\mathbf{2 4}$ hours.

TOKYO, Japan-What do high-tech companies do when they need the most advanced equipment available, but don't want to make a massive erfuipment investment?

If your business is located in .Japan, you probably turn to ORIX Rentec-the
largest rental company in the world
With about (65 percent of the total revenue of the eight large high-tech equipment rental companies bere, ORIX Rentec is the clear leader.

In fact, the company has 15,000 diflerent types of electronic-measuring instruments, microprocessor-development systems, officerautomation equipment, engineering workstations and chemicalanalysis machines - some 150,000 items in all.

Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packartl (YIIP) has been a key business partuer of (ORLX Renter since that company was established in 1976. HP personal computers and communications-related instruments such as network and protocol analyzers are among the most popular rental items.
"The rental industry is a growing market," says YIIP sales rep Akira ()kada. " Once customers use and like the HP' equipment they have rented they often buy from IIP later:"

ORLX Renter customers have been known to happily accept HP equipment when a competitor's equipment isn't in stock. But many of its customers won't accept the competitors equipment if the HP model isn't available.
"That demonstrates the high regard rental customers have for HP equipment and its reliability," Akira says,

ORIX Renter bases its reputation on fast response, precise quality-control systems and a net work of 28 sales offices throughout Japan. It (an ship) equipment within 26 seconds alter submitting a shipping order. And its distribution system enables the company to deliver products to customers in big cities within 24 hours.

It's no wonder that when customors throughout Japan need the best rental equipment available, ORIX Rentec delivers


## left

Personal computers and communications-related Instruments are among the most popular rental items. ORIX Rentec has been an important customer for Yokogawa. Hewlett-Packard since the rental company was established in 1976.

left
Iwo employees register newly purchased instruments, systems and other equipment into ORIX Rentec's inventory system. The company rents more than 150,000 items.

above
HP workstotions help ORIX Rentec engineers develop software for the company's automated measurement system. ORIX Rentec is the largest of Japan's eight major test-and-measurement and computer rental companies.
right
ORIX Rentec employees in product assurance discuss necessary repairs on returned rental equipment. The company rents 15,000 different types of high-tech equipment.

## below

One of the busiest sites in ORIX Rentec's headquarters is the shipping area. Because of the company's highly automated systems, it can ship equipment within 26 seconds after receiving a shipping order.


above
It's nice to take a break from the rigors of being the world's largest rental company. The cafeteria is a popular gathering spot for playing the board game "go."

# Adriving reign 

> HP instruments play a pivotal role in steering Nissan racing cars to more checkered flags.

By Jeff Weber

Gran Turisimo Prototype (GTP') race cars are among the most powerful in the world, boasting compact :3-liter turbocharged engines that produce more than 800 horsepower and propel the sleek vehucles to speeds exceceding 200) miles per hour:
Yet sheer power isnt the only thing that distinguishes these singlepassenger GTP racing machines. To be successful in the highly competitive International Motor Sports Association (LMSA) series-a showcase for automo tive high technology-cars must negotiate the tight turns of demanding race courses such as Laguna Seca. Watkins Glen and Sears Point.

The chances of a cau finishing first are greatly increased when the driver, pit crew and engine perform flawlessly: During the past severad yeas, this kind of perfectly synchuronzed teamwork has earned Nissin Performance 'Technology Inc. (NPTI) a reputation as the dominant force in GTP racing. Now HewlettPackard is playing a vital role in Nissents drive to continue seeing more checkered flags than its competitors.

Using instruments made at HP's Signal Analysis Division in Rohnert Park, California, the Nissun team can detect potential problems in the electronic engine-control system that could hinder the engine's efficiency or shut it down entirely.

Like all top-notch GTP teams, Nisisu uses electronic engine-control systems: to maximize horsepower throttle response and fuel economy. In fact.

Nissans drive to the wimer's circte has been accelerated by an advanced elecetronic engine-control processor developed at $\mathrm{NP}^{\gamma} \mathrm{Tl}$-a leader in designing these devices for the racing public.
serving as Nissatis "racing depautment" in the Southern California community of Vista, NP「I won the l? 88 IMSA championship, the 1983-96) manto facturer's championship, and has guided the Nissan GTP-ZX turbo to the wimer's circle an unprecedented eight consecutive times.

Nissun's record is eren more impressive considering the fact that it has consistently beaten world-class opposition such as Porsche, Jaguar and Toyota.

NPTIs electronic engine-control systems are similar to the on-loard computers in newer passenger velicles. Like your family car a tacce car's engine cam be disrupted if something goes srong with the computer: But becatuse (iTP caus have ultra-high-performance engines that can operate at more than sooo rewolutions per minute (rpm). computer-related troubles on the race course could mean the difference between winning and losing. or between finishing and dropping ort
"It's critical that the engine-control system performs impeccably;" stys Brent Dussia, electronics-design manager of the Nissat race team. "One spark-plug misfire can snap a crankshat and the race is lost,"

The Nissim (iTP race car's enginecontrol system governs ignition and


Instruments from HP's Signal Analysis Division can detect potential problems in Nissan race cars' electronic engine-conirol systems.
fuel-injection timing, the fuel mixture, altitude compensation and the "turboboost" pressure. It also collects data on how the car performs during the race.

Ironically, the car's ignition systemwhich produces an $80,(10)$-volt sparkhas the polential to sabotage its own engine-control system. The ignition coil produces electrical noise, known is electromagnetic interference (EMI). that could create havoe in the on-boarel computer, possibly lading to misfires.

The goal, therefore, is to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) between the ear's ignition system and the computerized engine-control system. In other words, the Nissan team wants to make certain the engine-control system is invulnerable to ignitioncoil emissions as well as other sources of EMI such as garage-door openers,


HP engineer Bert Dare uses a probe to test for elecfromagnetic interference.
mobile communication radios and a growing number of electrical signals bouncing around the atmosphere.

Byy using the IIP 84110A EMC preproxluction evaluation system, Nissam (an minimize the elfects of EMI on its
racing machines. With that assurance, the team can devote full concentration to the myriad of other cletails involved in professional tacing.
"( )ur jobs are simplified knowing that the engine computer will perform up to specifications under severe race conditions," Brent says. "With HIP's help, we can get down to the business of wiming races."

The IIP 84110A consists of an HP S591A portable spectrum analyzer and ate cessories, including a set of close-field probes used to detect EMI hot sipots, To help Nissan take full advantage of the HP' EMC measurement system's (apabilities, Bert Dare and Mark Heerema of the Signal Analysis Division conducterl training sessions for NP1'I technicians in San I iego, Field engineer

## Nissan

Joe Delia of HP's San Iiego sales office provides ongoing support.

This commitment to customer service was one reason Nissin selected HP to provide an EMC solution. Other factors

## "Like Nissan, HP has always provided highperformance products."

were equally important. Nissun found the HP system to be powerful, highly reliable and economical. In a sense. HP is Nissan's kind of company.
"Like Nissan, HP has always provided high-performance products," says Bert. "The HP 84110A's impressive measurement capabilities and kow cost were important considerations in Nissan's decision to go with HP:"

Nissan is just one of many new HP customers in the fast-growing field of EMC testing. The adsent of digtital electronics has spawned a vast EMC market with customers involved in a variety of businesses, from merdical equipment to data processing and instrumentation to professional racing.

There is a common denominator: however: the need to design electromagnetic compatibility into equipment to ensure that it works property And if the equipment is used commercially, it must meet increasingly strict EMC standards set by government and industry.


Perfectly synchronized teamwork at Nissan Performance Fechnology Inc. in Vista, Calitornia, helps keep it the dominant force in Gran Turisimo Prototype racing.

HP is ageressively pursuing now EMC business by offering complete-solution systems like the HP 21110 A , which enatble customers to meel standards quickly and avoid eostly redesign and retest ing

If the relationship with Nissim is any indication. perlaps HI' an look for- $^{\prime}$ ward to lapping its competitors and becoming a dominant force of its own in the EMC maket
(Sefl Weber is a scmin commumicetfions coporsentatice fior HP's theredtivisions in Somomm Cotnty. Catifanturs. He lesst worte ior Aleasure shout HP pertot!ype mendel moker'ant hologrome dertist Gieg Chery in the May-Jume foss issue)

## Chief Operating Officer Dean Morton reports on progress in HP's ongoing Quality Maturity System.



Deena Hood (left) and Colleen Arthenius from the Disk Mechanisms Division tell Dean Morton about a life-test process which has led to a fifteen-told improvement in product quality.

In March. John Doyle and I had a chance to observe a Quality Maturity System (QMS) review at the Disk Mechanisms Division in Boise, Idaho. Since more than 80 such reviews are scheduled for this year-and since we have a company goal of achieving an average score of 3.5 out of 5 on QMS by 1994-I asked for this space in Measure to describe the ${ }^{2}$ role of QMS in our companywide quality-improvement efforts.

The Quality Maturity System (QMS) is our way of evaluating where we stand in our institutionalization ol TQC--the level of maturity reached by our entities. And let me emphasize that TQC isn't an end in itself; it's a means to an end.

Our goal is to be the kind of company whose products and services are so valued by customers as to earn for us both their enduring loyalty and attractive profits. Many of the skills we need to reach
that ideal are firmly emberlded in T(e): - a thoughtful and useful planning process;

- a clear focus on customer needs; - the ability to see our activitie's as processes that can be documented and improved:
- a cycle of continuous improvement; - and the full participation of everyone.

The five elements above are precisely those evaluated during the QMS review, and the Disk Mechanisms Division (DMD) was an ideal site at which to watch a review.

For those of you who don't know DMD's story, the division was shaken by some bad news back in 1984: Its new disk drive, in whose quality DMD took much pride, faced stiff competition from more reliable, competitive products.

IDMI) (the initials then stood for Disc Memory Division) was forced to rethink some of its basic assumptions, and it undertook a TQC effort whose ultimate result has been that today's disk drives
have a mean-time-between-fallures of more than 150,000 hous Thats a fif-teen-fold improvement over the 1984 product quality, and it allows DMD to offer a five-vear watranty on its dish drives. This represents leadingedge reliahility at competitive prices.

The QMS review involved members of the quality community and of DMD's management team, It focused on how the division operates in order to achieve its business goals, not the division's results. That is a different way of looking at how a divisjon functions and how to buidd on ths understanding of processes cril ical for kong-term success

What was most striking about the review was its open and honest discussion It was a leaming process lion these involved-not a "dog-and-pony" show for"those folks al Comporate" (And when the reviewers sald "Wete from Cotporate and were hore to help you," they really meant itt

The reviewers comments were very constmetive; they identified strengths in cach of the five categories
> "What was most striking about the review was its open and honest discussion."

seored and areas where the division could improve Instead of giving a latudry list of items for the division to work (1n, the reviewers recommended a critcal few-a wekome approach to a busy manasement tean that needs to piek its priorities carelitly

The division manager salid that his team had leamed a for from the review.


QMS raies the level of TQC malurity from 0 (no knowledge] to 5 [exemplary). Here's where HP currently stands versus the company goal.

In fact preparing for the review created opportunties for improwements in sevbal keyareas.

That's an important point It s not the QMS review itself oreven an entitys score on QMS that s so important. Instead, the emphasis is on what hatpens bolh before and after the revewon how emtities can move fonward in the way they operate.

Todaty the companys avenage soore on QMS is 2.1. We ve made good prog ress on TQC in a number of areas, but that's not enough. There's certandy no time to rest fou can be sure that obs better competitors arent cising qp. That's why we we embraced QMS as a way to facilitate the transfer of best practices and accelerate otr progress on the leaming curve.

Continuous improvenen-TQCFa basic vehide for long-tem competitive performance for HP Many poople undersand that continuous improvement can be achieved only with s disciphined approach toward our planning
and implementation processes.
And its impontant to note that this doestit mean complicated or rimalistic procedures In fact, one of the things stressed repeatedly during the review at DMD was the importance of simplifisaGon ath the value of having consistent. well-linked plans hiroughour the organizations.

HP's 1991 Hoshinptan hats a simple otioctive statement: lmprove IIP's protitability andrestore exe-dener in all areas Thathere those goals, were working hard to make TQC the way we manage ourselves

Byusing the Quality Mambity System as "checkup" on how well we ve inlegrated TQC, we can incelerate our improvement and make IIP the kink of lishy, learning and wimsing organzationt we want it to be.

## News from around the HP world



Roy Caldwell uses an HP 41C calculator during Desert Storm.

## Thank you, Hewlett-Packard!

Staff members of the HP Credit Union in Palo Alto, California, received an unexpectedresponse when they sent Valentine's Day cards to U.S. soldiers serving in the Persian Gulf.

Captain Roy Caldwell, a navigator on a KC-135 tanker aircraft, responded with a three-page letter and a photograph with an HP touch.
"Enclosed is a photo of myself at my navigation station," Roy wrote. "Notice what's in my right handan HP 41C calculator ... an invaluable tool with which

I do celestial navigation.
"Thank you, IlewlettPackard!"

Roy noted that his aireraft relueled a B-52 aircraft "just. hours before it crashed off the coast of Diego Garcia carly in the war." His crew also saw a Patriot missile destroy a Scud missile during the conflict.
"...I can't help but feel for the people of Kuwait and Iraq who really felt the devastation of this conflict," he wrote.


HP Labs' Michael McGuire signs copies of his book on fractals.

## A fine eye for patterns in nature

What do aspens in Nevada, kelp on California's Big Sur Coast and a tree fern in Australia have in common?

All appear in the new book, An Eye for Fiructals, published by AddisonWesley and written by Michael McGuire, a member of the technical staff of HP Labs' Printing Technology department.

It is illustrated with more than 150 black-and-white nature photographs that Michael has taken cluring travels throughout the western U.S. and Pacific Rim countries.

Fractal geometry only dates back to 1975, shortly after Michael completed his doctorate in physics at the University of Washington and became a serious photographer. Where more traditional Euclidean geometry
involves points, lines and planes, fractal geometry deals with the repetition of elements in nature:-however irregular their form.

The word fractal comes from the Latin firectus, meaning broken, It is used in computer graphics to synthesize natural-looking landscapes.

For the layman, Michael explains that a fractad is something that doesn't get simpler when you magnify it. Usually the same design element repeats itself at all seales, called "self-similarity."

With his camera, he has found fractals in a lava flow, mountain ranges, rock forms, tree groves, clouds and water-showing nature's wonderful ahility to repeat a theme.

## EXTRAMEASURE



HP's Roff Dalichow (left) and Bill Wasserman point out equipment features to UCLA graduate student Travis Stewart.

## Campus kudos

Recent IIP grants to the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA) and Oregon State University (OSU) have given the two institutions a definite HP look.

A $\$ 3.4$ million gant to UCLA helped create the Hewlett-Packard Microwave Measurement and Integrated Circuit Design Liburatory in the School of Engineering, while grants totaling nearly \$1 million paved the way for the Hewlett-Packard Computing Resource Center at OSU's College of Business

Rolf Dalichow, R\&D section manager for precision resources at HP's Network Measurements Division, calls
the UCLA facility "the bestequipped university mierowave lah in the world."

The equipment grant alkows UCLA to expatad its mondergraduate and graduate teaching capabilities and erthance its microwave research progam.

New computing equipment for osl, which includes 47 HP Vectrapersonal computers converts the main undergraduate lab from all non-HP equipment to all II' gear:

Dean Donakd Parker plans to use the new HP-funded center is a key differentiator among other business schools in the region

## BOTTOM LINE

Hewhelt-Packatd reported an 18 percent increase it ne camings and a 12 percent growth in orders in the first quarter of its 1991 fiscal year ended Jimuary 31.

Net earnings intaled S.a billion or 83 cents per share on abou 247 mil lions shares of common stock outstamding (compared with $\$ 3.1$ bilion or 72 cents per share in the veat-aso quarter).

Orders for the quater were 53.7 billion (compared with $s: 3$ billion).

## NEW CPO GROUP

VP. Bob Frankenberg has joined the Computer Products trganization (CPO) to provide greater focus for the personal-computation business. He will oversee the existing Personal Computer Group ( PCG ) under General Manager Jacques Clay and head a newly formed Personal Systems Group (PSYG).

PSYGeomprises the Convallis Division and two entities from the former Cooperative Computing Group (CGG) that Frankenberg had headed within the Computer Systems Organzation (C5O) They are the Cooperative Object Computing Division and
the Roseville Neworts Devision.

At the sitme lime PCC has created a full-cime group marketing function and folded the former North American PC Diviston into the Califoma PC Division. Didier Breton becomes G.M.. Grenoble PCDivision.

## NEW NSG STRUCTURE

Joming the Networked Systems Group (NSG) within CSO are three former CCGentities the Colorado Networks Division, the Pinewod Information Systems Division and the Mechanical Design Disi$\operatorname{sion}(\mathrm{MDD})$.

Other changes in NSG include merging the former Aprollo Systems Division and part of the former Fort Collins Systems Division (FSY) into a mew Workstation Systems Division, and formation of a mew Measurement Control Systems Division under G. M1.
Jim McCabe. CASE (computeraided soltware engmeeringl will he consolidated into a single division, using the existing name of the coltwate Engineeting Systems Division. The Graphics Technology Division becomes the User morface Technology Division.


Linda taile and Ben Holmes, MPG G.M., review artwork.

## Celebrating diversity

Medical Products Group (MPG) employees at Andover and Waltham, Massachusetts, are learning more about the diverse cultural makeup of their co-workers through four month-long celebrations.

The first, Black History Month, spanned parts of January and February. Nearly two dozen MPG employees attended a breakfast in honor of the late Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., the slain civil-rights leader and Nobel Prize winner.

Videotapes of his life were played outside the cafeterias at both MPG sites in Massachusetts.

Employees also viewed exhibits of African, AfricanAmerican and Caribbean art. Items included paintings, photography, sculpture, wall hangings and jewelry from professional and amateur artists.

Future celebrations will focus on women, Hispanics and people who are physically challenged.

## MORE CHART CHANGES

The former Logic Systems Division and Colorado Springs Division have been merged into a new division under the latter name, G.M. is Tom Saponas.

The Network Printer Operation under GM.
John Stedman has been clevated to division status and becomes the Network Printer Division,

In a contimuing shift of engineering and mathagement of mature software products from CSO to the Application Support Divi$\operatorname{sion}$ (ASD), two former divisions-Manufacturing Productivity Division and Electronic Design Divi-sion-have berome operations within ASI).

## MORE NEW HATS

In CSOis Wondwide Sales and Marketing, VP Bill Richion becomes manager, Strategic Third Parties, responsible for CSO's largest global resellers. Manuel Diaz is named mankser for computer sales in the Americas (Canada, US., Latin America).

Mike Naggiar to (PO) sates manager for Canda and Latin America as part ol workwide field management team.

In the Printing Systems Group, Steve Simpson to (i.M. of the Boise Printer

Division and Gil Merme to G.M., Bersamo Hardeopy Operation.

Katsuto Kohtani to manager of corporate operations, YHP. Mike Blomeyer to (i.M. lon the Medical Products Group's Asia Pacific Geographic Business Unit Rui da Costa to ( i M., Latin America Region.

## USFO REGIONS

In U.S. Field Operations (LSFO), G.M. Mof the four geographic regions have atssumed many responsibilities formerly held by area G.M.s and the hatter role has been phased out.

Newly named region G.M.s wre John Regan, Sonthem Sales Region, and Mark Milford, Eastern Sales Region John Salyer will manage a major LISFO admin and support complex to be built in Atlanta, Georgia.

## WORTH NOTING

New initiatives in East Central Europe include the opening of HP subsistiaries in Poland and Czechoskvakia and a joint venture with an HP dealer in Hungary.

HP has moved up from 33 to 29 in the Fortume 500 list of largest U S . industrials.

## Dancing to a new tune

SAN JOSE, CaliformiaThe sound of firecrackers and the smell of Mongolian fire pot delicacies filled the air as a colorful Chinese lion snaked its way through the HP campus.

The occasion was the first of a week of cultural and ethnic diversity activities in March at HP's San Jose site

A recent survey of half of the site's 1,600 employees revealed that workers here represent 48 countries of origin and 30 native languages.
"Only by being aware of our cultural and ethnic differences can we learn to use these differences to everyone's benefit," noted kathleen ONeill, site rliversity/ affirmative action coordinator.

In addition to Asia Far Easi and Oceania day, San Jose employees devoted four lunch periods to recosnize North America, Assia


A Chinese fion dance kicked olf Celebrate Diversity Week at the San Jose (California) site.

Middle Eist and Atrica, Latin America and Euroje:

Demonstrations included Americart Indian. Scottish and Moroccan belly dancing. as well as tortilla making. banjo playing and an international "Jeopaudy!" game.

Guest speaker Dr: Homa Ballrami from the Hatas School of Business at the University of Califomiat at Berkeley described the importance of cultural
diversity as a critical success factor in colporations of the future.

MOVED LATELX? CHANGE OF ADIRESS SHOLLD BE REPORTED TO YOUR PERSONNEL DEPARTMENT.

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