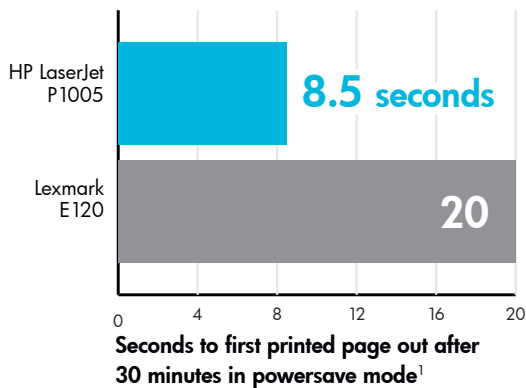


# HP LaserJet P1005 vs. Lexmark E120



## Print sooner from powersave mode



**Faster on-demand printing** — Instant-on Technology enables your HP LaserJet P1005 to print up to 3 pages from powersave mode before the Lexmark E120 can even finish warming up. This advantage is especially noteworthy when you consider that most printers are usually in sleep mode when a user submits a job for printing, according to research conducted by InfoTrends.

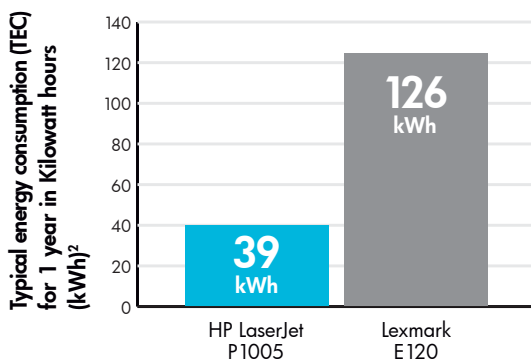
**Virtually maintenance free** — Your HP LaserJet P1005 employs an innovative print cartridge that incorporates the toner supply, imaging drum, primary charge roller, and developer into one single, integrated unit you can easily replace with no mess. The Lexmark E120 uses a complex 2-piece system that forces users to stock and replace an extra consumable.

**Fast sustained performance** — Your HP LaserJet P1005 has a faster processor (266 MHz vs. the Lexmark E120's 183-MHz chip). Plus the Lexmark unit only offers USB 2.0 Full Speed, but your HP LaserJet delivers USB 2.0 Hi-Speed so data transfers up to 40 times faster.

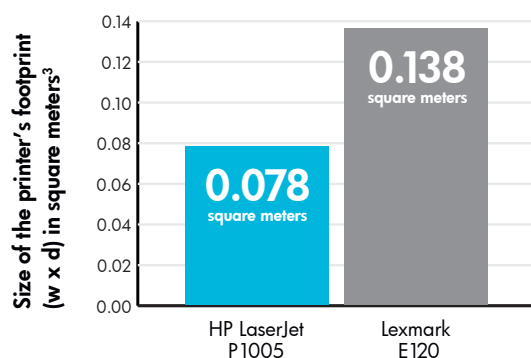
**Energy efficient** — The advanced, fast-heating ceramic element within your HP LaserJet P1005's Instant-on Fuser consumes 69% less energy than the conventional fuser Lexmark builds into the E120 (an estimated 39 kilowatt hours per year vs. 126 kWh, respectively). Your HP LaserJet also meets the new, more strict ENERGY STAR<sup>®</sup> rules that went into effect April 1, 2007.

**Less conspicuous** — Your HP LaserJet P1005 consumes up to 43% less desk space than the Lexmark E120. Plus the HP device is inaudible in Ready mode, whereas the Lexmark unit emits up to 26 decibels.

## Consume 69% less power



## Use 43% less space



1. Based on internal HP testing.
2. Testing was performed on a single unit of each product using the Energy Star<sup>®</sup> program's Typical Electricity Consumption (TEC) method. Test data was extended 1 year. Actual usage may vary. Individual product configurations can affect power usage.
3. Based on the manufacturers' published product specifications.